



Ranking Semantic Associations in Chemical System Biology Space

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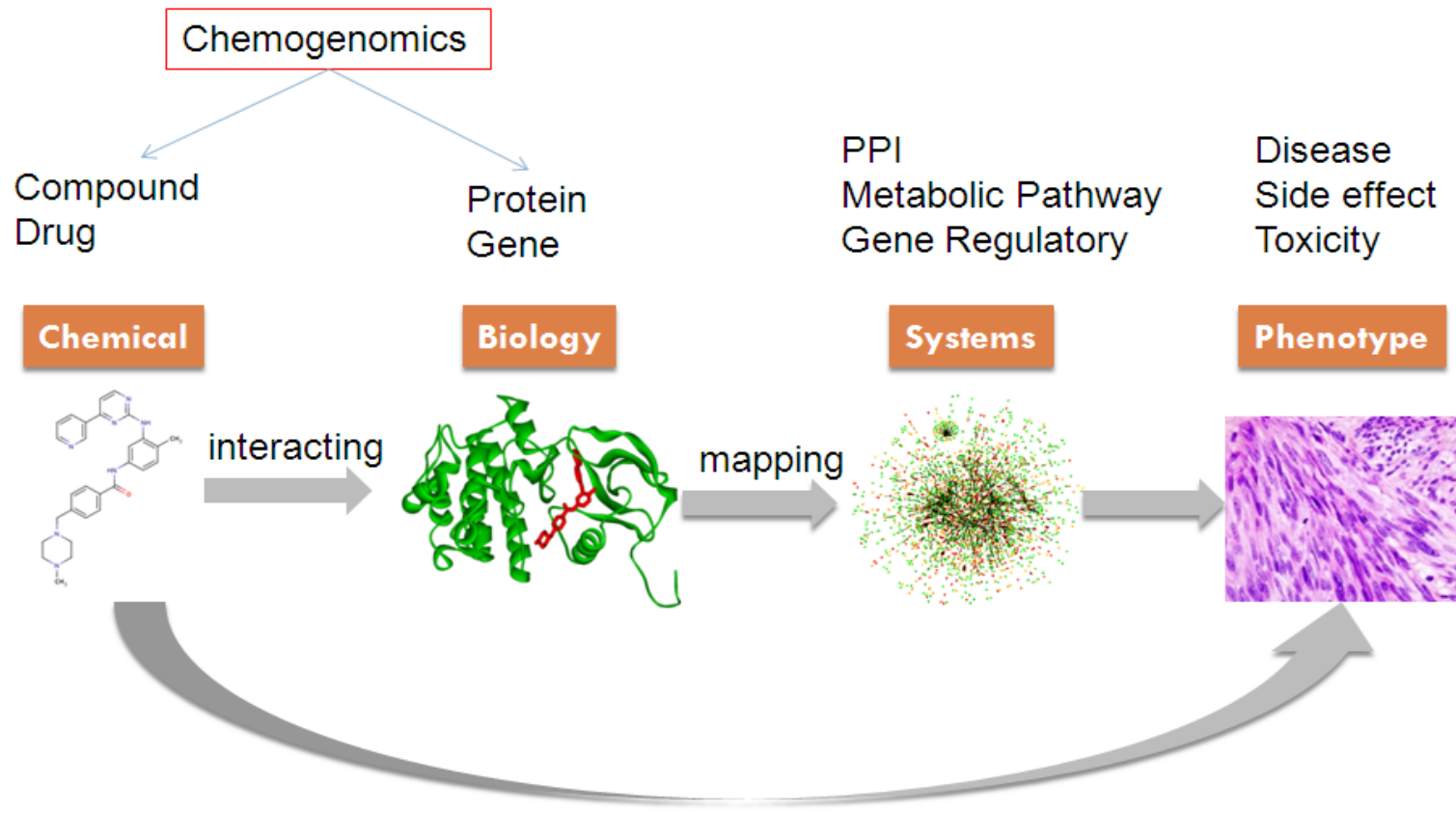
Presented at FWCS2010, April 26th
WWW2010, Raleigh, NC



Chem2Bio2RDF

- www.chem2bio2rdf.org
- Initiated by Prof. Ding (NIH VIVO investigator) at Fall 2009.
- Work done at chemical informatics group (Prof. Wild) at IU.
- Primary goal is to bring chemogenomics data source onto linked data cloud.

