

Linked Data for Language Technology

roadmapping workshop

Athens, 21 March 2014

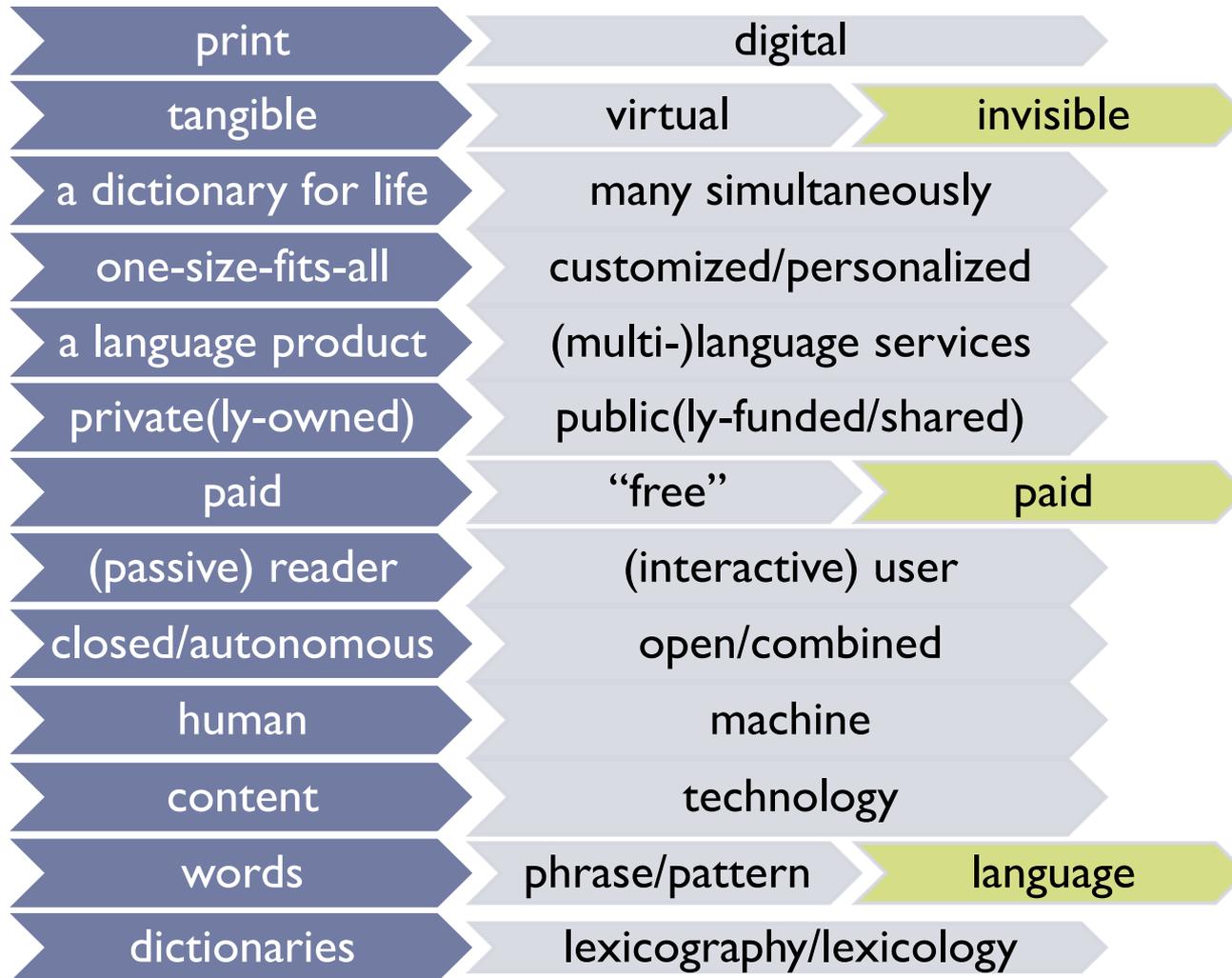
**Developing multi-language
dictionary data for NLP use**

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highlights

- ▶ Trends & KD
- ▶ English multilingual dictionary
→ semi-automatically generated multilingual glossaries
- ▶ Global series
monolingual ↔ bilingual ↔ multilingual
↕
multi-layer
- ▶ Lexicography & LT

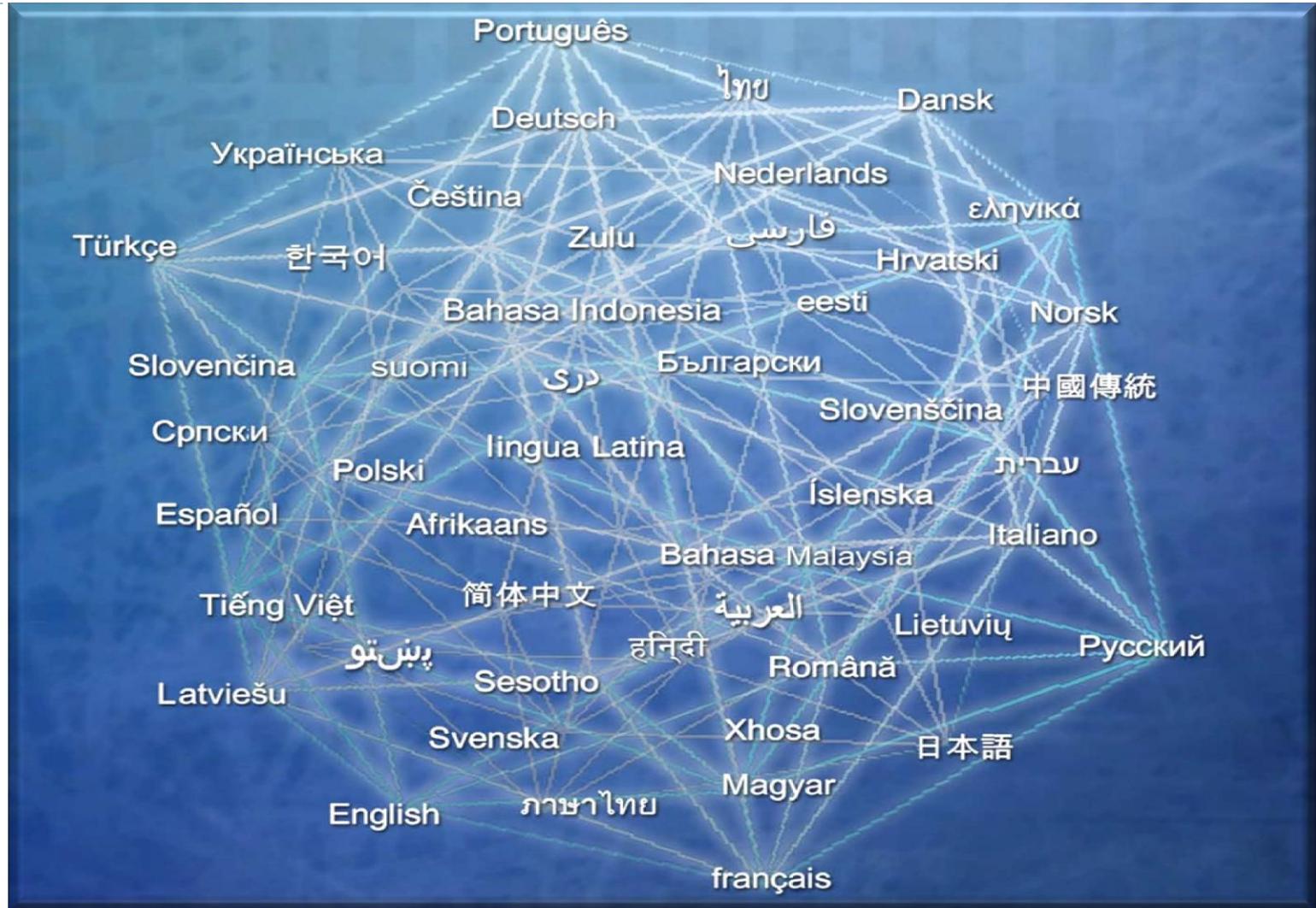
trends



kdictionaries – *overview*

- ▶ Established in 1993
- ▶ Based in Tel Aviv, active globally
- ▶ Creates lexicographic content, applications and tools
- ▶ Develops monolingual, bilingual and multilingual data in 40+ languages
- ▶ Publishes annual newsletter, as well as collections of papers on dictionaries and lexicography
- ▶ Collaborates with lexicographers and translators, software engineers and designers, publishers and ICT firms, the academe and professional associations

kictionaries – foresight



English multilingual

- ▶ The semi-bilingual English learner's dictionary

<http://kdictionaries-online.com/Password.aspx?Dictionary=14>

- ▶ GlobalDix – 2001 Kielikone, 21 languages

<http://kdictionaries.com/kdn/kdn9-4.html>

- ▶ KEMD (46 languages)

[Afrikaans](#) | [Arabic](#) | [Bulgarian](#) | [Catalan](#) | [Chinese \(Simplified | Traditional\)](#) | [Croatian](#) | [Czech](#) | [Danish](#) | [Dari](#) | [Dutch](#) | [English](#) | [Estonian](#) | [Farsi](#) | [Finnish](#) | [French](#) | [German](#) | [Greek](#) | [Hebrew](#) | [Hindi](#) | [Hungarian](#) | [Icelandic](#) | [Indonesian](#) | [Italian](#) | [Japanese](#) | [Korean](#) | [Latvian](#) | [Lithuanian](#) | [Malay](#) | [Norwegian](#) | [Pashtu](#) | [Polish](#) | [Portuguese \(Brazil | Portugal\)](#) | [Romanian](#) | [Russian](#) | [Serbian](#) | [Slovak](#) | [Slovene](#) | [Spanish](#) | [Swedish](#) | [Thai](#) | [Turkish](#) | [Ukrainian](#) | [Urdu](#) | [Vietnamese](#)

12 multilingual glossaries

- ▶ Reverse the translations from any language (L2) back to English (EN)
- ▶ Edit the L2 Translations into L2 Headwords, maintaining the default links to the EN Entries
- ▶ Edit the links from the L2 Headword to the original specific meaning of the EN Entry
- ▶ Each meaning of the L2 Headword refers to appropriate meanings of the EN Entry – and thereby to all languages
- ▶ Expand the lexical data concerning the L2 Headword and turn it into a full L2 Entry

Swedish sample – *bortsprungnen* (1)

I. runaway noun

a person, animal etc that runs away

◇ *The police caught the two runaways.*

▫ *(also adjective) a runaway horse.*

af - wegloper | ar - هَارِب، شَارِد، جَامِح | bg - беглец | br - fugitivo | ca - fugitiu |
cs - uprchlík/-ice, uprchlý | de - der/die Ausreißer(in); durchgebrannt | dk -
bortløben | el - φυγάδας | es - fugitivo | et - põgenik | fa - فراری | fi - karkuri |
fr - fugitif/-ive | he - פָּרוֹג | hi - अनियंत्रित, उच्छृंखल, बहुत सहज | hr -
odbjegao | hu - szökevény | id - pelarian | it - fuggiasco, fuggitivo | ja - 逃亡者 |
ko - 도망자 | lt - pabėgėlis; pabėgęs | lv - bēglis; izbēdzis | ml - cabut lari | nl -
vluchteling | pl - zbiec | prs - فراری | ps - فراری | pt - fugitivo | ro - evadat, fugar
| ru - беглец | sk - utečenec/-ka; na úteku, ktorý ušiel | sl - ubežnik; pobegel |
sr - odbegao | th - ผู้หลบหนี | tr - kaçak, firari | tw - 逃跑的人或動物 | uk -
утікач; дезертир | ur - فرار ہو جانا | vi - kẻ chạy trốn | zh - 潜逃者, 逃跑者

Swedish sample – *bortsprungen* (2)

2. **stray** adjective

wandering or lost

◇ *stray cats and dogs.*

af - weglopend | **ar** - شارد، ضال، تائه | **bg** - изгубен | **br** - perdido |
ca - perdut, extraviat, llista de carrers | **cs** - zatoulaný | **de** - streunend |
dk - omstrefende; herreløs | **el** - αδέσποτος | **es** - perdido, extraviado,
callejero | **et** - hulkuv | **fa** - گمشده | **fi** - kuljeksiva | **fr** - errant | **he** - טר בַּיִת
| **hi** - भटका, भूलाभटका | **hr** - zalutao, zabludio | **hu** - elkóborolt | **id** - sesat
| **it** - randagio | **ja** - はぐれた | **ko** - 길잃은 | **lt** - benamis, valkataujantis |
lv - noklīdis; klaiņojošs | **ml** - terbiar | **nl** - zwerf- | **pl** - bezdomny |
prs - گمشده | **ps** - ورک شوی | **pt** - perdido | **ro** - răătăcit | **ru** - бездомный |
sk - zatúlaný | **sl** - klateški | **sr** - izgubljen | **th** - ซึ่งพลัดหลง | **tr** - başıboş
dolaşan | **tw** - 漫遊的 | **uk** - бездомний | **ur** - آوارہ یا لاوارث | **vi** - lạc, mất |
zh - 漫游的

global series – overview

- ▶ A rich lexicographic dataset for each language
- ▶ Based on English pedagogical lexicography principles
- ▶ Lexical deconstruction and reconstructions
- ▶ Serve as a base to develop monolingual, bilingual and multilingual solutions
- ▶ Add full translation equivalents to LI in other languages
- ▶ Adapt content specifically for each language pair
- ▶ Use the data differently to suit each target group and usage (L1/L2, language learning, translation, etc.)
- ▶ Apply the data in electronic forms
- ▶ Incorporate the data with NLP/LT

global series – *languages*

- ▶ Arabic
- ▶ Chinese Simp.
- ▶ Chinese Trad.
- ▶ Czech
- ▶ Danish
- ▶ Dutch (2)
- ▶ English
- ▶ French (2)
- ▶ German (2)
- ▶ Greek
- ▶ Hebrew
- ▶ Hindi
- ▶ Italian (2)
- ▶ Japanese
- ▶ Korean
- ▶ Latin
- ▶ Norwegian
- ▶ Polish
- ▶ Portuguese Braz.
- ▶ Portuguese Port.
- ▶ Russian
- ▶ Spanish (3)
- ▶ Swedish (2)
- ▶ Thai
- ▶ Turkish

global series – *linguistic DNA*

AlternativeScripting

AlternativeSpelling

Antonym

CompositionalPhrase

CrossReference

Definition

Example

GeographicalUsage

GrammaticalGender

GrammaticalNumber

HomographNumber

Lemma

Morphology

PartOfSpeech

Pronunciation

RangeOfApplication

Register

SenseIndicator

SenseQualifier

SubCategorization

SubjectField

Synonym

global series – *microstructure*

headword

- ▶ Lemma
- ▶ Pronunciation
- ▶ Part of speech
- ▶ Gender
- ▶ Grammatical number
- ▶ Irregular forms
- ▶ Alternative scripts

global series – *microstructure*

attributes

- ▶ Geographical Usage
- ▶ Subject Field
- ▶ Register
- ▶ Range of Application
- ▶ Sense Qualifier
- ▶ Synonym
- ▶ Antonym

global series – *microstructure*

definition

- ▶ A succinct definition for each sense of the entry

sense indicator

- ▶ Hypernym or context ‘preposition-filler’ (e.g. *of* house repairs) for sense disambiguation in polysemous entries

translation

- ▶ L2 equivalent for each sense, with pronunciation, conjugations, grammatical gender and number (NOT a translation of the definition itself)

global series – *indicator vs definition*

definition

- ▶ ACCUEIL *nm*
 1. manière de recevoir qqn ou qqch ◇ *faire bon / mauvais accueil à qqn*
 2. lieu ou on recoit des visiteurs ◇ *Adressez-vous à l'accueil !*

sense indicator

- ▶ ACCUEIL *nm*
 1. réception ◇ *faire bon / mauvais accueil à qqn*
 2. lieu ◇ *Adressez-vous à l'accueil !*

global series – *microstructure*

example of usage

- ▶ Example(s) of usage for each sense of polysemous entries, preferably consisting of a short phrase (rather than a full sentence)

translation

- ▶ L2 idiomatic equivalent of the example

global series – *microstructure*

phrases

- ▶ Idiomatic expressions (idioms, collocations, phrasal verbs, etc.) with/without definition and/or example, as part of a given sense or consisting of a sense on its own

translation

- ▶ L2 idiomatic equivalent of the phrase (NOT of its definition) and its examples

global series – *microstructure*

sub-headword

- ▶ Run-on of the main entry, may include any of its components

translation

- ▶ L2 equivalent of each component

global series - *sample*

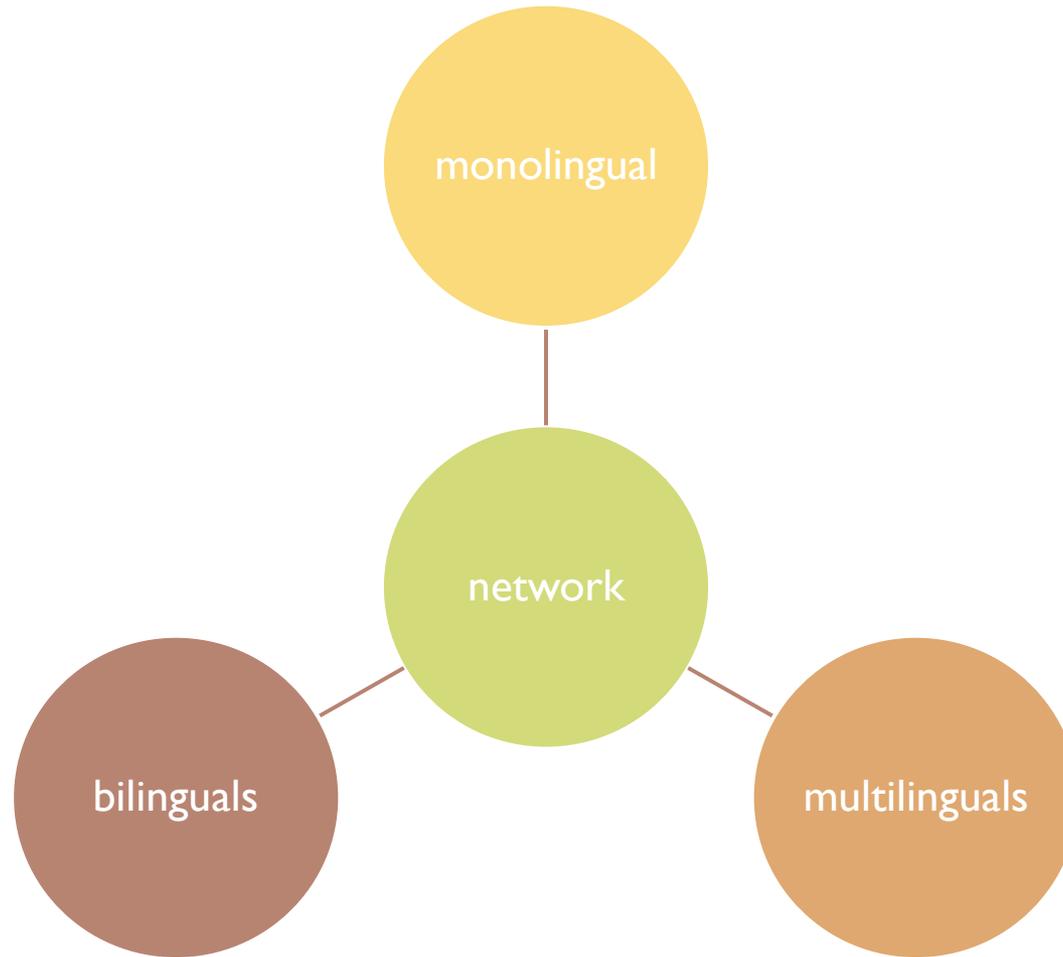
- ▶ monolingual

<http://kdictionaries-online.com/nIMLDSplus.aspx>

- ▶ bilingual

- ▶ multilingual

global series – *multi-layer creation & processing*



global series – *multi-layer*

- ▶ <http://kictionaries-online.com/frMLDS.aspx?Languages=ar,zh,nl,de>

LT application

- ▶ Machine translation
- ▶ Language learning
- ▶ Text processing, search engines, etc.
- ▶ User guides, travel guides, menus, etc.
- ▶ Text-To-Speech, STT, etc.

thank you

- ▶ **THANK YOU** ['θæŋ ju:] *interjection*
an expression of thanks
 - ◇ *Thank you for your attention* 😊

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