XHTML Role Attribute Module

A module to support role classification of elements

W3C Editor’s Draft 23 October 2008

This version:
http://www.w3.org/TR/2008/ED-xhtml-role-20081023

Latest version:
http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml-role

Previous version:
http://www.w3.org/TR/2008/WD-xhtml-role-20080407/

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This document is also available in these non-normative formats: PostScript version, PDF version, ZIP archive, and Gzip’d TAR archive.

The English version of this specification is the only normative version. Non-normative translations may also be available.

Abstract

The XHTML Role Attribute defined in this specification allows the author to annotate XML Languages with machine-extractable semantic information about the purpose of an element. Use cases include accessibility, device adaptation, server-side processing, and complex data description. This attribute can be integrated into any markup language based upon XHTML Modularization [XHTMLMOD [p.17] ].
Status of This Document

This section describes the status of this document at the time of its publication. Other documents may supersede this document. A list of current W3C publications and the latest revision of this technical report can be found in the [W3C technical reports index](http://www.w3.org/TR/).

This document is a Candidate Recommendation of the XHTML Role module. It is based upon comments received during the last call period, and also upon work done in the definition of [XHTML2](http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/2008/xhtml-role-lc2-doc-20081018.html). It is considered mature and stable by the working group. A record of how the comments from the last call period were addressed is available at [http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/2008/xhtml-role-lc2-doc-20081018.html](http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/2008/xhtml-role-lc2-doc-20081018.html). An implementation report is available at [http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/2008/xhtml-role-impl-report.html](http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/2008/xhtml-role-impl-report.html). The working group invites comments on this draft through 15 January 2009. Comments should be addressed to www-html-editor@w3.org. All comments sent to that address are available in a [public archive](http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/2008/xhtml-role-lc2-doc-20081018.html).

The working group intends to submit this document for consideration as a W3C Proposed Recommendation after 15 January 2009 having met the following criteria:

1. At least two markup languages incorporate the attribute defined by this module.
2. At least two interoperable implementations support one or more of those languages.
3. All issues raised during the CR period against this document have received formal responses.

Publication as a Candidate Recommendation does not imply endorsement by the W3C Membership. This is a draft document and may be updated, replaced or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to cite this document as other than work in progress.

This document has been produced by the [W3C XHTML 2 Working Group](http://www.w3.org/2002/01/xhtml-core) as part of the [HTML Activity](http://www.w3.org/2002/htmlwg). The goals of the XHTML 2 Working Group are discussed in the [XHTML 2 Working Group charter](http://www.w3.org/2002/01/xhtml-core).

This document was produced by a group operating under the [5 February 2004 W3C Patent Policy](http://www.w3.org/2001/06/pr-activities.html). W3C maintains a [public list of any patent disclosures](http://www.w3.org/2002/01/xhtml-core) made in connection with the deliverables of the group; that page also includes instructions for disclosing a patent. An individual who has actual knowledge of a patent which the individual believes contains [Essential Claim(s)](http://www.w3.org/2002/01/xhtml-core) must disclose the information in accordance with section 6 of the W3C Patent Policy.

Please report errors in this specification to www-html-editor@w3.org [archive](http://www.w3.org/2002/01/xhtml-core). It is inappropriate to send discussion email to this address. Public discussion may take place on www-html@w3.org [archive](http://www.w3.org/2002/01/xhtml-core).

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1. Introduction

This section is informative.

This document is a module designed to be used to help extend the scope of XHTML-family markup languages into new environments. It has been developed in conjunction with the accessibility community and other groups to make it easier to describe the semantic meaning of XHTML-family document content.
2. Conformance Requirements

This section is *normative*.

The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119][p.17].

Note that all examples in this document are informative, and are not meant to be interpreted as normative requirements.

2.1. Document Conformance

XHTML Role Attribute Module is not a stand-alone document type. It is intended to be integrated into other host languages such as XHTML. A conforming XHTML Role Attribute Module document is a document that requires only the facilities described as mandatory in this specification and the facilities described as mandatory in its host language. Such a document must meet all the following criteria:

1. The document MUST conform to the constraints expressed in its host language implementation.

2. If the host language is in the XHTML Namespace, there are no additional requirements. If the host language is not in the XHTML namespace, and the host language does not incorporate this module into its own namespace, then the document MUST contain an XML namespace declaration for the XHTML Role Attribute Module namespace [XMLNAMES][p.17]. The namespace for XHTML Role Attribute Module is defined to be http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml. An example start tag of a root element might look like:

   *This example is informative*

```xml
<mylang xmlns="http://www.example.com/dtd/mylang" xmlns:xh="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang="en" >
```

2.2. Host Language Conformance

When the XHTML Role Attribute Module is included in a host language, all of the facilities required in this specification MUST be included in the host language. In addition, the attribute defined in this specification MUST be included in the content model of the host language.
3. The XHTML Role Attribute

This section is normative.

The Role Attribute Module defines the role attribute. The role attribute takes as its value one or more whitespace separated CURIES [CURIE[p.17]]. Each CURIE maps to a URI that corresponds to a vocabulary term that SHOULD be defined using RDF.

Note that the CURIE specification indicates CURIEs can be prefixed (of the form prefix:reference), can rely upon a default prefix (of the form :reference), or can be from a collection of reserved values (of the form reference). This specification defines the mapping for the default prefix to be http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/vocab#. The host language MAY define a different default prefix mapping. Any value that consists of just a reference MUST use the default prefix mapping http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/vocab#. For a list of all roles in the vocabulary referenced by the default prefix, see [XHTMLVOCAB[p.17]].

The attribute describes the role(s) the current element plays in the context of the document. This can be used, for example, by applications and assistive technologies to determine the purpose of an element. This could allow a user to make informed decisions on which actions may be taken on an element and activate the selected action in a device independent way. It could also be used as a mechanism for annotating portions of a document in a domain specific way (e.g., a legal term taxonomy). Although the role attribute may be used to add semantics to an element, authors SHOULD use elements with inherent semantics, such as <p>, rather than layering semantics on semantically neutral elements, such as <div role="paragraph">.

The following is an example of a good, appropriate use of the role attribute:

This example is informative

```
<ul role="navigation">
  <li href="downloads">Downloads</li>
  <li href="docs">Documentation</li>
  <li href="news">News</li>
</ul>
```

The next example, on the other hand, is a poor use of the role attribute because it attempts to apply semantics of an element that already exists onto some other element:

This example is informative

```
<p>Do you agree with the above license?
  <span role="checkbox">Yes</span>
  <span role="checkbox">No</span>
</p>
```

A more appropriate use of this module would be to use the existing checkbox element:

This example is informative
3.1. Extending the collection of roles

It is possible to define additional role values. Such values MUST be defined in their own vocabulary. Note that current best practice is that the URI associated with that vocabulary resolve to a resource that allows for the discovery of the definition of the roles in the vocabulary.
A. DTD Implementation

This appendix is informative.

The DTD implementation of XHTML Role Attribute Module conforms to the requirements defined in [XHTMLMOD[p.17]]. Consequently, it provides a Qualified Names declaration module.

A.1. Qualified Names Module

Note that this module defines the parameter entity %xhtml-role-attrs.qname;. This entity is intended to be used in the attribute lists of elements in any host language that permits the use of the role attribute on elements in its own namespace. If a host language does not permit role in its namespace, then the host language driver should set a parameter entity %XHTML-ROLE.prefixed; to INCLUDE and a parameter entity %XHTML-ROLE.prefix; to a value that is the prefix for the XHTML Role Attribute Module attribute.
to activate namespace prefixing. The default value should inherit '%NS.prefixed;' from the DTD driver, so that unless overridden, the default behavior follows the overall DTD prefixing scheme.

<!--
<!ENTITY % NS.prefixed "IGNORE" >
<!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.prefixed "%NS.prefixed;" >

<!-- 2. Declare a parameter entity (eg., %XHTML-ROLE.xmlns;) containing the URI reference used to identify the XHTML Role Attribute namespace
-->
<!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.xmlns "http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" >

<!-- 3. Declare parameter entities (eg., %XML.prefix;) containing the default namespace prefix string(s) to use when prefixing is enabled. This may be overridden in the DTD driver or the internal subset of an document instance. If no default prefix is desired, this may be declared as an empty string.

NOTE: As specified in [XMLNAMES], the namespace prefix serves as a proxy for the URI reference, and is not in itself significant.
-->
<!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.prefix "" >

<!-- 4. Declare parameter entities (eg., %XHTML-ROLE.pfx;) containing the colonized prefix(es) (eg., '%XHTML-ROLE.pfx;:') used when prefixing is active, an empty string when it is not.
-->
<!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.pfx "%XHTML-ROLE.prefix;:" >

<!-- declare qualified name extensions here ............ -->
<!ENTITY % xhtml-role-qname-extra.mod "" >

<!-- 5. The parameter entity %XHTML-ROLE.xmlns.extra.attrib; may be redeclared to contain any non-XHTML Role Attribute namespace declaration attributes for namespaces embedded in XML. The default is an empty string. XLink should be included here if used in the DTD.
-->
<!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.xmlns.extra.attrib "" >

<!-- Section B: XML Qualified Names :-----------------------------: -->

<!-- 6. This section declares parameter entities used to provide namespace-qualified names for the XHTML role attribute.
-->
<!ENTITY % xhtml-role.role.qname "%XHTML-ROLE.pfx;role" >

<!-- The following defines a PE for use in the attribute sets of elements in other namespaces that want to incorporate the XHTML role attribute. Note

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that in this case the XHTML-ROLE.pfx should be defined. -->

<!ENTITY % xhtml-role.attrs.qname
"%XHTML-ROLE.pfx;role CDATA #IMPLIED"
>

<!-- end of xhtml-role-qname-1.mod -->
B. Schema Implementation

This appendix is *normative*.

The schema implementation of XHTML Role Attribute Module conforms to the requirements defined in [XHTMLMOD][p.17]. It is included here as an example implementation.

B.1. Attributes Module

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema
 xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
 elementFormDefault="qualified"
 xmlns:xh11d="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/datatypes/"
 >
 <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/datatypes/"
   schemaLocation="xhtml-datatypes-1.xsd"/>

<xs:annotation>
  <xs:documentation>
    This is the XML Schema attribute module for XHTML Role
    $Id: xhtml-role-attrib-1.xsd,v 1.1 2008/01/28 18:01:58 ahby Exp$
  </xs:documentation>
  <xs:documentation source="xhtml-copyright-1.xsd"/>
  <xs:documentation source="http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml-role#A_role"/>
  <xs:attribute name="role" type="xh11d:CURIEs"/>
</xs:schema>
```
C. References

This appendix is normative.

C.1. Normative References

[CURIE]
Available at: http://www.w3.org/TR/2008/WD-curie-20080402/
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[RFC2119]
[Key words for use in RFCs to indicate requirement levels], RFC 2119, S. Bradner, March 1997.
Available at: http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

[XHTMLMOD]
[Modularization of XHTML™ 1.1], W3C Recommendation, D. Austin et al., eds., 8 October 2008.
Available at: http://www.w3.org/TR/2008/REC-xhtml-modularization-20081008
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[XHTMLVOCAB]
[XHTML Vocabulary], XHTML 2 Working Group.
Available at: http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/vocab

[XMLNAMES]
[Namespaces in XML], W3C Recommendation, T. Bray et al., eds., 14 January 1999.
Available at: http://www.w3.org/1999/REC-xml-names-19990114
The latest version is available at: http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml-names

C.2. Other References

[XHTML]
[XHTML™ 1.0: The Extensible HyperText Markup Language (Second Edition)], S. Pemberton et al., 26 January 2000, revised 1 August 2002.
Available at: http://www.w3.org/TR/2002/REC-xhtml1-20020801
The latest version is available at: http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1

[XHTML2]
[XHTML™ 2.0], J. Axelsson et al., 27 May 2005.
Available at: http://www.w3.org/TR/2005/WD-xhtml2-20050527
The latest version is available at: http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml2
D. Acknowledgments

This section is informative.

At the time of publication, the participants in the W3C XHTML 2 Working Group were: