



millicast



It's time to WHIP WebRTC into shape

Web^{colorful dots}RTC



WHY AREN'T WE USING WEBRTC?

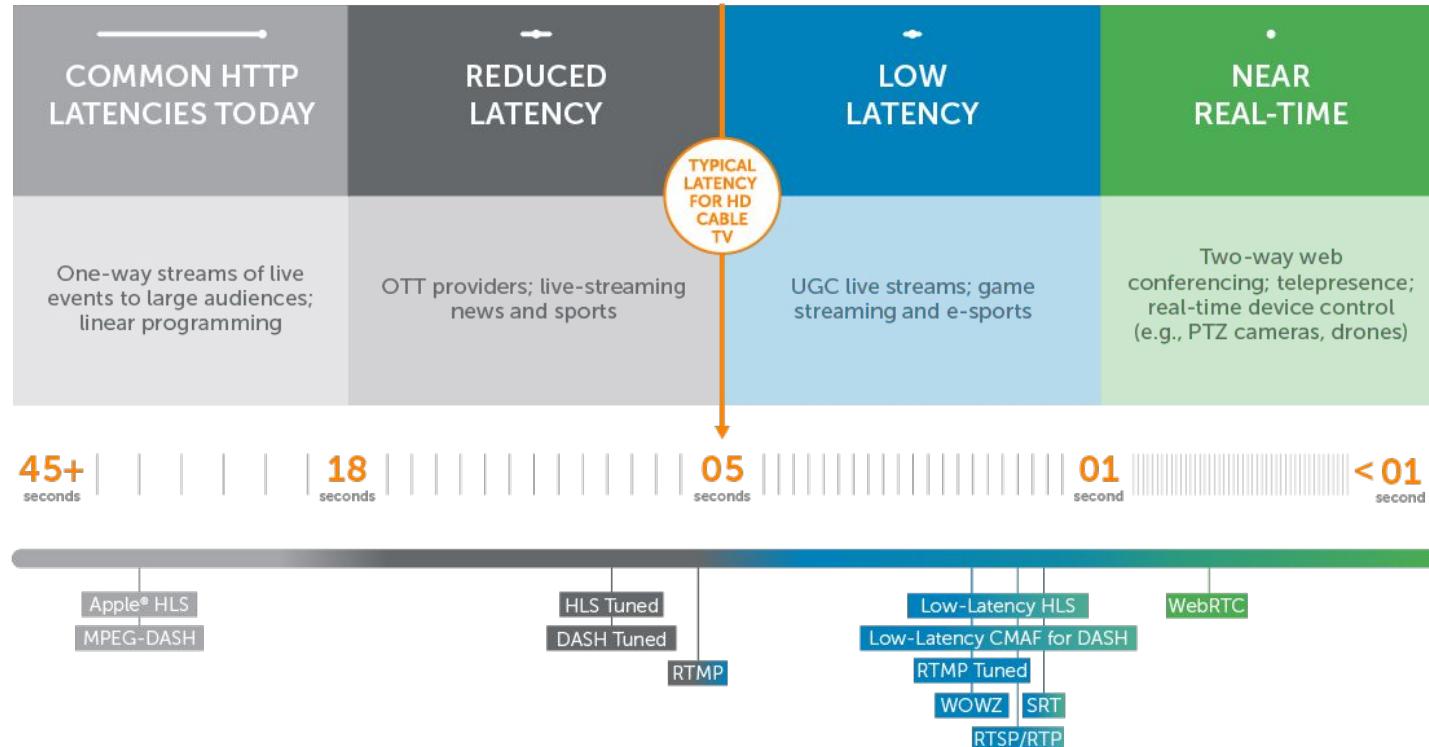
NEGATIVE PERCEPTION



- Because it was focused on voIP and Peer-to-Peer use cases at launch
- It's limited to a few concurrent viewers and doesn't scale
- It's associated with poor "web" quality, not for broadcast
- It requires "coding" to use

WE CARE ABOUT LATENCY

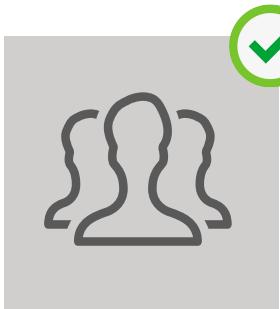
AGAIN



WEBRTC WAS MADE FOR THIS

RTC = REAL-TIME

WebRTC

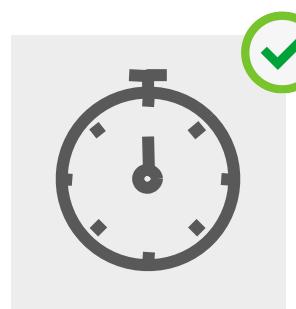


INTERACTIVE

1-WAY

2-WAYS

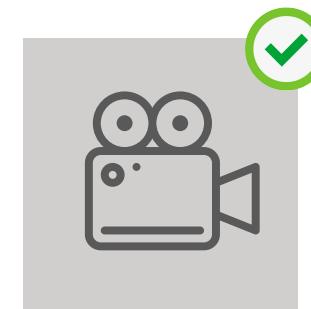
DYNAMIC UPGRADE



REAL-TIME

200-500 MILLISECONDS

ACROSS THE GLOBE



HIGH QUALITY

WEB QUALITY

BROADCAST QUALITY

(10-12 BITS HDR 4:4:4 VIDEO
(SURROUND SOUND)



