

Towards Video on the Web with HTML5

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This work is part of the Open Media Web project supported by the European Union's 7th Research Framework Programme (FP7)



W₃C



- Founded and directed by Tim Berners-Lee
- Consortium, 330 members (Alcatel, AT&T, BBC, DT, Ericsson, Google, Orange, LG, Microsoft, Nokia, Samsung, Vodafone, ...)
- Key features
 - The Web standards body
 - International, not regional
 - "One Web"
 - Cross community (Web, Mobile, ... TV?)
- Standards: HTML5, SVG, XML, Semantic Web, VoiceXML, Web Services ...

Introduction



- Video traffic on Internet
 - quickly rising
 - expected to dominate soon
- HTML5 "video" tag
 - Not a standard yet
 - Still: Supported in most desktop browsers
 - Enables innovative Web UIs without plugins

Before HTML5



- Video Plug-ins
- "Black Box" for Web developer
 - No CSS transformations
 - No SVG masks
 - No standard Javascript API
- Plug-ins often "desktop only", missing on mobile devices, TVs, ...

Video Tag







CSS Transform in Firefox

Video player in SVG in Firefox

Codecs and Containers



- Any codec can be used in HTML5
- Alternate versions via fallbacks
- No standard codec
 - H.264 Baseline: IE9, Safari, Google Chrome
 - Theora: Firefox, Google Chrome, Opera
 - VP8: Google Chrome, Opera
- Issue: License fees
 - H.264 has fees
 - Theora, VP8 are free, but "fear of the unknown"

Web Streaming Video



- HTTP Progressive Delivery
- Advantages
 - Regular HTTP server
 - Passes firewalls
 - Can leverage Web CDNs
- Disadvantages
 - Jump forward/backward hard for long videos
 - Sudden lower bandwidth can stop stream

HTTP Streaming



- Protocol enables jump forward/backward
- W3C: Media Fragments URI
 http://www.example.com/example.ogv?t=10
- Needs simple extension of HTTP server
- Sudden lower bandwidth still stops video

HTTP Adaptive Steaming



- Essential to deliver video to
 - TV: primary focus is media delivery, no "stopped video"
 - Mobile: Bandwidth can quickly change
- Idea
 - Use HTTP
 - Split video into 2-10 second chunks
 - Encode at varying bandwidths
 - Client receives manifest file describing available segments
 - Downloads one segment using normal HTTP
 - Bandwidth next segment chosen on performance of previous one
- HTTP Live streaming, IIS Smooth Streaming, Adobe, 3GPP Adaptive Streaming, ...

P2P Video on Web



- HTML5 Websocket API
 - Clients connect via Web server rather than directly
 - Text frames only
- HTML5 "HTML Device" for "proper" P2P
- Not limited to HTTP
 - H.264 SVC (Google Gmail video chat)
 - MDC

Future



- Web on TV and Set-Top Boxes
 - Richer user interfaces with HTML5
 - Device APIs: Geolocation, Calendar, Media Capture, Contacts, ...)
 - Package video applications in W3C widgets
 - More APIs needed: TV channel being watched, ...
 - W3C workshop: W3C will start TV group
- Consolidation of HTTP Streaming
- P2P Video on the Web
 - Video conferencing
 - Network games

Getting Involved



- Join W3C!
 - The Web standards body
 - International, not regional
 - "One Web"
 - Cross community (Web, Mobile, ... TV?)
- Participate/follow working groups
- New group on TV to start soon!
- Likely topics
 - DRM
 - TV-related Device APIs
 - Hyperlinks in video content
 - Interaction with mobile, home network
 - TV-related feedback on other W3C specs
 - **–** ...
- Contact: ph@w3.org

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