XHTML Role Attribute Module

A module to support role classification of elements

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Abstract

The XHTML Role Attribute defined in this specification allows the author to annotate XML Languages with machine-extractable semantic information about the purpose of an element. Use cases include accessibility, device adaptation, server-side processing, and complex data description. This attribute can be integrated into any markup language based upon XHTML Modularization [XHTMLMOD [p.19]].

Status of This Document

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This document is a second Last Call Working Draft. It is based upon comments received against the previous draft, and also upon work done in the definition of [XHTML2 [p.19]]. A record of how the comments from the previous last call period were addressed is available at http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/2008/xhtml-role-lc-doc-20080216.html . This second Last Call period extends through 30 April 2008.

This document has been produced by the W3C XHTML 2 Working Group as part of the HTML Activity. The goals of the XHTML 2 Working Group are discussed in the XHTML 2 Working Group charter.

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1. Introduction

This section is informative.

This document is a module designed to be used to help extend the scope of XHTML-family markup languages into new environments. It has been developed in conjunction with the accessibility community and other groups to make it easier to describe the semantic meaning of XHTML-family document content.

2. Conformance Requirements

This section is *normative*.

The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119 [p.19]].

Note that all examples in this document are informative, and are not meant to be interpreted as normative requirements.

2.1. Document Conformance

XHTML Role Attribute Module is not a stand-alone document type. It is intended to be integrated into other host languages such as XHTML. A conforming XHTML Role Attribute Module document is a document that requires only the facilities described as mandatory in this specification and the facilities described as mandatory in its host language. Such a document must meet all the following criteria:

1. The document MUST conform to the constraints expressed in its host language implementation.

2. If the host language is not in the XHTML namespace, and the host language does not incorporate this module into its own namespace, then the document MUST contain an XML namespace declaration for the XHTML Role Attribute Module namespace [XMLNAMES [p.19]]. The namespace for XHTML Role Attribute Module is defined to be `http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml`. An example start tag of a root element might look like:

   This example is informative

   ```
   <mylang xmlns="http://www.example.com/dtd/mylang"
           xmlns:xh="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang="en" >
   ```

2.2. Host Language Conformance

When the XHTML Role Attribute Module is included in a host language, all of the facilities required in this specification MUST be included in the host language. In addition, the attribute defined in this specification MUST be included in the content model of the host language.

3. The XHTML Role Attribute

This section is normative.

The Role Attribute Module defines the `role` attribute and some values for that attribute in the default vocabulary space. The `role` attribute takes as its value one or more whitespace separated `CURIE`s [CURIE [p.19]]. Any non-qualified value MUST be interpreted as being from the XHTML vocabulary at `http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/vocab#`, and MUST be taken from the list defined in this section.

The attribute describes the role(s) the current element plays in the context of the document. This can be used, for example, by applications and assistive technologies to determine the purpose of an element. This could allow a user to make informed decisions on which actions may be taken on an element and activate the selected action in a device independent way. It could also be used as a mechanism for annotating portions of a document in a domain specific way (e.g., a legal term taxonomy).

This example is informative

```
<ul role="navigation wai:sitemap">
    <li href="downloads">Downloads</li>
    <li href="docs">Documentation</li>
    <li href="news">News</li>
</ul>
```

Authors may use the following standard roles, listed here with their conventional interpretations. They are intended to define regions of the document to help orient the user.

banner
: A region that contains the prime heading or internal title of a page.

  Most of the content of a banner is site-oriented, rather than being page-specific. Site-oriented content typically includes things such as the logo of the site sponsor, the main heading for the page, and site-specific search tool. Typically this appears at the top of the page spanning the full width.

complementary
: Any section of the document that supports but is separable from the main content, but is semantically meaningful on its own even when separated from it.

  There are various types of content that would appropriately have this role. For example, in the case of a portal, this may include but not be limited to show times, current weather, related articles, or stocks to watch. The content should be relevant to the main content; if it is completely separable, a more general role should be used instead.

contentinfo
: Meta information about the content on the page or the page as a whole.

For example, footnotes, copyrights, links to privacy statements, etc. would belong here.

definition
: A definition of a term or concept.

  A role is not provided to specify the term being defined, although host languages may provide such an element; in XHTML this is the dfn element. The defined term should be included in such an element even when occurring within an element having the definition role.

main
: Main content in a document.

  This marks the content that is directly related to or expands upon the central topic of the page.

navigation
: A collection of links suitable for use when navigating the document or related documents.

note
: The content is parenthetic or ancillary to the main content of the resource.

search
: The search tool of a web document.

  This is typically a form used to submit search requests about the site or to a more general Internet search service.

3.1. Extending the collection of roles

It is possible to define additional role values. Such values MUST be defined in their own vocabulary. Note that current best practice is that the URI associated with that vocabulary resolve to a resource that allows for the discovery of the definition of the roles in the vocabulary. Example definitions include the RDF/OWL Taxonomy for the XHTML role attribute values in Appendix C [p.17] , and the Web Accessibility Initiative's work on an RDF Taxonomy [ARIA-ROLE [p.19]].

A. DTD Implementation

This appendix is *informative*.

The DTD implementation of XHTML Role Attribute Module conforms to the requirements defined in [XHTMLMOD [p.19]]. Consequently, it provides a Qualified Names declaration module.

A.1. Qualified Names Module

Note that this module defines the parameter entity `%xhtml-role-attrs.qname;`. This entity is intended to be used in the attribute lists of elements in any host language that permits the use of the role attribute on elements in its own namespace. If a host language does permit role in its namespace, then the host language driver should set a parameter entity `%XHTML-ROLE.prefixed;` to `INCLUDE` and a parameter entity `%XHTML-ROLE.prefix;` to a value that is the prefix for the XHTML Role Attribute Module attribute.

```
<!-- ..................................................................... -->
<!-- XHTML Role Qname Module  ..................................... -->
<!-- file: xhtml-role-qname-1.mod

     This is XHTML Role - the Role Attribute Module for XHTML.

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     This DTD module is identified by the PUBLIC and SYSTEM identifiers:

       PUBLIC "-//W3C//ENTITIES XHTML Role Attribute Qnames 1.0//EN"
       SYSTEM "http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/DTD/xhtml-role-qname-1.mod"

     Revisions:
     (none)
     ..................................................................... -->

<!-- XHTML Role Attribute Qname (Qualified Name) Module

     This module is contained in two parts, labeled Section 'A' and 'B':

       Section A declares parameter entities to support namespace-
       qualified names, namespace declarations, and name prefixing
       for XHTML Role and extensions.

       Section B declares parameter entities used to provide
       namespace-qualified names for the XHTML role attribute:

         %role.qname;   the xmlns-qualified name for @role
         ...

     XHTML Role extensions would create a module similar to this one.
-->

<!-- Section A: XHTML Role Attribute XML Namespace Framework :::::::::::::: -->

<!-- 1. Declare a %XHTML-ROLE.prefixed; conditional section keyword, used
```

```
        to activate namespace prefixing. The default value should
        inherit '%NS.prefixed;' from the DTD driver, so that unless
        overridden, the default behavior follows the overall DTD
        prefixing scheme.
-->
<!ENTITY % NS.prefixed "IGNORE" >
<!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.prefixed "%NS.prefixed;" >

<!-- 2. Declare a parameter entity (eg., %XHTML-ROLE.xmlns;) containing
        the URI reference used to identify the XHTML Role Attribute namespace
-->
<!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.xmlns  "http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" >

<!-- 3. Declare parameter entities (eg., %XML.prefix;) containing
        the default namespace prefix string(s) to use when prefixing
        is enabled. This may be overridden in the DTD driver or the
        internal subset of an document instance. If no default prefix
        is desired, this may be declared as an empty string.

     NOTE: As specified in [XMLNAMES], the namespace prefix serves
     as a proxy for the URI reference, and is not in itself significant.
-->
<!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.prefix  "" >

<!-- 4. Declare parameter entities (eg., %XHTML-ROLE.pfx;) containing the
        colonized prefix(es) (eg., '%XHTML-ROLE.prefix;:') used when
        prefixing is active, an empty string when it is not.
-->
<![%XHTML-ROLE.prefixed;[
<!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.pfx  "%XHTML-ROLE.prefix;:" >
]]>
<!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.pfx  "" >

<!-- declare qualified name extensions here ............ -->
<!ENTITY % xhtml-role-qname-extra.mod "" >
%xhtml-role-qname-extra.mod;

<!-- 5. The parameter entity %XHTML-ROLE.xmlns.extra.attrib; may be
        redeclared to contain any non-XHTML Role Attribute namespace
        declaration attributes for namespaces embedded in XML. The default
        is an empty string.  XLink should be included here if used
        in the DTD.
-->
<!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.xmlns.extra.attrib "" >


<!-- Section B: XML Qualified Names ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::: -->

<!-- 6. This section declares parameter entities used to provide
        namespace-qualified names for the XHTML role attribute.
-->

<!ENTITY % xhtml-role.role.qname  "%XHTML-ROLE.pfx;role" >


<!-- The following defines a PE for use in the attribute sets of elements in
     other namespaces that want to incorporate the XHTML role attribute. Note
```

```
     that in this case the XHTML-ROLE.pfx should be defined. -->

<!ENTITY % xhtml-role.attrs.qname
   "%XHTML-ROLE.pfx;role             CDATA        #IMPLIED"
    >

<!-- end of xhtml-role-qname-1.mod -->
```

B. Schema Implementation

This appendix is *informative*.

The schema implementation of XHTML Role Attribute Module conforms to the requirements defined in [XHTMLMOD [p.19]]. It is included here as an example implementation.

B.1. Attributes Module

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema
 xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
 elementFormDefault="qualified"
 xmlns:xh11d="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/datatypes/"
>
    <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/datatypes/"
               schemaLocation="xhtml-datatypes-1.xsd" />

    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
      This is the XML Schema attribute module for XHTML Role
      $Id: xhtml-role.ps,v 1.1 2008/03/18 18:08:51 smccarro Exp $
    </xs:documentation>
        <xs:documentation source="xhtml-copyright-1.xsd"/>
        <xs:documentation source="http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml-role#A_role"/>
    </xs:annotation>
    <xs:attribute name="role" type="xh11d:CURIEs"/>
</xs:schema>
```

C. RDF/OWL Taxonomy

This section is informative

The following example shows a way to define the collection of role attributes in the XHTML vocabulary space using RDF/OWL.

This example is informative

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE rdf:RDF [
    <!ENTITY xsd "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">
    <!ENTITY dc "http://dublincore.org/2003/03/24/dces#">
    <!ENTITY owl "http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#">
    <!ENTITY rdfs "http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#">
    <!ENTITY rdf "http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#">
    <!ENTITY states "http://www.w3.org/2005/07/aaa#">
    <!ENTITY wairole "http://www.w3.org/2005/01/wai-rdf/GUIRoleTaxonomy#">
]>
<rdf:RDF xml:base="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
    xmlns:dc="http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/#"
    xmlns:owl="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#"
    xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#"
    xmlns:rdfs="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#"
    xmlns:states="http://www.w3.org/2005/07/aaa#"
    xmlns:wairole="http://www.w3.org/2005/01/wai-rdf/GUIRoleTaxonomy#" >
    <owl:Class rdf:ID="banner">
        <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:region"/>
        <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>
        <dc:description xml:lang="en">
        A region that contains the prime heading or internal title of a
        page.
        </dc:description>
    </owl:Class>
    <owl:Class rdf:ID="complementary">
        <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:region"/>
        <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>
        <dc:description xml:lang="en">
        Any section of the document that supports but is separable
        from the main content, but is semantically meaningful on its
        own even when separated from it.
        </dc:description>
    </owl:Class>
    <owl:Class rdf:ID="contentinfo">
        <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:region"/>
        <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>
        <dc:description xml:lang="en">
        Meta information about the content on the page or the page as
        a whole.
        </dc:description>
    </owl:Class>
    <owl:Class rdf:ID="definition">
        <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:section"/>
        <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>
        <dc:description xml:lang="en">
```

```
        A definition of a term or concept.
        </dc:description>
    </owl:Class>
    <owl:Class rdf:ID="main">
        <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:region"/>
        <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>
        <dc:description xml:lang="en">
        This defines the main content of a document.
        </dc:description>
    </owl:Class>
    <owl:Class rdf:ID="navigation">
        <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:region"/>
        <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>
        <wairole:relatedConcept rdf:resource="wairole:menu"/>
        <dc:description xml:lang="en">
        A colleciton of links suitable for use when navigating the
        document or related documents.
        </dc:description>
    </owl:Class>
    <owl:Class rdf:ID="note">
        <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:section"/>
        <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>
        <dc:description xml:lang="en">
        The content is parenthetic or ancillary to the main content
        of the resource.
        </dc:description>
    </owl:Class>
    <owl:Class rdf:ID="search">
        <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:region"/>
        <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>
        <dc:description xml:lang="en">
        The search tool of a web document.
        </dc:description>
    </owl:Class>
</rdf:RDF>
```

D. References

This appendix is *normative*.

D.1. Normative References

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D.2. Other References

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The latest version is available at: http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml2

E. Acknowledgments

This section is informative.

At the time of publication, the participants in the W3C XHTML 2 Working Group were: