W3C WebRTC WG Meeting

May 22, 2018 1 PM Pacific Time

Chairs: Stefan Hakansson Bernard Aboba Harald Alvestrand

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W3C WG IPR Policy

- This group abides by the W3C Patent Policy <u>https://www.w3.org/Consortium/Patent-Policy/</u>
- Only people and companies listed at <u>https://www.w3.org/2004/01/pp-impl/47318/status</u> are allowed to make substantive contributions to the WebRTC specs

Welcome!

- Welcome to the interim meeting of the W3C WebRTC WG!
- During this meeting, we hope to:
 - Go over the agenda for the F2F meeting in Stockholm
 - Provide an update on the status of the KITE test framework
 - Make progress on open issues in webrtc-pc
- Will recycle WebRTC 1.0 at CR after the meeting

June f2f (Stockholm, Sweden)

Meeting scheduled for June 19-20, 2018 at the Google Stockholm offices.

TPAC (Lyon, France)

We will meet Monday October 22 and Tuesday the 23rd of TPAC week.

Proposed Agenda for June 19

9 AM - 10:30 AM: WebRTC NV use cases and requirements

10:30 AM - 11 AM: Break

- 11:00 AM noon AM: Directional questions
- a. How low-level of an API do we want for RTP, ICE and media?
- b. Will we support media/data over QUIC, RTP, or both?
- c. Will we use ReadableStream/WritableStream?

Noon - 1 PM working lunch: ICE

- a. ORTC ICE API (Bernard Aboba)
- b. WebRTC-ICE proposal (Peter Thatcher)
- c. SLICE transport proposal (Peter Thatcher)

1 PM - 2 PM: Certificates and Identity (Bernard and Harald)

2 PM - 3 PM: Data Transfer (Lennart Grahl and Peter Thatcher)

3 PM - 5 PM: Interoperability and WebRTC 1.0 Testing (Dr. Alex and team)

Proposed Agenda for June 20

9 AM - 10 AM: Access to Raw Media (Harald)

10:00 AM -11:00 AM: Scalable Video Coding (Sergio and Bernard)

11:00 AM - Noon: Sender/Receiver (Peter Thatcher)

Noon - 1 PM Working Lunch: Web Workers (Harald)

1 PM - 2 PM: Open slot

2 PM - 3 PM: Open slot

3 PM - 5 PM: Wrapup and next steps

WebRTC WG Charter (Chairs)

- Current charter has been <u>extended until May 2018</u>.
- Draft Charter:

https://w3c.github.io/webrtc-charter/webrtc-charter.html

- Extends charter to March 31, 2020.
- Charter is out for AC review (until May 25) make sure your AC rep responds!!

About this Virtual Meeting

Information on the meeting:

- Meeting info:
 - o <u>https://www.w3.org/2011/04/webrtc/wiki/May 22_2018</u>
- Link to latest drafts:
 - o <u>https://w3c.github.io/mediacapture-main/</u>
 - o <u>https://w3c.github.io/webrtc-pc/</u>
 - o <u>https://w3c.github.io/mediacapture-screen-share/</u>
 - o <u>https://w3c.github.io/webrtc-stats/</u>
- Link to Slides has been published on WG wiki
- Scribe? IRC <u>http://irc.w3.org/</u> Channel: <u>#webrtc</u>
- The meeting is being recorded.
- WebEx info <u>here</u>

For Discussion Today

- KITE Update (Dr. Alex)
- WebRTC-PC
 - Issue 1834: Handling of invalid values in sender.setParameters (AdamBe)
 - Issue 1839: What should sender.getParameters().codecs return prior to negotiation? (Taylor)
 - Issue 1840: What should receiver.getParameters() return? (Bernard)
 - **Issue 1852**: RTCRtpDecodingParameters (Bernard)
 - Issue 1858: What happens when an answerer stops a transceiver that others are "bundled" on? (Taylor)
 - <u>Issue 1872</u>: sendEncodings in "create an RtpSender" should reflect platform capabilities (Harald)

KITE Update (Dr. Alex)

• <u>Slides</u>

For Discussion Today

• WebRTC-PC

- Issue 1834: Handling of invalid values in sender.setParameters (AdamBe)
- Issue 1839: What should sender.getParameters().codecs return prior to negotiation? (Taylor)
- Issue 1840: What should receiver.getParameters() return? (Bernard)
- **Issue 1852**: RTCRtpDecodingParameters (Bernard)
- Issue 1858: What happens when an answerer stops a transceiver that others are "bundled" on? (Taylor)
- <u>Issue 1872</u>: sendEncodings in "create an RtpSender" should reflect platform capabilities (Harald)

Issue 1834: Handling of invalid values in sender.setParameters (AdamBe)

- Reflections
 - We don't use unsigned types consistently
 - We don't need to check the upper boundary of max-type values
- Checked (partly)
 - scaleResolutionDownBy: RangeError if < 1; Make unsigned? Check upper boundary?
- Currently unchecked
 - maxFramerate: Is double; Make unsigned? Check lower boundary?
 - maxBitrate: Is unsigned long; Check lower boundary?
 - ptime: Is unsigned long; Specified to respect maxptime; Check boundaries?

Issue 1839: What should sender.getParameters().codecs return prior to negotiation? (Taylor)

- The current text says:
 - "The codecs sequence is populated based on the codecs that have been negotiated for sending, and which the user agent is currently capable of sending."
- This seems to indicate that prior to negotiation completing, the set should be empty. Is this intentional, and reasonable?
- Proposed answer: yes and yes.
 - If you want to know the codecs the browser is capable of (and thus would offer) you can use RTCRtpSender.getCapabilities.
 - getParameters is for what is available to send, so the application can pick one and put its payload type in RTCRtpEncodingParameters.
 - Until a remote description is set, you don't know what payload types they'll use, so it wouldn't make sense to return anything.

Issue 1840: What should receiver.getParameters() return? (Bernard)

- Section 5.3 states:
 - The getParameters method returns the RTCRtpReceiver object's current parameters for how track is decoded. When getParameters is called, the RTCRtpReceiveParameters dictionary is constructed as follows: encodings is populated based on RIDs present in the current remote description, *and whether media is actively being decoded or not.* The headerExtensions sequence is populated based on the header extensions that the receiver is currently prepared to receive. The codecs sequence is populated based on the codecs that the receiver is currently prepared to receive.
- Note: the active attribute is not present in RtpReceiveParameters.encodings[].
 Should we delete the redlined text?
- Does the text imply that headerExtensions and codecs can be populated prior to completion of negotiation (after SLD, but before SRD)?

Issue 1852: RTCRtpDecodingParameters (Bernard)

- Section 5.1 states:
 - This specification does not define how to configure createOffer to receive multiple RTP encodings. However when setRemoteDescription is called with a corresponding remote description that is able to send multiple RTP encodings as defined in [JSEP], the <u>RTCRtpReceiver</u> may receive multiple RTP encodings and the parameters retrieved via the transceiver's receiver.getParameters() will reflect the encodings negotiated.
- Do we expect browsers to implement this (optional) feature?
- Note: only the rid attribute is included in the RtpDecodingParameters dictionary:

```
• dictionary <u>RTCRtpReceiveParameters</u> : <u>RTCRtpParameters</u> {
    required <u>sequence<RTCRtpDecodingParameters</u>> <u>encodings;</u>
};
```

```
dictionary <u>RTCRtpCodingParameters</u> {
```

DOMString rid;

};

```
dictionary <u>RTCRtpDecodingParameters</u> : <u>RTCRtpCodingParameters</u> {
```

Issue 1852: RTCRtpDecodingParameters (cont'd)

- Assuming we expect any implementations:
 - Why is it useful for RtpDecodingParameters to include the rid attribute and nothing else?
 - Since there are no other attributes (e.g. no payload type, SSRCs, etc.) if more information is needed, the application will need to parse the SDP anyway.
 - Since the rid attribute is not required, if the browser does not support simulcast reception, the rid attribute is presumably unset?

Issue 1858: What happens when an answerer stops a transceiver that others are "bundled" on? (Taylor)

- If there's an established bundle group:
 - a=group:BUNDLE audio video
- The answerer can't reject the "audio" m= section without rejecting "video" as well, due to limitations of the BUNDLE spec.
- So, what happens if the answerer calls audioTransceiver.stop()? Either:
 - Both m= sections are rejected (both transceivers end up stopped).
 - Answerer temporarily keeps the audio m= section alive, as "a=inactive", and rejects it in a subsequent offer/answer.
- Either way, may require JSEP changes?

Issue 1872: sendEncodings in "create an RtpSender" should reflect platform capabilities (Harald)

- Known issue: How many encodings can we send?
 - Ever, or in the current negotiation state?
- Known issue: What to do when user asks for # higher than can be sent?
- Proposal: Do something that makes sense
 - Set # of encodings to max # that can be sent
 - If max # changes over time, reduce (assumption: never increase)
 - Enable only the first one by default, more if user asks
 - Ignore requests for more layers than available
- Probably simple to spec, implement and test. Probably addresses basic use cases.

For extra credit



Name that bird!

Thank you

Special thanks to: W3C/MIT for WebEx

WG Participants, Editors & Chairs The bird