

Repairing HTTP authn. for Web security

- HTTP Mutual authentication proposal -

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Some Keywords yesterday and today...

- You can't get there from here directly
- Incremental adoption is important
- “Phishing is fun and profitable”
- Browsers should be an agent for user auth
- Bi-directional (mutual) authentication desired

Problems so far (1)

- Form auth is insecure against forging!
 - Web pages have 100% control of behavior
 - ◆ Webpage script has full access to inputs
 - ◆ No measures introducible against phishing
 - Even if we had a “secure password field”, phishers could always make a imitation using JavaScript

- HTTP auth: (only) *potentially* better
 - Browser will have a full control of auth process
 - ◆ It could protect user’s passwords (e.g. Digest)
 - But...

Problems so far (2)

- HTTP auth is currently useless!
 - It is insecure now... Basic and Digest
 - More over, lacks applicability...
 - ◆ ugly modal dialog
 - ◆ no logout, no guest access
 - ◆ no session management possible

Chicken and egg problem...

- Little motivation to **fix** HTTP auth...
 - Because it is not used now
- No motivation to **use** HTTP auth...
 - Because it is hard to use
 - Because it is as insecure as Form

- We cannot fix Form auth...

So what we need?

- We need to cut the Gordian knots
 - We must provide enough-Secure mechanisms to address existing security problems
 - We must, *at the same time*, provide enough useful mechanisms so that people can move to the new things

Our proposal

- Password-based HTTP authentication which
 - Strongly protects the password from attackers
 - ◆ No eavesdropping, MITM, forwarding attack, etc.
 - ◆ Now “safe” to talk with Phishers! (no offline attack)
 - Provides *mutual* server-client authentication
 - ◆ Correct site & correct password ⇔ auth success
 - Phishing site || wrong password ⇔ auth failure
 - ◆ Users can make sure they talk to the “correct” site
 - “correct” := the site they have registered an account

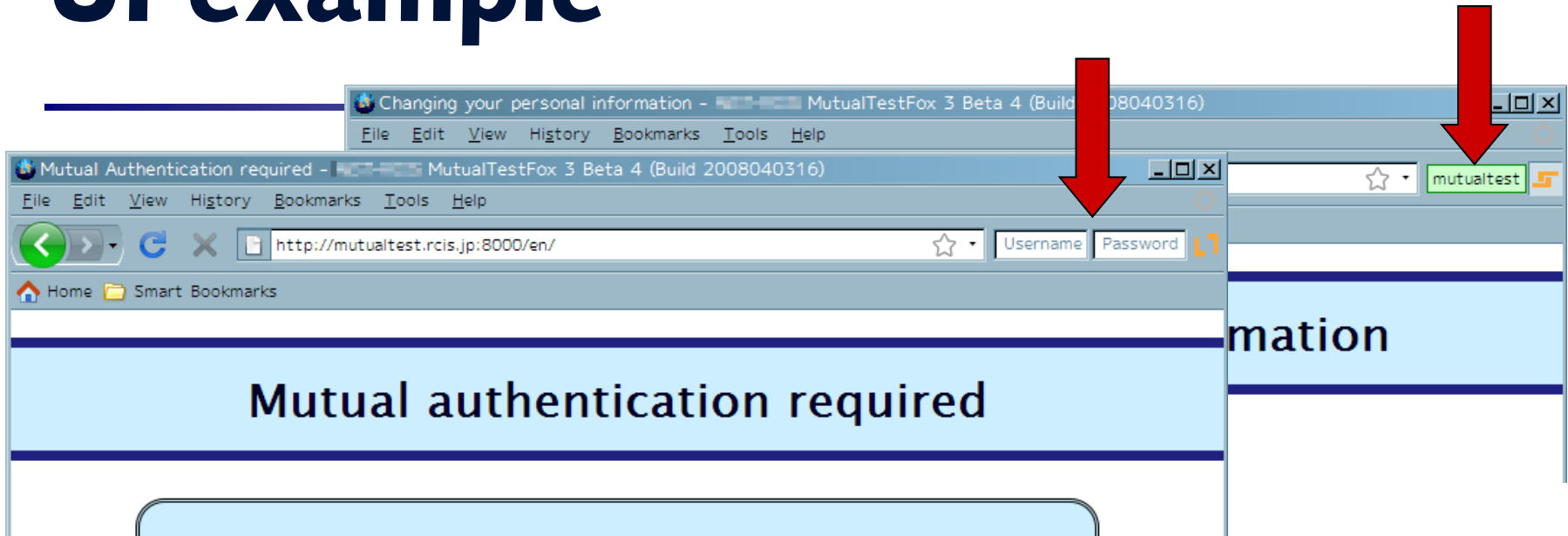
To overcome “usability” problem

- Support for recent Web application design
 - Non-modal authentication
 - Optional authentication
 - ◆ Guest users can be supported
 - Timed/server-initiated logout
 - log-on/log-off page redirection
- Gradually release possible
 - Coexist with Form auth. during transition period

UI issues

- Secure UI needed
 - To prevent password-stealing by imitation
 - Mutual auth result should be available to user
- “Non-modal” UI proposed
 - UI in a non-content (browser-controlled) area
 - not interrupting user’s website experiences
 - ◆ Web site can design own log-in page
 - Except the input area itself
 - ◆ Guest page + login-UI is also possible

UI example

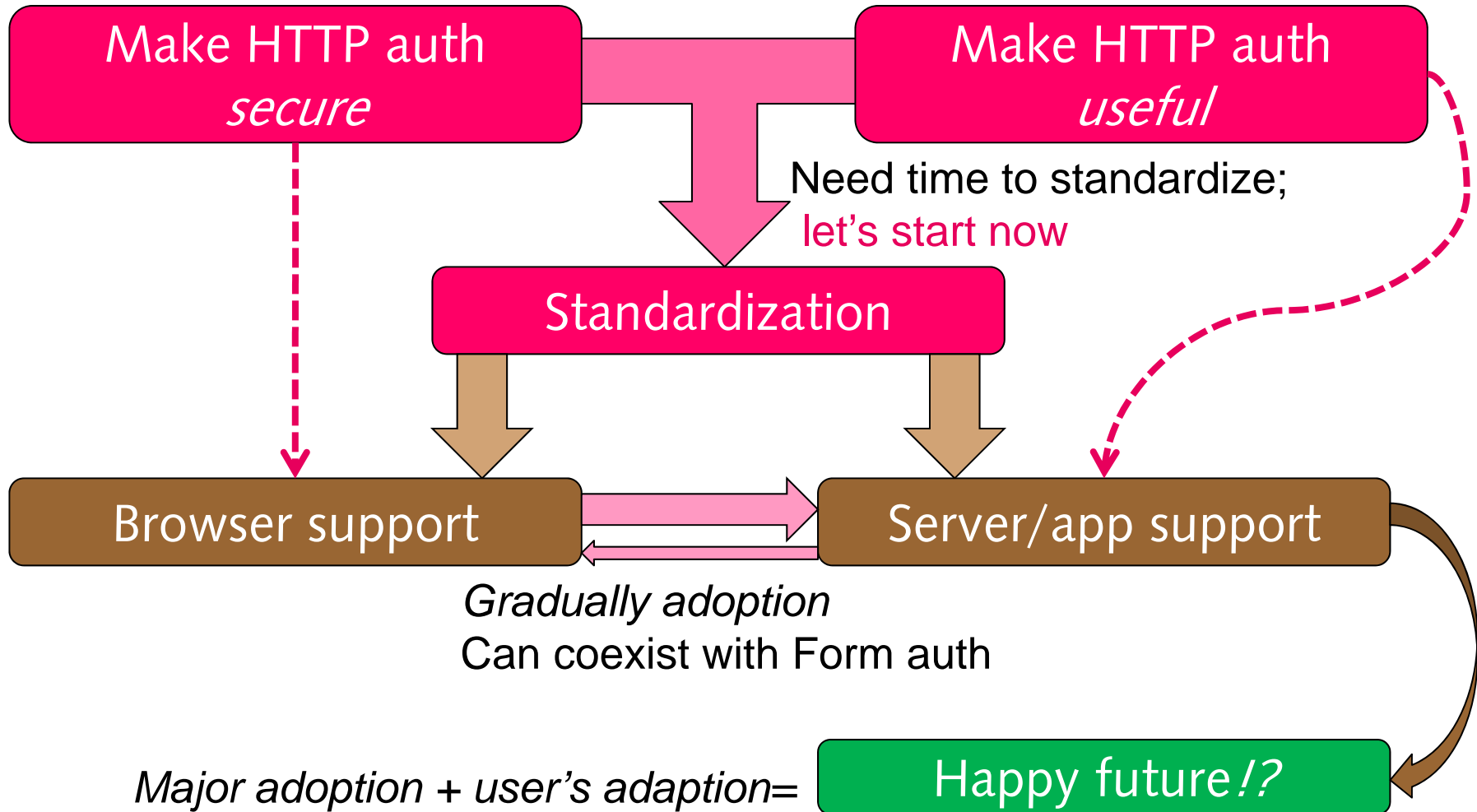


- Only “requirements” described in spec
 - Each browser will have an own UI
 - ◆ Can be integrated with local identity managements
 - Some “coordination” between browsers may needed
 - ◆ like padlock/RSS UI

Possible use cases

- As a stand-alone
 - Openly applicable to “any” website
- Combined with ID management
- With federated logins
 - Used for login to “initial” ID provider
 - ◆ Where “Phishing” will be a real problem

Our possible strategy



More resources

- Our project homepage:
<https://www.rcis.aist.go.jp/special/MutualAuth/>
- IETF standardization effort
 - ◆ Mailing list [http-auth @ ietf.org](mailto:http-auth@ietf.org)
 - ◆ **Need your assistance/involvement!**
- Draft:
 - ◆ Official: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/drafts/draft-oiwa-http-mutualauth/>
 - ◆ Some preliminary drafts (before submission) may be on our homepage