Chemogenomics and Chemical Systems Biology



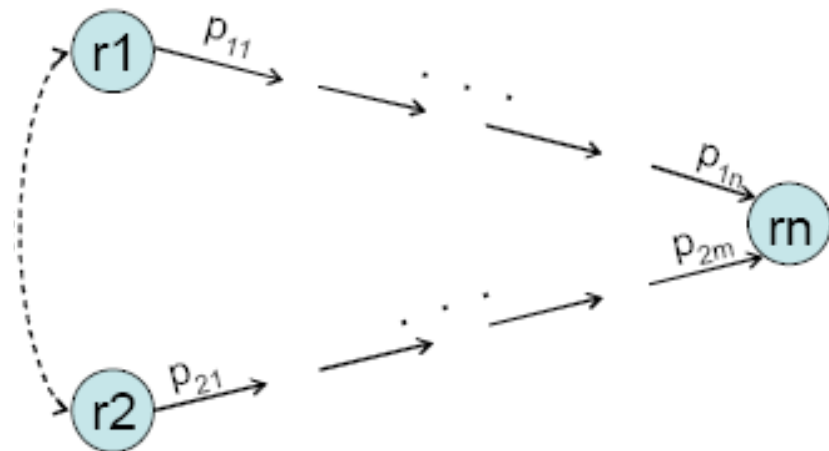


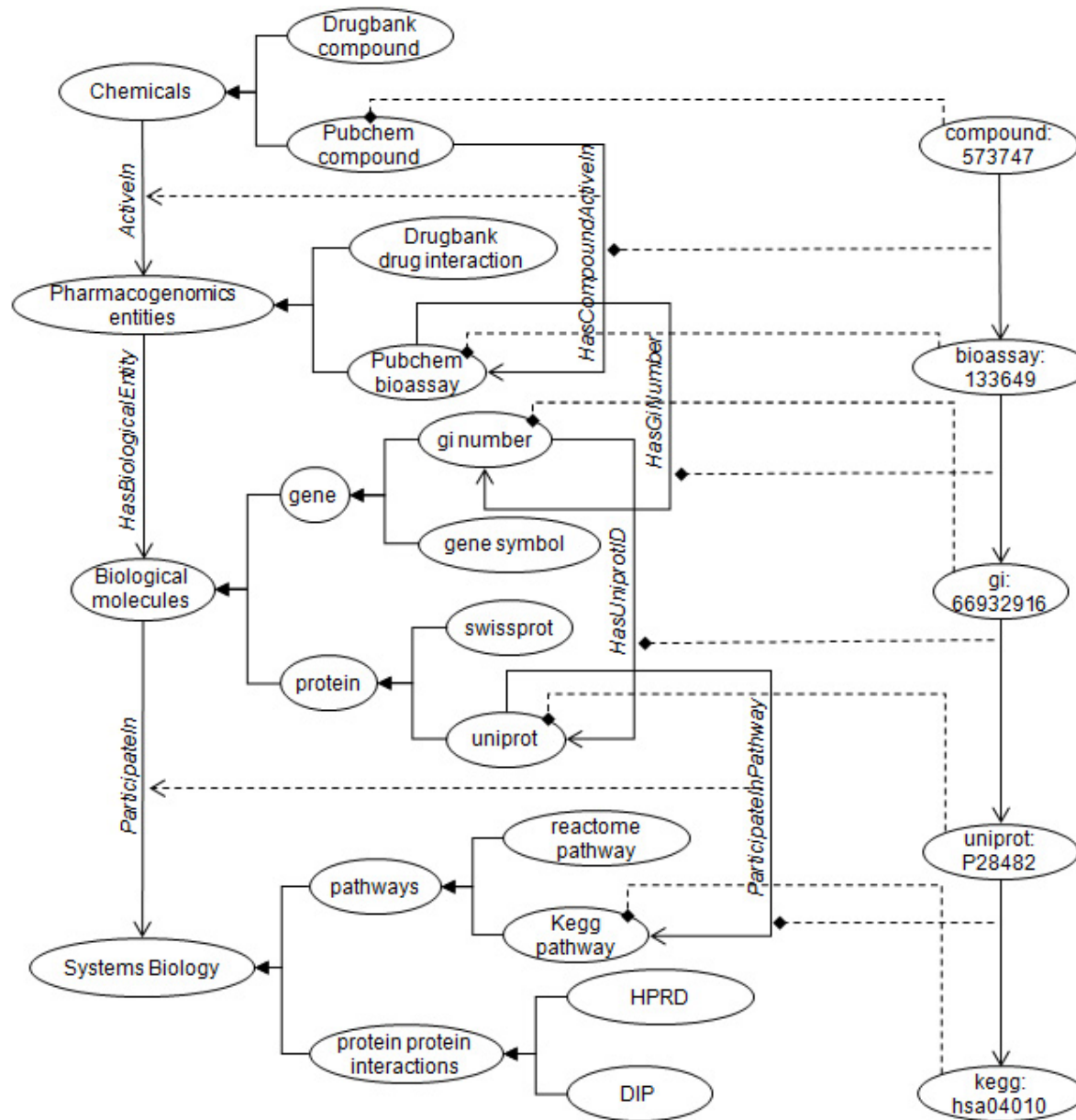
Motivation

- Many important research questions can be boiled down to indentifying crucial associations among biological entities
 - find gene targets which the compound is active against
 - find compounds associated to a certain disease (Alzheimer)
 - find compounds cause a given adverse drug effect (Hypertension)
 - ❖ find all the active compounds in PubChem sharing at least two common targets with a FDA approved drug
 - ❖ find all the compounds in PubChem active towards at least two targets that are in the same pathway
 - ❖ find KEGG pathways containing at least two of the targets associated with a given side effect

Semantic Associations Formally

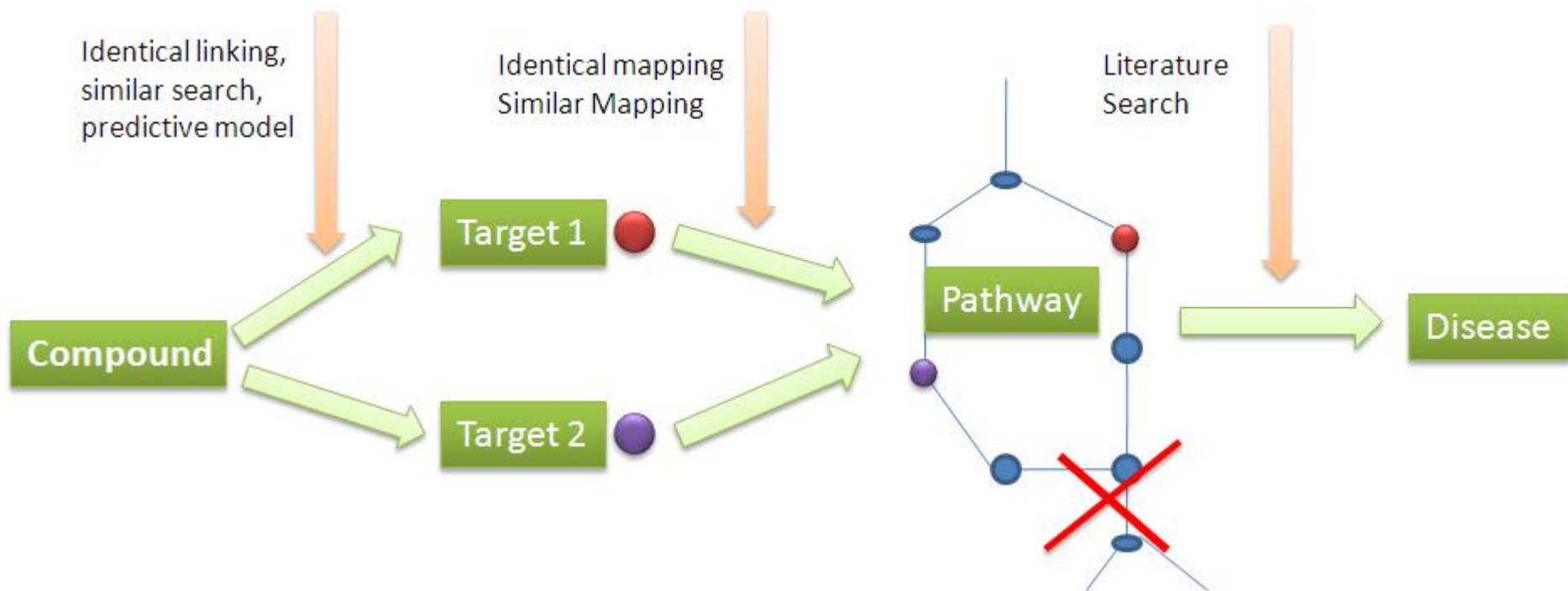
- Semantic association refers to a sequence of {subject property object} triples that connect two instances
- ρ -path association
- ρ -join association
- ρ -iso association

