

## Enrichment of Schema.org to enable controlled vocabularies web publication with a SKOS description of concepts and schemes.

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We propose to introduce a new sub-class of Intangible : Concept, mapped with skos:Concept.

The class Enumeration is considered as equivalent to skos:ConceptScheme. We propose to add a property to Enumeration : hasTopConcept.

Open questions:

1. Should we keep Concept a subclass of Intangible? There is an implicit disjunction between Intangible and other “tangible” classes (Person, CreativeWork, etc). This could raise issues with the fact that SKOS does not endorse such a disjointness (<http://www.w3.org/TR/skos-primer/#seccombining>). It is not very clean conceptually, sure, but some case may welcome the possibility to have a resource typed both as a Person and a Concept.
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2. Should we keep `ConceptScheme` as equivalent to `Enumeration`, following the practices hinted at <http://blog.schema.org/2012/05/schemaorg-markup-for-external-lists.html> and <http://www.w3.org/wiki/WebSchemas/ExternalEnumerations> , or should we create an new sub-class to put the emphasis on a new type of resources?

**schema.org**

## Thing > Intangible > Concept

A concept can be viewed as an idea or notion; a unit of thought. However, what constitutes a unit of thought is subjective, and this definition is meant to be suggestive, rather than restrictive. The notion of a concept is useful when describing the conceptual or intellectual structure of a knowledge organization system, and when referring to specific ideas or meanings established within a KOS (such as thesauri and classification schemes) (from <http://www.w3.org/TR/2009/REC-skos-reference-20090818/#concepts>, as for the description of the attributes below)

Property	Expected Type	Description
<b>Properties from <code>Thing</code></b>		
<code>additionalType</code>	URL	An additional type for the item, typically used for adding more specific types from external vocabularies in microdata syntax. This is a relationship between something and a class that the thing is in. In RDFa syntax, it is better to use the native RDFa syntax – the 'typeof' attribute – for multiple types. Schema.org tools may have only weaker understanding of extra types, in particular those defined externally.
<code>description</code>	Text	A short description of the item.

Property	Expected Type	Description
<b>Properties from Thing</b>		
<b>image</b>	URL	URL of an image of the item.
<b>name</b>	Text	The name of the item.
<b>url</b>	URL	URL of the item.
<b>Properties from Intangible – NONE</b>		
<b>Properties from Concept</b>		
<b>altLabel</b>	Text	An alternative lexical label for a resource.
<b>hiddenLabel</b>	Text	A lexical label for a resource that should be hidden when generating visual displays of the resource, but should still be accessible to free text search operations.
<b>inEnumeration</b>	Enumeration	A concept may be a member of more than one Enumeration.
<b>topConceptOf</b>	Enumeration	Relates a concept to the Enumeration that it is a top level concept of.
<b>broader</b>	Concept	Relates a concept to a concept that is more general in meaning. Broader concepts are typically rendered as parents in a concept hierarchy (tree).
<b>broadMatch</b>	Concept	broadMatch is used to state a hierarchical mapping link between two conceptual resources in different Enumerations.
<b>closeMatch</b>	Concept	closeMatch is used to link two concepts that are sufficiently similar that they can be used interchangeably in some information retrieval applications.
<b>narrowMatch</b>	Concept	narrowMatch is used to state a hierarchical mapping link between two conceptual resources in different Enumerations.
<b>relatedMatch</b>	Concept	relatedMatch is used to state an associative mapping link between two conceptual resources in different concept schemes.
<b>notation</b>	Text	A notation, also known as classification code, is a string of

Property	Expected Type	Description
<b>Properties from Thing</b>		
		characters such as "T58.5" or "303.4833" used to uniquely identify a concept within the scope of a given concept scheme.
changeNote	Text	A note about a modification to a concept.
definition	Text	A statement or formal explanation of the meaning of a concept.
editorialNote	Text	A note for an editor, translator or maintainer of the vocabulary.
example	Text	An example of the use of a concept.
historyNote	Text	A note about the past state/use/meaning of a concept.
scopeNote	Text	A note that helps to clarify the meaning and/or the use of a concept.

## Thing > Intangible > Enumeration

Lists or enumerations—for example, a list of cuisines or music genres, etc.

Property	Expected Type	Description
<b>Properties from Thing</b>		
additionalType	URL	An additional type for the item, typically used for adding more specific types from external vocabularies in microdata syntax. This is a relationship between something and a class that the thing is in. In RDFa syntax, it is better to use the native RDFa syntax – the 'typeof' attribute – for multiple types. Schema.org tools may have only weaker understanding of extra types, in particular those defined externally.
description	Text	A short description of the item.
image	URL	URL of an image of the item.
name	Text	The name of the item.
url	URL	URL of the item.
<b>hasTopConcept</b>	<b>Concept</b>	<b>Relates, by convention, a Enumeration to a concept which is</b>

Property	Expected Type	Description
<b>Properties from <b>Thing</b></b>		
		<b>topmost in the broader/narrower concept hierarchies for that Enumeration, providing an entry point to these hierarchies.</b>

**More specific types**

- BookFormatType
- ItemAvailability
- OfferItemCondition
- Specialty

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**Mapping table**

Schema.org	Skos	Skos label	Skos definition
name	prefLabel	preferred label	The preferred lexical label for a resource, in a given language
inEnumeration	inScheme	is in scheme	A concept may be a member of more than one concept scheme
Enumeration	ConceptScheme		