WEB SCALE

MILLIONS OF VIEWERS

PER STREAM

THOUSANDS OF
CONCURRENT STREAMS



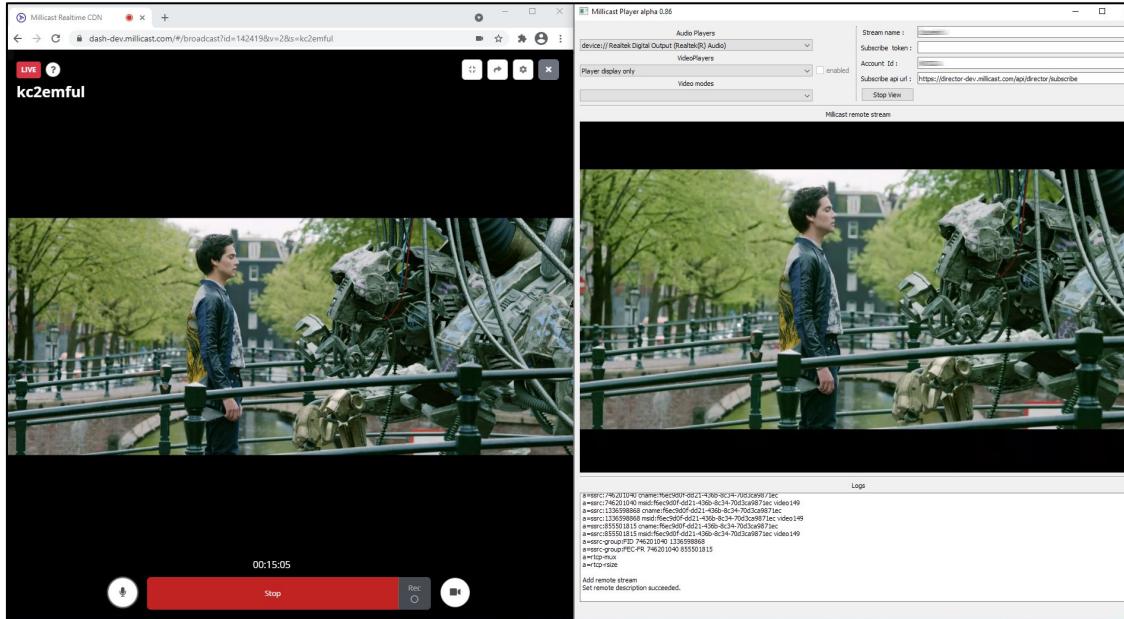
SECURE

TRANSPORT ENCRYPTION

END-TO-END ENCRYPTION

REAL-TIME AV1 SVC

CHROME CANARY M90



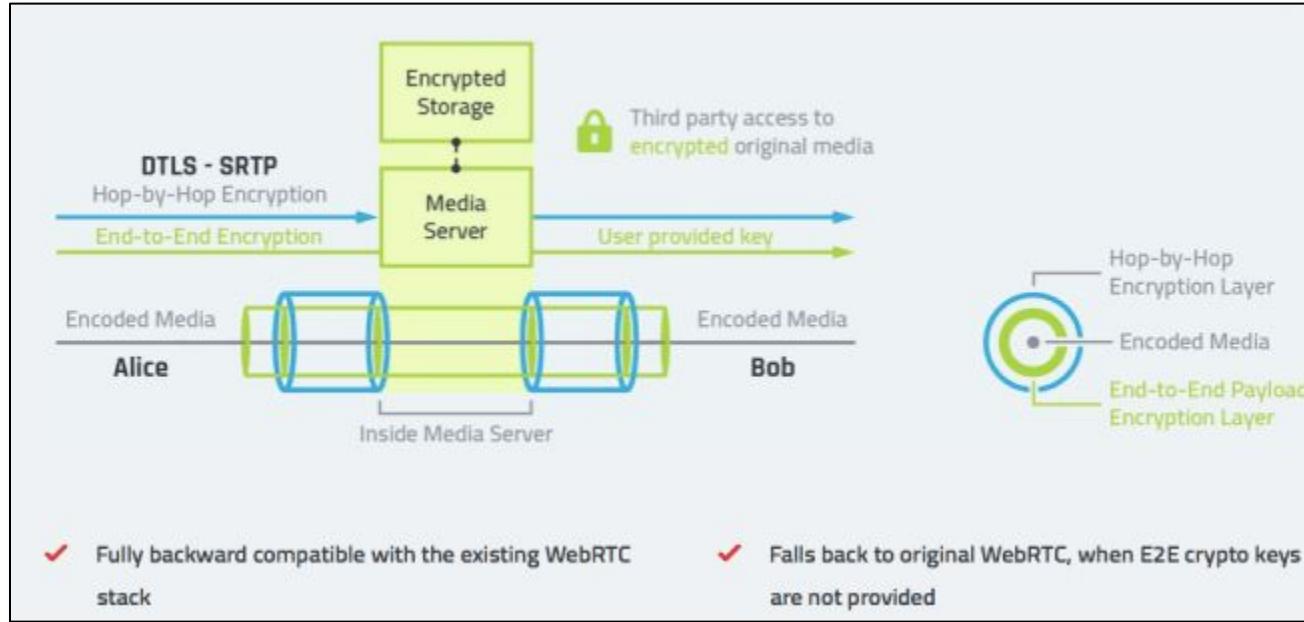
GOOGLE.COM/CHROME/CANARY/



NO RE-ENCODE ABR SENDER-SIDE

TRUE END-TO-END ENCRYPTION

SECURE FRAMES (SFRAME)



I WANT “REAL-TIME” BUT CAN I BRING MY TOYS?



Open Broadcaster Software



Wirecast



Decklink SDI 4K



Decklink 8K Pro

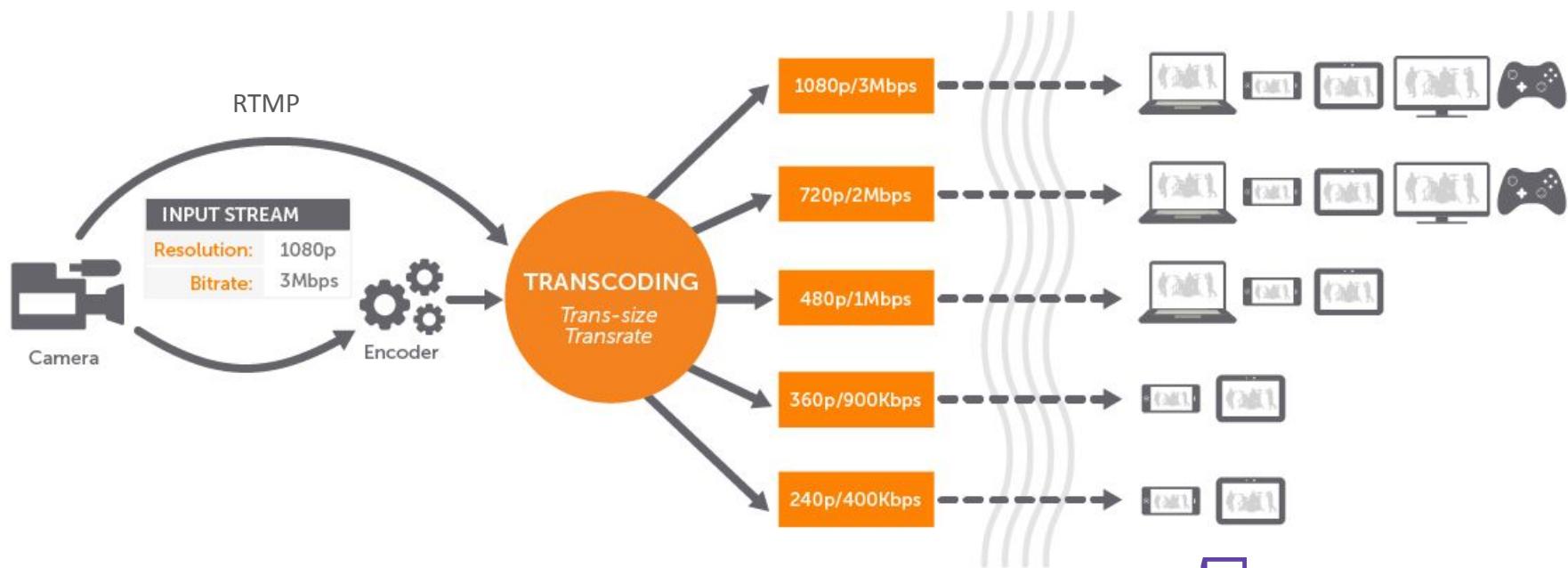


Decklink 4K Extreme 12G



Decklink Mini Monitor 4K

RTMP IS STILL UBIQUITOUS FOR LIVE STREAMING



WE NEED BROADCAST-QUALITY FEATURES WITH CONSUMER-GRADE WORKFLOWS



NETWORK
RESILIENCE



CONTENT
PROTECTION



BROADCAST
QUALITY



REAL-TIME
ENCODING



WHIP (WEBRTC HTTP INGESTION PROTOCOL)

Problem to solve

- WebRTC is the best media transport protocol for real-time streaming.
- While other media transport could be used for ingest, using webrtc for both ingest and delivery allows:
 - Working on browsers.
 - Avoiding protocol translation, which adds delay and implementation complexity.
 - Avoiding transcoding by sharing common codecs.
 - Using webrtc features end to end.
- However, there is no standard signalling protocol available to pair with it:
 - SIP or XMPP are not designed to be used in broadcasting/streaming services.
 - RTSP, which is based on RTP is not compatible with WebRTC SDP offer/answer model
- Consequences:
 - Each WebRTC streaming services requires implementing a custom ad-hoc protocol.

We need a reference signalling protocol.

WHIP (WEBRTC HTTP INGESTION PROTOCOL)

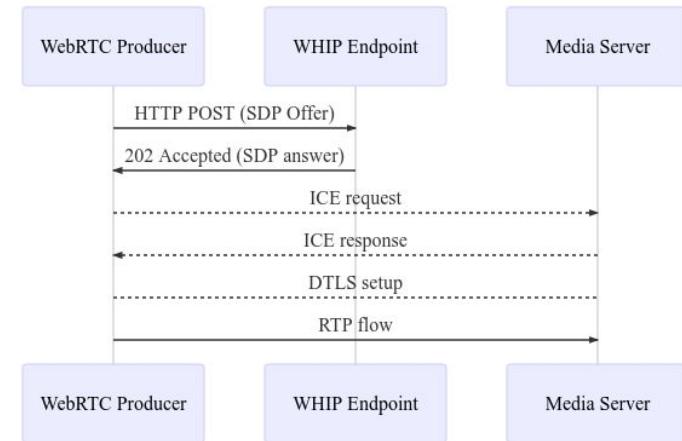
Requirements

- Must be simple to implement, as easy to use as current RTMP URI.
- Support the specific ingest use case, which is a subset of webrtc possible use cases:
 - Only needs to support unidirectional flows.
 - Server is assumed to not be behind NAT (having a public IP or deployed in same private network as publisher)
 - No need to support renegotiations.
- Fully compliant with WebRTC and RTCWEB specs for the given use case.
- Must support authentication.
- Usable both in web browsers and in native encoders.
- Lower the requirements on both hardware encoders and broadcasting tools by reducing optionalities.
- Supports load balancing and redirections.

WHIP (WEBRTC HTTP INGESTION PROTOCOL)

The solution

- HTTP POST for exchanging and SDP O/A.
- Connection state is controlled by ICE/DTLS states:
 - ICE consent freshness [[RFC7675](#)] be used to detect abrupt disconnection.
 - DTLS teardown for session termination by either side.
- Authentication and authorization is supported by the Authorization HTTP header with a bearer token as per [[RFC6750](#)].
- Support HTTP redirections for load balancing.



WHIP (WEBRTC HTTP INGESTION PROTOCOL)

THE MAGIC BULLET FOR ENCODERS

WHIP is a way to standardize the WebRTC signaling layer and establish the WebRTC connection using a simple HTTP request/response. It's already in:



But many still want hardware for physical SDI and HDMI capture:



What is still missing in WebRTC for professional media?

AUDIO

- Multiopus is not an official standard, only supported by Chrome and it is hidden.
- NetEQ has issues with music:

https://fosdem.org/2021/schedule/event/webrtc_musicians/attachments/slides/4601/export/events/attachments/webrtc_musicians/slides/4601/fosdem2021_webrtc_musicians.pdf

- Integration between WebRTC and WebAudio has implementation issues on Chrome:

https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1dwgo4N86CriLrRLjVCD5nFDsq_OC8GNALAtCA7e0pl0/edit#slide=id.gecec54b1ef_1_15

- Lack of Webrtc and WebVTT integration.

What is still missing in WebRTC for professional media?

VIDEO

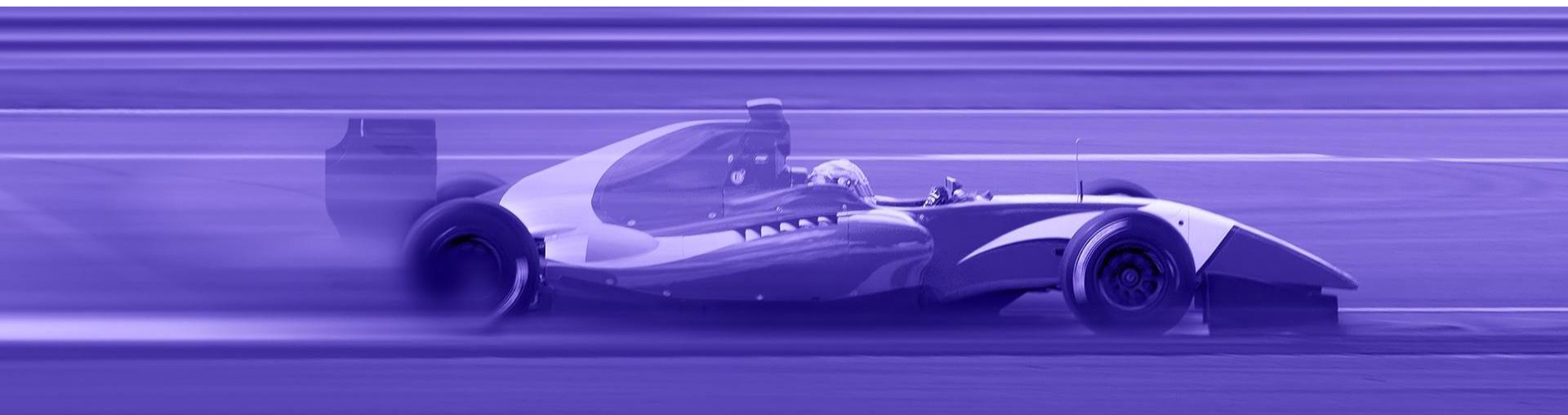
- SVC extension only supported by Chrome/Edge as an experimental feature.
- AV1 only supported by Chrome.
- VP9 profile 2 only supported by Chrome/Edge (and only on receiving), experimental support in Safari.
- playoutdelayhint only supported by Chrome /Edge.
- abs-capture-time hidden and stat only supported by Chrome.
- Alpha not supported, but will be in webcodecs.

It's time to WHIP WebRTC into shape





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THANK YOU