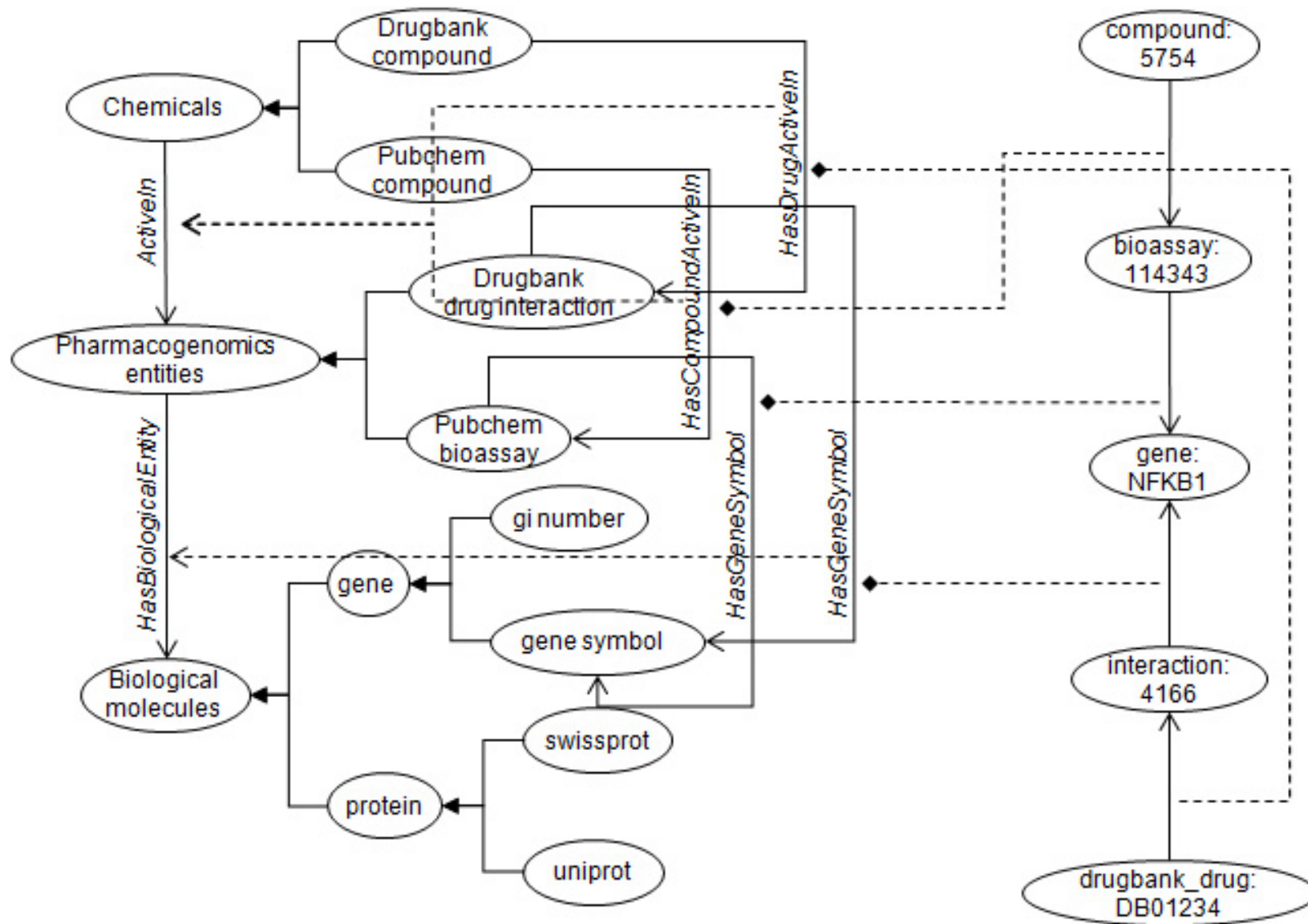




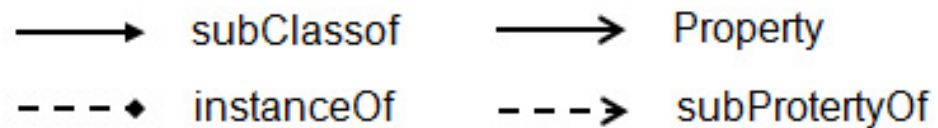
ρ -path in chemical systems biology

Multiple Pathway Inhibitor

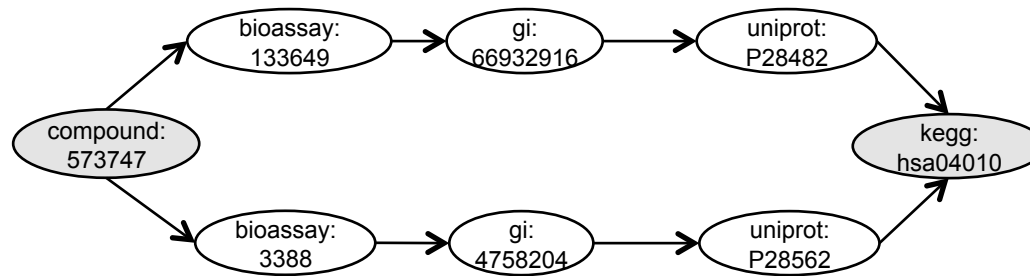




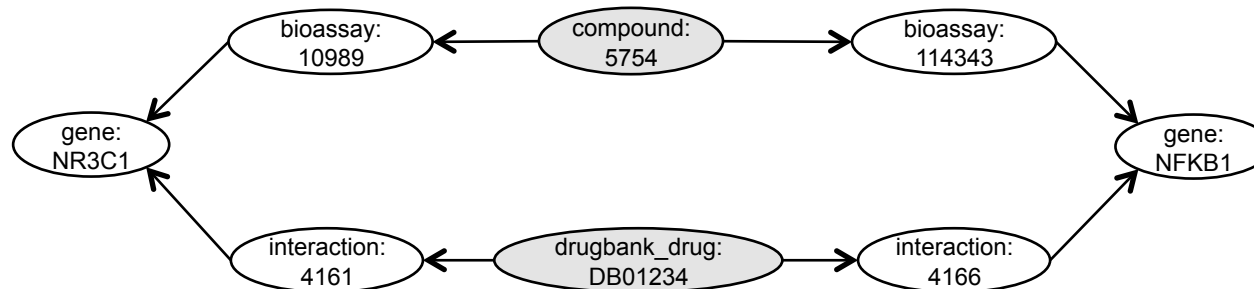
ρ -join in chemical systems biology



Two Intriguing Cases



(b) Double ρ Path Association, Identify multiple pathway inhibitor



(a) Double ρ Join Association, polypharmacology



Polypharmacology

- Conventional drug embraces the dogma “one gene, one drug, one disease”
- Polypharmacology focuses on multi-target drugs
 - Identify target leads to unwanted side effect
 - Enhance therapeutic potency
- Identify compounds sharing targets with drugs of known polypharmacology



Ranking

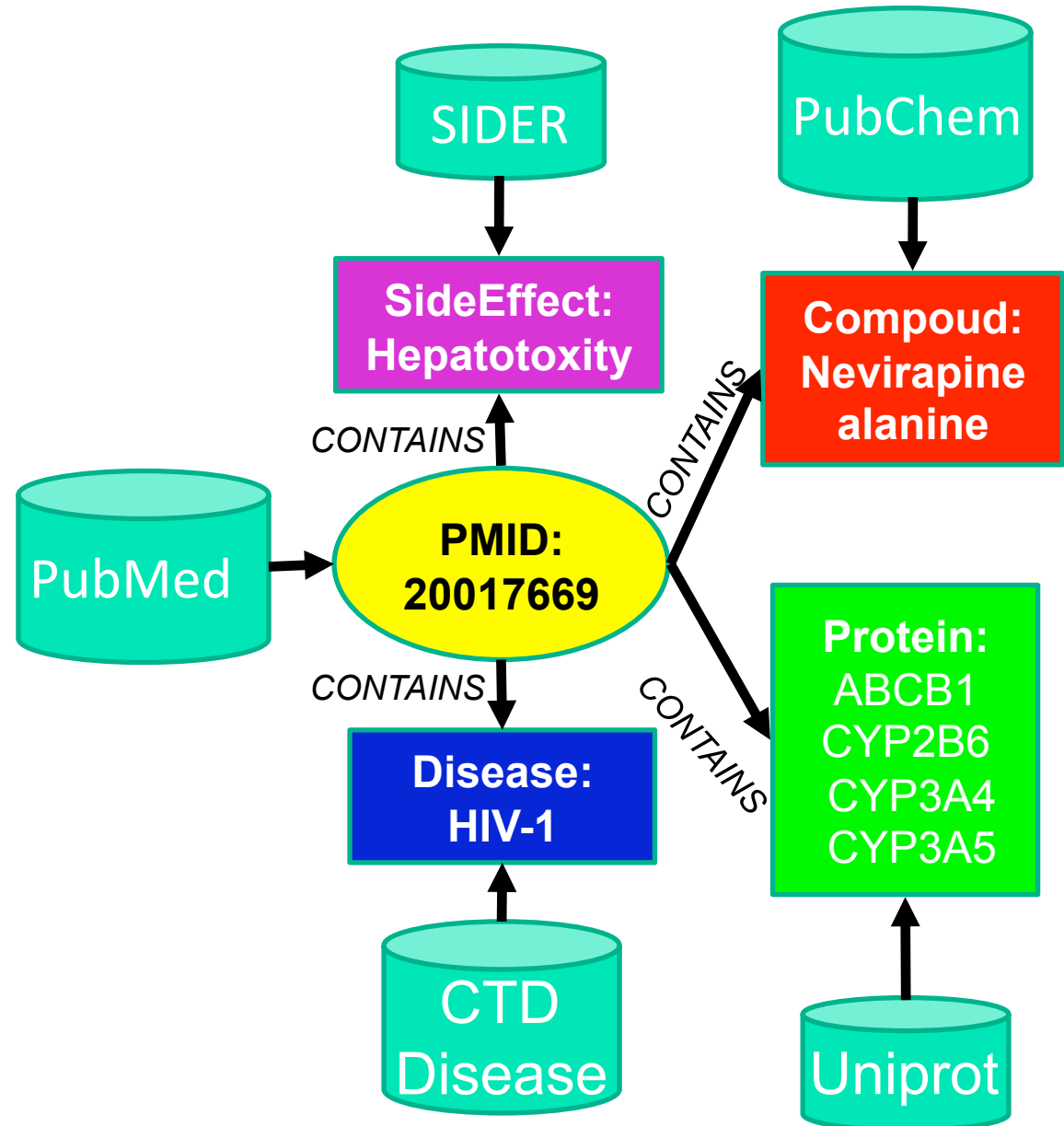
- Intrinsic metrics
 - Multiple Path Aggregator is applied to promote the special case associated pairs conform to special interests (i.e. multiple pathway inhibitor or polypharmacology)
- Extrinsic metrics
 - Quality
 - Specificity
 - Rarity/Popularity
- Weighted sum taken as the total ranking score
- Evaluation using pubmed literature abstract co-occurrence score

Association Pairs (Compound/ Dexamethasone)

data source	number of associations found	polypharmacology cases found
<u>PubChem</u> Bioassay	1123	2
CTD	318	21
<u>BindDB</u>	117	0
TTD	30	0
MATADOR	0	N/A
QSAR	0	N/A
PharmGKB	0	N/A

Chem/Bio Entity Extraction from PubMed

PMID: 20017669
Title: **Nevirapine-induced hepatotoxicity and pharmacogenetics: a retrospective study in a population from Mozambique.**
Abstract: Aims: **Nevirapine** is widely used to treat **HIV-1** infection to prevent mother-to-child transmission; unfortunately adverse drug reactions have been reported. Our aim was to identify genes/variants involved in **nevirapine-induced hepatotoxicity**.
MATERIALS & METHODS: Patients from Mozambique, 78 with **nevirapine-induced hepatotoxicity** and 78 without adverse events, were genotyped for **ABCB1**, **CYP2B6**, **CYP3A4** and **CYP3A5** gene variants. We conducted a case-control association study and a genotype/phenotype correlation analysis.
RESULTS: The **ABCB1** c.3435C>T SNP was associated with **hepatotoxicity** ($p = 0.038$), with the variant T allele showing a protective effect (odds ratio: 0.42). Moreover, four SNPs in the **CYP2B6** and **CYP3A5** genes resulted significantly correlated with transaminase values. In particular, for the **CYP2B6** c.983T>C SNP, the difference in the **alanine aminotransferase** mean values were highly significant between TT and TC genotypes ($p < 0.001$).
CONCLUSION: Our preliminary results confirm the contribution of the **ABCB1** c.3435C>T SNP in **nevirapine-induced hepatotoxicity** risk and, at the same time, suggest the necessity for further studies.



Validation with Literature

Co-occurrence

<u>PubChem ID</u>	quality	distinctiveness	specificity	ranking score
443495	4	3	0	7
55245	4	3	0	7
969516	3	2.01	0	5.01
74990	3	2.01	0	5.01
5743	2	1.02	1	4.02

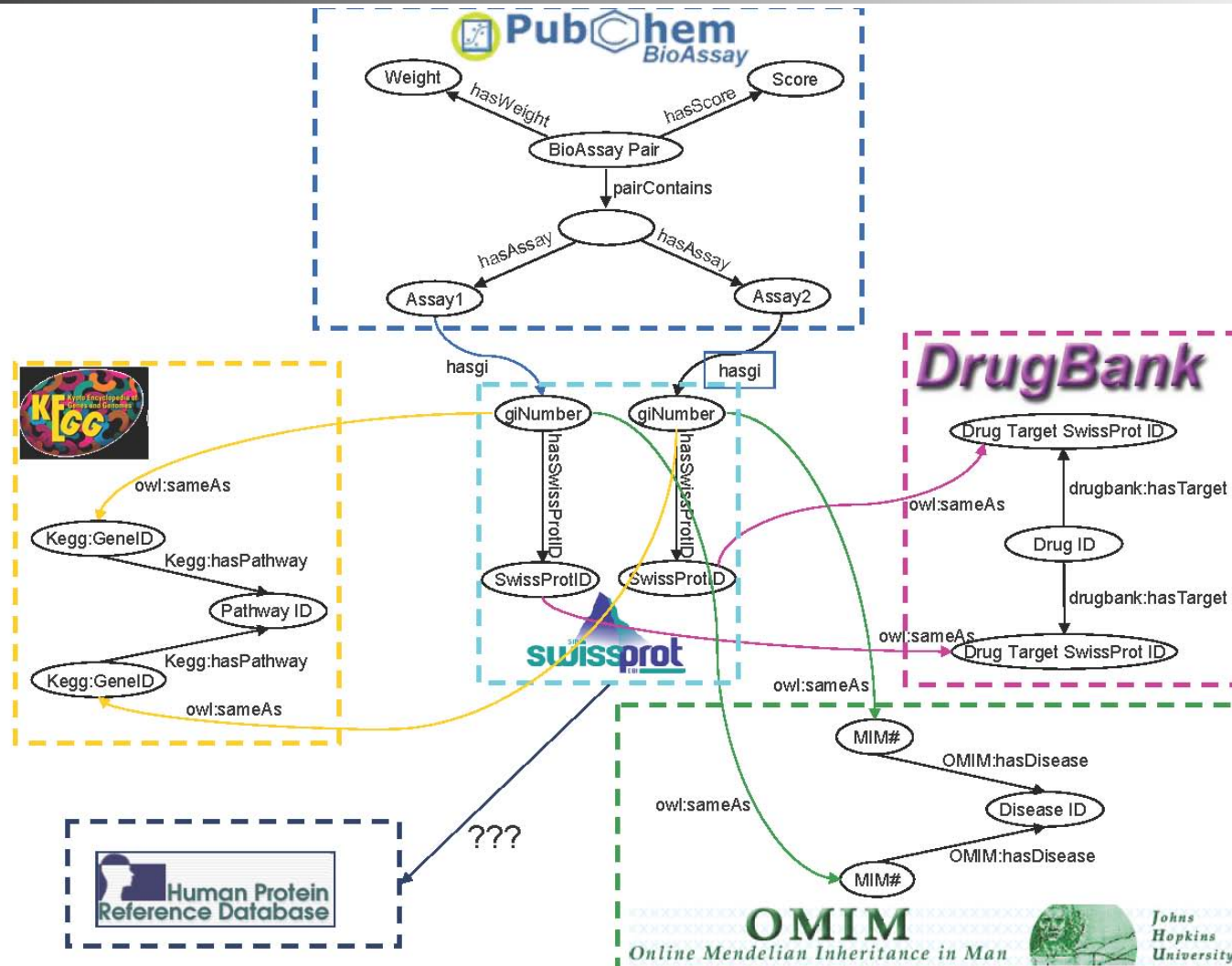




Acknowledgement

- NIH VIVO project
- Eli Lilly and Company

As of Oct. 2009



Extends to LODD and Bio2RDF

