



web
neural network

WEBNN 技术进展

胡宁馨 ningxin.hu@intel.com
张敏 belem.zhang@intel.com

英特尔 SATG Web 平台工程
2023 年 6 月



WebML 客户端推理的优势



隐私

摄像头、麦克风等传感器数据保留在设备中



离线

初始资源缓存并离线后，不再依赖网络



延迟

无云端网络问题，浏览器实时推理



成本

无需云端算力支持



0 安装

浏览器中运行，无需额外安装，并易于共享



跨平台

在几乎所有平台上运行 AI 应用

WebML 客户端推理



突发的
延迟敏感

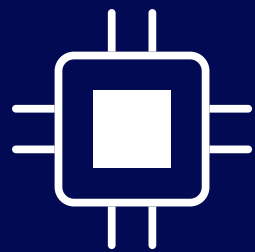


持续的
电量敏感



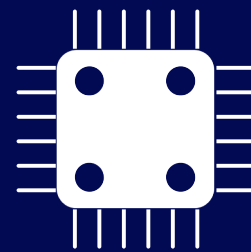
周期的
吞吐量敏感

多样的客户端 AI 场景, 多种满足需求的计算单元



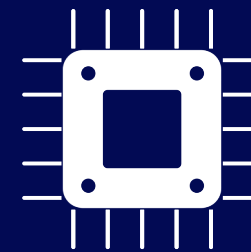
CPU

无处不在
低延迟, 单一推理任务



GPU

高并行性, 高 batch size
与 3D/渲染/媒体管道集成



NPU

专用低功耗AI加速器
高能耗比, 提升电源效率

Web 开发者的需求

“ The web needs its own neural networks specification to leverage Apple Silicon, Tensor Cores, and others.

“ Although some scientific computing libraries exist for JS/TS, having built-in support would be far more desirable!

“ Incredible new power unlocked for the free, open and competitive Web!

“ If go through the code of utils, maths, audio, tensor in JS, it is annoying that I had to implement these ops myself in JS.

“ Native Tensor support! It would be amazing to have Tensor objects and operations built into Chrome, and available as an “ML API” similar to the other Chrome APIs.

“ Delighted to find the working drafts of WebNN.

WebNN 简介

新兴的 W3C Web 标准 API

神经网络的统一抽象

通过原生 ML API 访问 AI 硬件加速器

接近原生的 AI 推理性能和结果的可靠性

目前在 Chrome 和 Edge Canary 中可用 (runtime flag)

WebNN 标准规范

Web Neural Network API

[W3C Candidate Recommendation Draft](#), 6 June 2023



W3C Candidate Recommendation Draft

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Introduction
2	Use cases
2.1	Application Use Cases
2.1.1	Person Detection
2.1.2	Semantic Segmentation
2.1.3	Skeleton Detection
2.1.4	Face Recognition
2.1.5	Facial Landmark Detection
2.1.6	Style Transfer
2.1.7	Super Resolution
2.1.8	Image Captioning
2.1.9	Machine Translation
2.1.10	Emotion Analysis
2.1.11	Video Summarization
2.1.12	Noise Suppression
2.1.13	Detecting fake video
2.2	Framework Use Cases
2.2.1	Custom Layer
2.2.2	Network Concatenation
2.2.3	Performance Adaptation
2.2.4	Operation Level Execution
2.2.5	Integration with real-time video processing
3	Security Considerations
3.1	Guidelines for new operations
4	Privacy Considerations
5	Ethical Considerations
6	Programming Model
6.1	Overview
6.2	Device Selection
7	API
7.1	The navigator.ml interface

▼ More details about this document

This version:

<https://www.w3.org/TR/2023/CRD-webnn-20230606/>

Latest published version:

<https://www.w3.org/TR/webnn/>

Editor's Draft:

<https://webmachinelearning.github.io/webnn/>

Previous Versions:

<https://www.w3.org/TR/2023/CRD-webnn-20230519/>

History:

<https://www.w3.org/standards/history/webnn>

Implementation Report:

<https://wpt.fyi/results/webnn?label=master&label=experimental&aligned&q=webnn>

Test Suite:

<https://github.com/web-platform-tests/wpt/tree/master/webnn>

Feedback:

[GitHub](#)

[Inline In Spec](#)

Editors:

Ningxin Hu ([Intel Corporation](#))

Chai Chaoweerasit ([Microsoft Corporation](#))

Explainer:

[explainer.md](#)

Polyfill:

[webnn-polyfill](#) / [webnn-samples](#)

Copyright © 2023 World Wide Web Consortium. W3C® [liability](#), [trademark](#) and [permissive document license](#) rules apply.

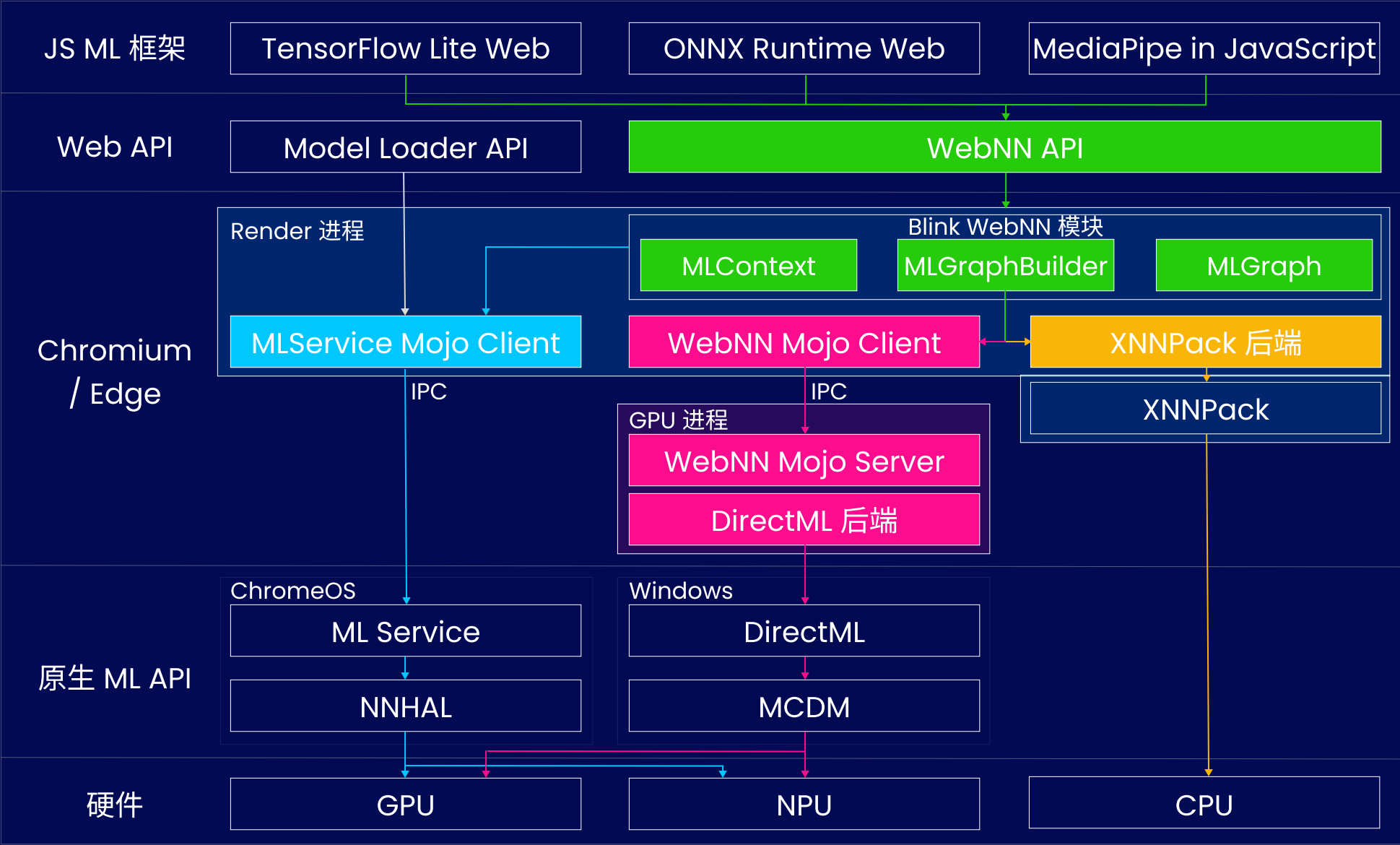
Abstract

This document describes a dedicated low-level API for neural network inference hardware acceleration.

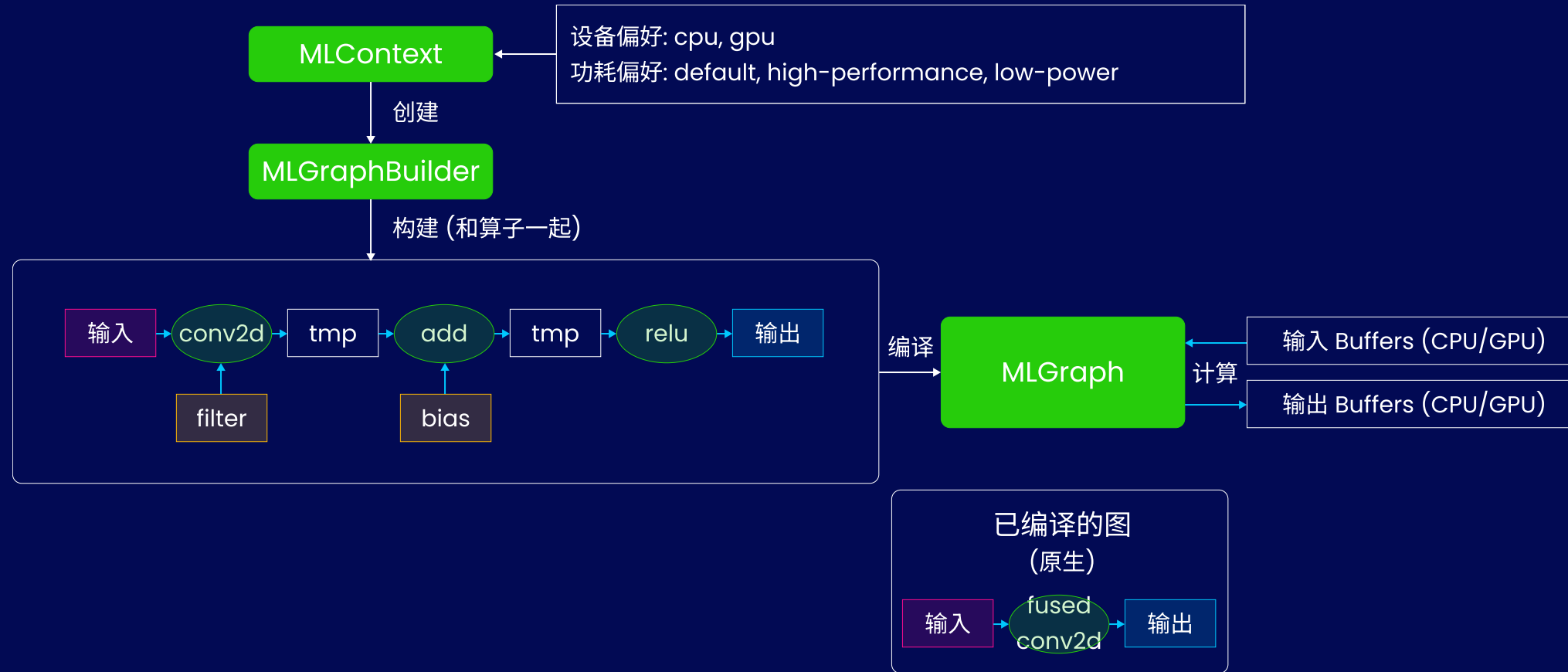
WebNN 架构



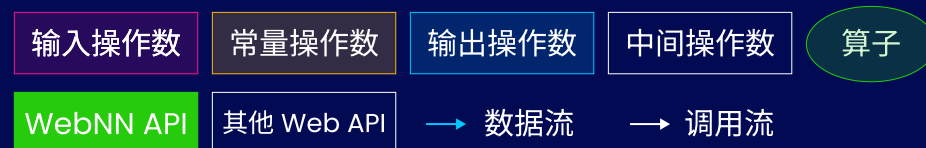
WebNN 在 Chromium 中的实现


























WebNN 编程模型




计算图图例



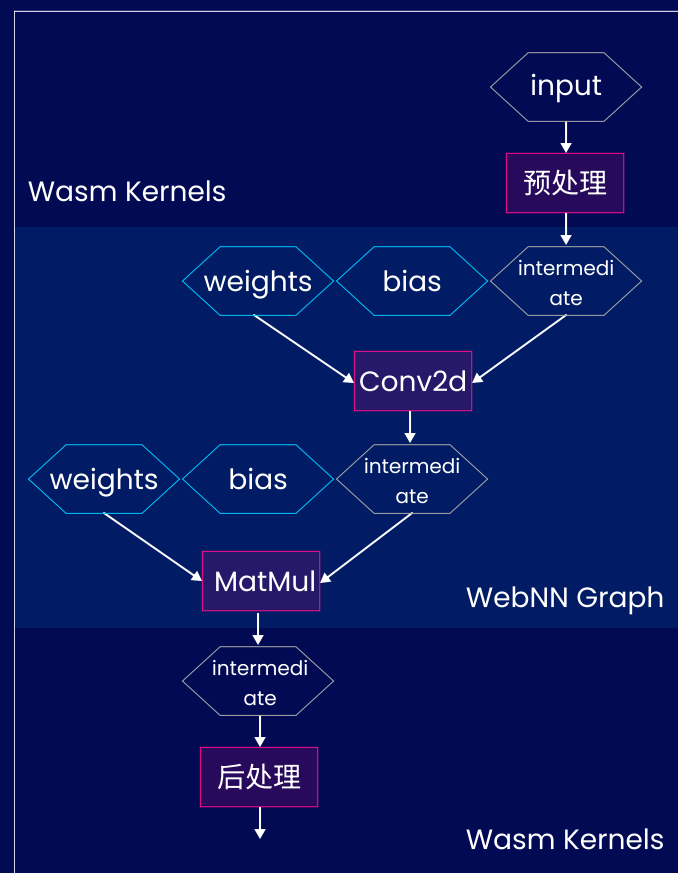
WebNN 操作符的实现状态

 WebNN Spec	Web Platform Tests	XNNPack/CPU backend	External Delegate	Execution Provider
			TensorFlow Lite for TensorFlow.js	
clamp		✓ clamp ✓ Relu6	✓ ReluNITo1	✓ Clip
concat		✓ concatenate2 ✓ concatenate3 ✓ concatenate4	✓ Concatenation	✓ Concat
conv2d		✓ convolution_2d	✓ Conv2d ✓ DepthwiseConv2d	✓ Conv
convTranspose2d		✓ deconvolution_2d	✓ TransposeConv ✓ Convolution2DTransposeBias	✓ ConvTranspose
add <small>element-wise binary</small>		✓ add2	✓ Add	✓ Add
sub <small>element-wise binary</small>		✓ subtract	✓ Sub	✓ Sub
mul <small>element-wise binary</small>		✓ multiply2	✓ Mul	✓ Mul
div <small>element-wise binary</small>		✓ divide	✓ Div	✓ Div
max <small>element-wise binary</small>		✓ maximum2	✓ Maximum	 Max
min <small>element-wise binary</small>		✓ minimum2	✓ Minimum	 Min
abs <small>element-wise unary</small>		✓ abs	✓ Abs	 Abs
ceil <small>element-wise unary</small>		✓ ceiling	✓ Ceil	✓ Ceil
floor <small>element-wise unary</small>		✓ floor	✓ Floor	✓ Floor
neg <small>element-wise unary</small>		✓ negate	✓ Neg	 Neg
elu		✓ elu	✓ Elu	 Elu

WebNN 操作符的实现状态

W3C WebNN Spec	Web Platform Tests	XNNPack/CPU backend	External Delegate	Execution Provider
			 TensorFlow Lite for TensorFlow.js	
hardSwish		✓ hardswish	✓ HardSwish	HardSwish
leakyRelu		✓ leaky_relu	✓ LeakyRelu	✓ LeakyRelu
pad		✓ static_constant_pad	✓ Pad	Pad
averagePool2d <small>pooling</small>		✓ average_pooling_2d	✓ AveragePool2d	✓ GlobalAveragePool
			✓ Mean	✓ AveragePool
maxPool2d <small>pooling</small>		✓ max_pooling_2d	✓ MaxPool2d	✓ GlobalMaxPool
				✓ MaxPool
prelu		✓ prelu	✓ Prelu	Prelu
relu		✓ clamp	✓ Relu	✓ Relu
resample2d		✓ static_resize_bilinear_2d	✓ ResizeBilinear	✓ Resize
reshape		✓ static_reshape	✓ Reshape	✓ Reshape
sigmoid		✓ sigmoid	✓ Logistic	✓ Sigmoid
split		✓ even_split2	✓ Split	✓ Split
		✓ even_split3		
		✓ even_split4		
		✓ static_slice (uneven split)		
slice		✓ static_slice	✓ Slice	✓ Slice
			✓ StridedSlice	
softmax		✓ softmax	✓ Softmax	✓ Softmax
transpose		✓ static_transpose	✓ Transpose	✓ Transpose
30	29	35	34	32

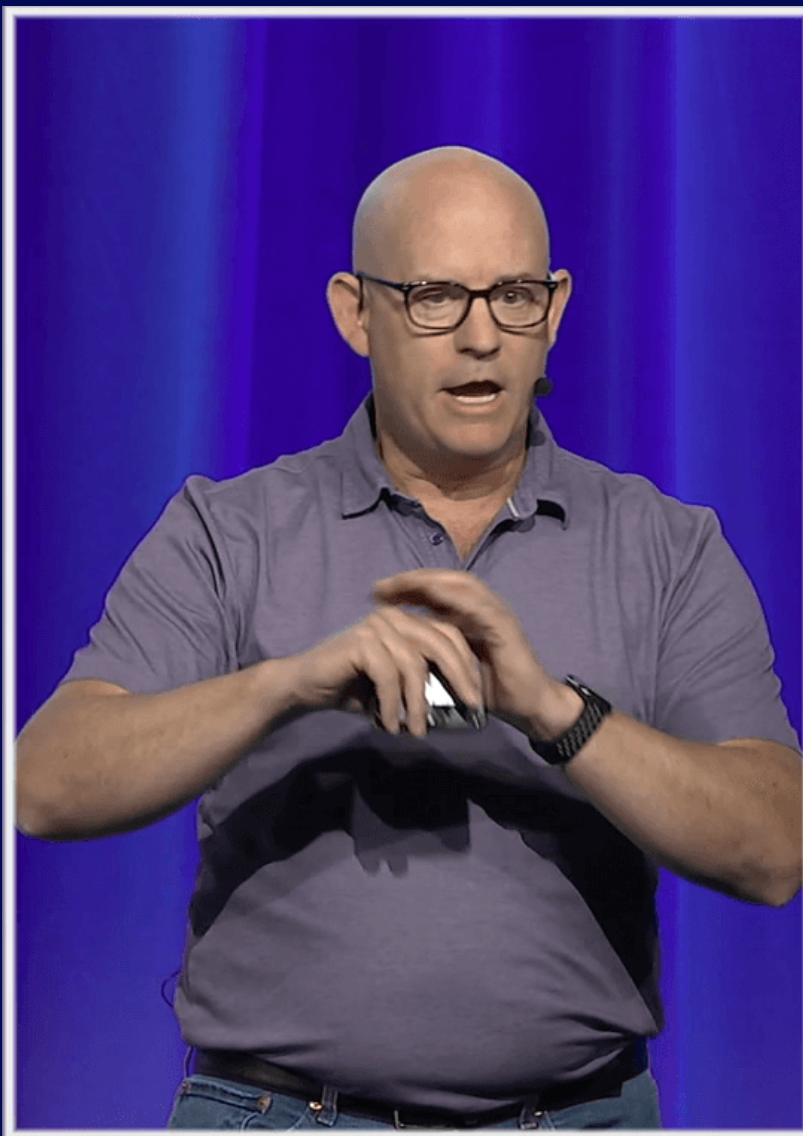
WebNN 和主流 JavaScript ML 框架的集成



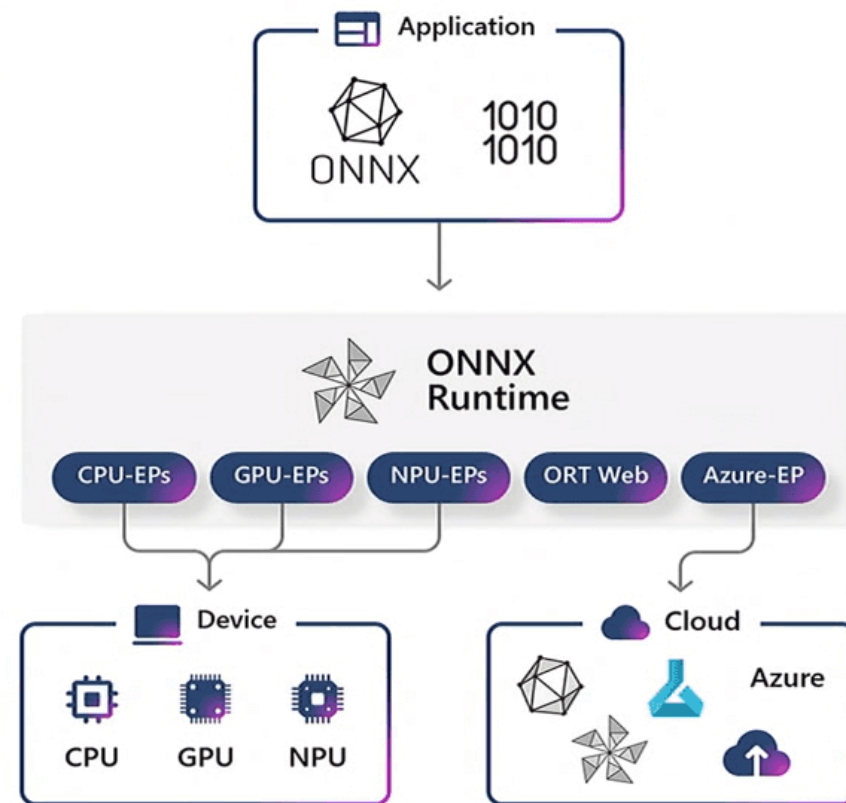
解释器核心 Interpreter Core



WebNN 和 ONNX Runtime Web 的集成



ONNX Runtime



Execution Provider	Status	Company
Azure	Public Preview	Microsoft
QNN	Public Preview	Qualcomm
OpenVino	Public preview	Intel
Vitis AI	Public preview	AMD
DirectML	GPU support across IHVs	Microsoft
WebNN	Working with partners to deliver	Microsoft, Intel

Microsoft Build 2023 Deliver AI-powered experiences across cloud and edge, with Windows

