

# WebDriver Extension API for Generic Sensors

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# Problem

## Testing Sensor APIs...

- Is a sensor being created with the right state?
- Are sensor readings correct?
- Is the sensor measuring things at the right frequency?
- Are the right errors being thrown under the right circumstances?

... Without actual sensors

- No hardware = more predictable, easier to integrate in CI workflows
- Tests must work across browsers

<https://wpt.fyi>

- Runs tests in WPT on Chrome, Edge, Firefox and Safari
- Reports what passes what fails across runs
- Uses WPT's infrastructure to launch **unmodified** browser binaries, controls them via WebDriver (ChromeDriver, Marionette etc)

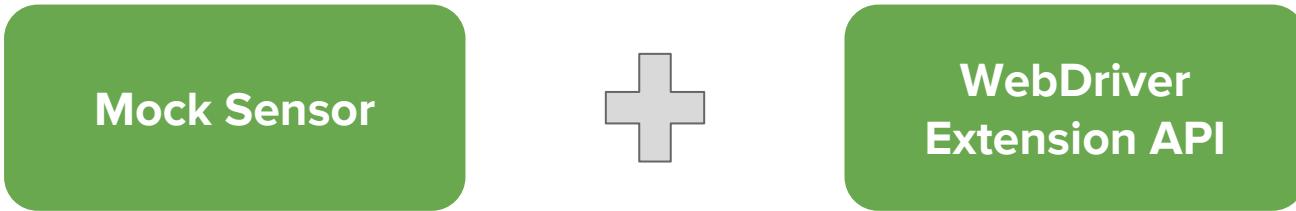
## Browser CI

- Gecko, Blink, WebKit have their own WPT copies, periodically synced with upstream
- Tests from WPT often run as part of their CI
- The binary running the tests is often not the browser binary
- Not launched by WPT, no WebDriver

# Sensors in web-platform-tests

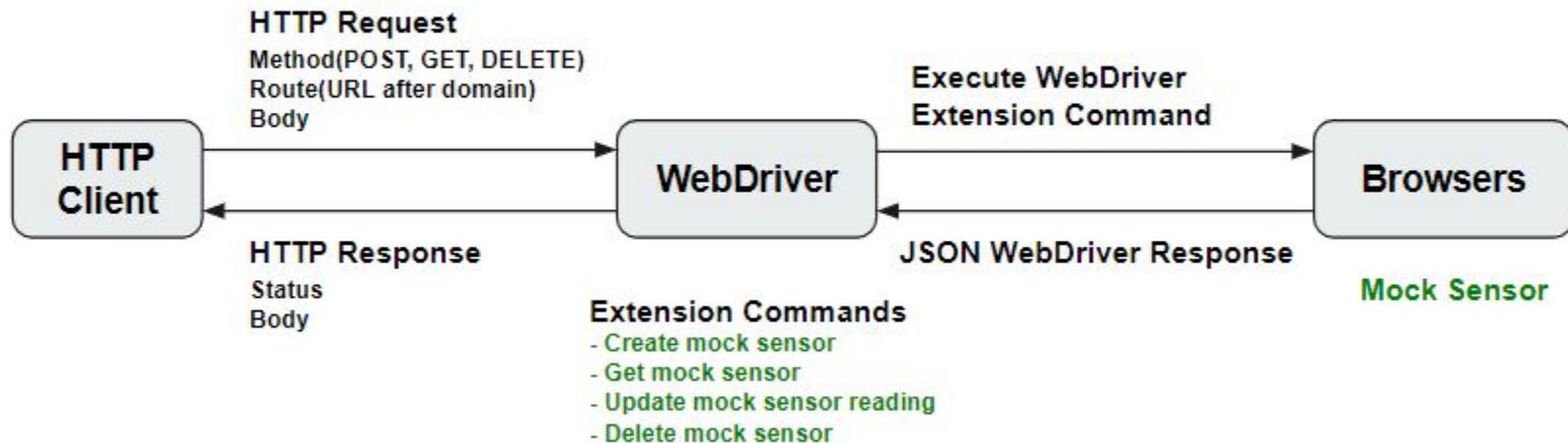
- wpt.fyi 
- Blink CI 
- Chromium-specific build artifacts checked into WPT (not always used these days, see this [Chromium bug](#))
- “Agnostic” API on top that hardcodes a dependency on the files above for Chromium

# Solution



- Specify a WebDriver extension protocol for mocking sensors with specific characteristics and behavior
- Other specs following the same approach: [Permissions API](#), [Reporting API](#)

# Basic Flow



# API Design (Mock Sensor)

A mock sensor simulates the behavior of a platform sensor which should have following capabilities:

- Mock sensor type
- Mock sensor readings (modifiable)
- Sampling frequency (upper and lower bounds)
- Connection flag (can be used to create a failing sensor, for example)

# API Design (Extension Commands)

Extension Commands	HTTP Method	URI Template
<a href="#"><u>Create mock sensor</u></a>	POST	/session/{session id}/sensor
<a href="#"><u>Get mock sensor</u></a>	GET	/session/{session id}/sensor/{type}
<a href="#"><u>Update mock sensor reading</u></a>	POST	/session/{session id}/sensor/{type}
<a href="#"><u>Delete mock sensor</u></a>	DELETE	/session/{session id}/sensor/{type}

# Create mock sensor

To create an "accelerometer" mock sensor with session ID 21, the local end would send a **POST** request to /session/21/sensor with the body:

```
{  
  "mockSensorType": "accelerometer",  
  "maxSamplingFrequency": 60,  
  "minSamplingFrequency": 5,  
  "connected": true  
}
```

```
dictionary MockSensorConfiguration {  
  required MockSensorType mockSensorType;  
  boolean connected = true;  
  double? maxSamplingFrequency;  
  double? minSamplingFrequency;  
};
```

# Get mock sensor

To get an "accelerometer" mock sensor with session ID 22, the local end would send a **GET** request to `/session/22/sensor/accelerometer` without a body. On success, the remote end returns with serialized mock sensor information:

```
{  
  "maxSamplingFrequency": 60,  
  "minSamplingFrequency": 5,  
  "requestedSamplingFrequency": 30  
}
```

```
dictionary MockSensor {  
  double maxSamplingFrequency;  
  double minSamplingFrequency;  
  double requestedSamplingFrequency;  
};
```

# Update mock sensor reading

To update the mock sensor reading of "accelerometer" mock sensor with session ID 23, the local end would send a **POST** request to `/session/23/sensor/accelerometer` with a body like this:

```
{  
  "x": 1.12345,  
  "y": 2.12345,  
  "z": 3.12345  
}
```

```
dictionary AccelerometerReadingValues {  
  required double? x;  
  required double? y;  
  required double? z;  
};
```

# Delete mock sensor

To delete an "accelerometer" mock sensor with session ID 24, the local end would send a **DELETE** request to `/session/24/sensor/accelerometer` without a body.

# Handling Errors

<i>Error Code</i>	<i>HTTP Status</i>	<i>JSON Error Code</i>	<i>Description</i>
<b><i>no such mock sensor</i></b>	404	<i>no such mock sensor</i>	no mock sensor matching the given type was found.
<b><i>mock sensor already created</i></b>	500	<i>mock sensor already created</i>	A <a href="#">command</a> to create a mock sensor could not be satisfied because the given type of mock sensor is already existed.

# WPT's testdriver.js

- JS API to allow tests to perform human-like interaction via WebDriver
- Current commands include `click`, `send_keys` and a few others
- API is separate from implementation, which can be overridden by vendors
- `test_driver.click(element)`
  - When using WPT's test runner, ends up sending a `Find Element` command, then a `Click` command, both via the WebDriver protocol
  - Blink's testdriver-vendor.js (used in CI) implements it via `chrome.gpuBenchmarking.pointerActionSequence()`, not WebDriver

# Obstacles/Gaps

- Long process
  - Spec
  - Browser-specific bits. For Chrome: ChromeDriver changes, Chrome DevTools Protocol changes
  - WPT changes ([testdriver.js](#))
- Does not automatically solve the Browser CI case
  - No WebDriver: same WPT testdriver API needs to be reimplemented
  - Medium/long-term plans ongoing to solve this, at least for Blink
- Security considerations? Web developer use cases? API design?
- WebDriver calls are unidirectional
- The spec introduces [new WebDriver errors](#), but WebDriver support for new error types is [pending](#)

# What's next?

- Call for broader review of this [Extension API](#) (thanks @jugglinmike!)
- Prototyping
- See if our approach can be generalized so other specs can adopt it (e.g. Media Streams, Screen Orientation, Vibration etc.)

**Q&A**  
Merci