WebNN 代码示例

```
const context = await navigator.ml.createContext({powerPreference: 'low-power'})

// The following code builds a graph as:
// constant1 ---+
//           +--- Add ---> intermediateOutput1 ---+
// input1     ---+                               |
//           +--- Mul---> output                  |
// constant2  ---+                               |
//           +--- Add ---> intermediateOutput2 ---+
// input2     ---+

// Use tensors in 4 dimensions.
const TENSOR_DIMS = [1, 2, 2, 2];
const TENSOR_SIZE = 8;

const builder = new MLGraphBuilder(context);

// Create MLOperandDescriptor object.
const desc = {type: 'float32', dimensions: TENSOR_DIMS};

// constant1 is a constant MLOperand with the value 0.5.
const constantBuffer1 = new Float32Array(TENSOR_SIZE).fill(0.5);
const constant1 = builder.constant(desc, constantBuffer1);

// input1 is one of the input MLOperands. Its value will be set before execution.
const input1 = builder.input('input1', desc);

// constant2 is another constant MLOperand with the value 0.5.
const constantBuffer2 = new Float32Array(TENSOR_SIZE).fill(0.5);
const constant2 = builder.constant(desc, constantBuffer2);
```

```
// input2 is another input MLOperand. Its value will be set before execution.
const input2 = builder.input('input2', desc);

// intermediateOutput1 is the output of the first Add operation.
const intermediateOutput1 = builder.add(constant1, input1);

// intermediateOutput2 is the output of the second Add operation.
const intermediateOutput2 = builder.add(constant2, input2);

// output is the output MLOperand of the Mul operation.
const output = builder.mul(intermediateOutput1, intermediateOutput2);

// Compile the constructed graph.
const graph = await builder.build({'output': output});

// Setup the input buffers with value 1.
const inputBuffer1 = new Float32Array(TENSOR_SIZE).fill(1);
const inputBuffer2 = new Float32Array(TENSOR_SIZE).fill(1);
const outputBuffer = new Float32Array(TENSOR_SIZE);

// Execute the compiled graph with the specified inputs.
const inputs = {
  'input1': inputBuffer1,
  'input2': inputBuffer2,
};
const outputs = {'output': outputBuffer};
const results = await context.compute(graph, inputs, outputs);

console.log('Output value: ' + results.outputs.output);
// Output value: 2.25,2.25,2.25,2.25,2.25,2.25,2.25,2.25
```

WebNN 与 ONNXRuntime Web 集成的代码示例

```
import { InferenceSession } from "onnxruntime-web";

// ...

// Initialize the ONNX model
const initModel = async () => {
  ort.env.wasm.numThreads = 1; // 4
  ort.env.wasm.simd = true;
  ort.env.wasm.proxy = true;

  const options: InferenceSession.SessionOptions = {
    // provider name: wasm, webnn
    // deviceType: cpu, gpu
    // powerPreference: default, high-performance
    executionProviders:
      [{ name: "wasm"}], // WebAssembly CPU
  };

  // ...
};

const results = await model.run(feeds);
const output = results[model.outputNames[0]];
```

WebAssembly 后端

```
import { InferenceSession } from "onnxruntime-web";

// ...

// Initialize the ONNX model
const initModel = async () => {
  env.wasm.numThreads = 1; // 4
  env.wasm.simd = true;
  env.wasm.proxy = true;

  const options: InferenceSession.SessionOptions = {
    // provider name: wasm, webnn
    // deviceType: cpu, gpu
    // powerPreference: default, high-performance
    executionProviders:
      [{ name: "webnn", deviceType: "gpu", powerPreference: 'default' }],
  };

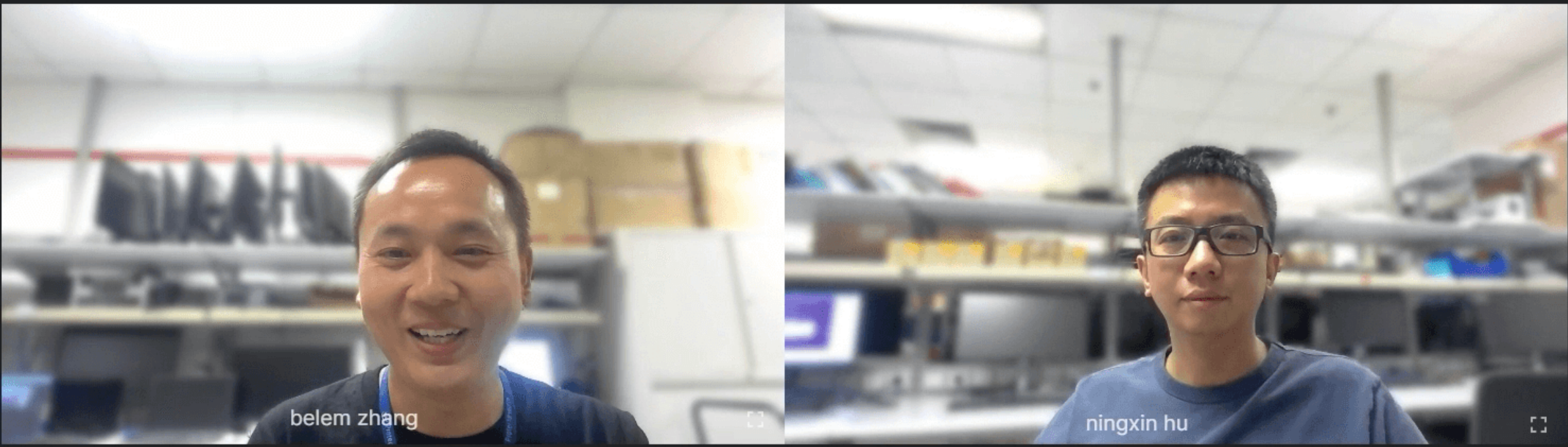
  // ...
};

const results = await model.run(feeds);
const output = results[model.outputNames[0]];
```

WebNN 后端

WebNN XNNPack/CPU 性能数据 (标准化)

MediaPipe 模型, 越高越好



belem zhang

ningxin hu

- Participants (2)
- (BZ) Belem Zhang
 - (NH) Ningxin Hu

Selfie Segmentation

Wasm SIMD		WebNN	
Inference (ms)	FPS	Inference (ms)	FPS
9.70	103	4.70	213
10.10	99	4.90	204
9.20	109	5.10	196
9.80	102	5.10	196
10.90	92	5.60	179
9.80	102	8.50	118
10.20	98	4.70	213
8.70	115	5.00	200
10.20	98	5.30	189
10.50	95	5.80	172
13.20	76	6.00	167
		Median	
10.10	99	5.10	196

2.0X

WebNN vs Wasm SIMD

NOMINAL NOMINAL 1280X720^{HD} WXGA 4.80_{MS} 208_{FPS}
COMPUTE PRESSURE · CPU GEOMEAN OF CP IN 1 MIN VIDEO RESOLUTION INFERENCE TIME INFERENCE FPS

- Auto CP Off | Loaded 1x256x256x3 | Selfie Segmentation | Selfie Segmentation Landscape | DeepLab | WebNN





Participants (2)

- NH Ningxin Hu
- BZ Belem Zhang

DeepLab v3

Wasm SIMD		WebNN	
Inference (ms)	FPS	Inference (ms)	FPS
73.30	14	26.20	38
68.80	15	26.60	38
73.00	14	34.40	29
72.20	14	25.20	40
77.00	13	27.50	36
76.60	13	27.80	36
76.70	13	24.50	41
84.90	12	25.20	40
92.80	11	27.50	36
72.30	14	23.20	43
81.50	12	26.20	38
	Median		
76.60	13	26.20	38

2.9X

WebNN vs Wasm SIMD

 NOMINAL	 NOMINAL	1280X720 HD WXGA	23.80 MS	42 FPS
COMPUTE PRESSURE - CPU	GEOMEAN OF CP IN 1 MIN	VIDEO RESOLUTION	INFERENCE TIME	INFERENCE FPS

12:32:26:83 Auto CP Off Loaded 1x257x257x3 Selfie Segmentation Selfie Segmentation Landscape DeepLab WebNN



belem zhang

W3C Machine Learning for the Web

社区组

讨论和探索新想法，孵化机器学习推理的新提案

39 个组织代表, 126 名参与者



工作组

基于社区组孵化的提案，标准化机器学习推理的 Web API

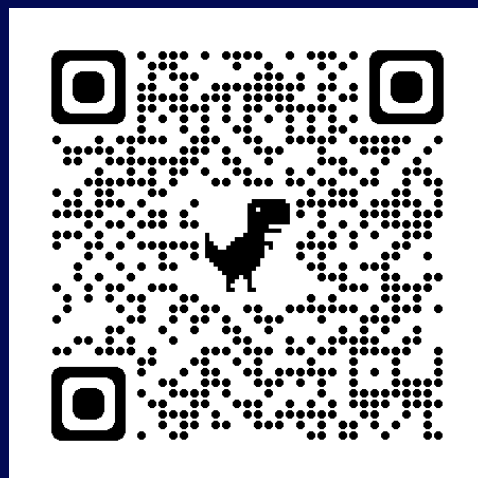
17 个组织代表, 43 名参与者 (3 名特邀专家)



谢谢!



web
neural network



<https://webnn.dev>



WebNN 交流群



联系张敏

