



KYOTO

a platform for anchoring textual meaning across
languages

Piek Vossen
VU University Amsterdam
p.vossen@let.vu.nl
www.kyoto-project.nl

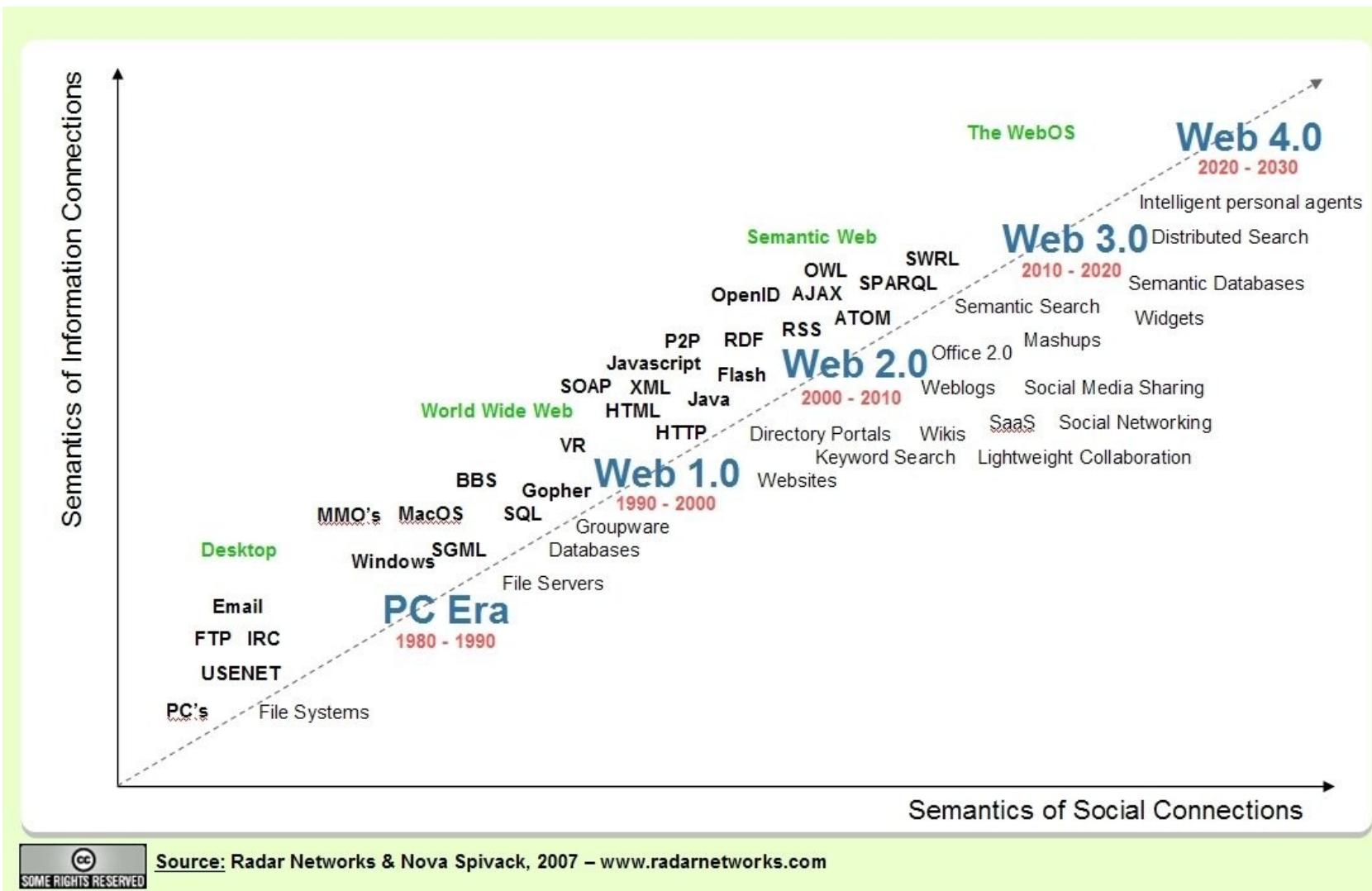
W3C Workshop:
The Multilingual Web - Where Are We?
26-27 October 2010, Madrid



Why translate text if you can mine text and represent the knowledge and information in a language neutral form?

Warning: older versions of the web are not going to disappear!

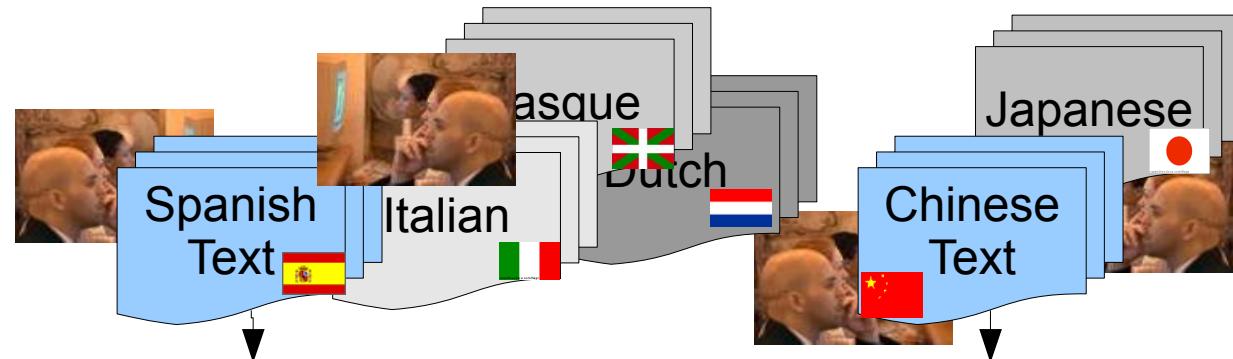
Evolution of the web

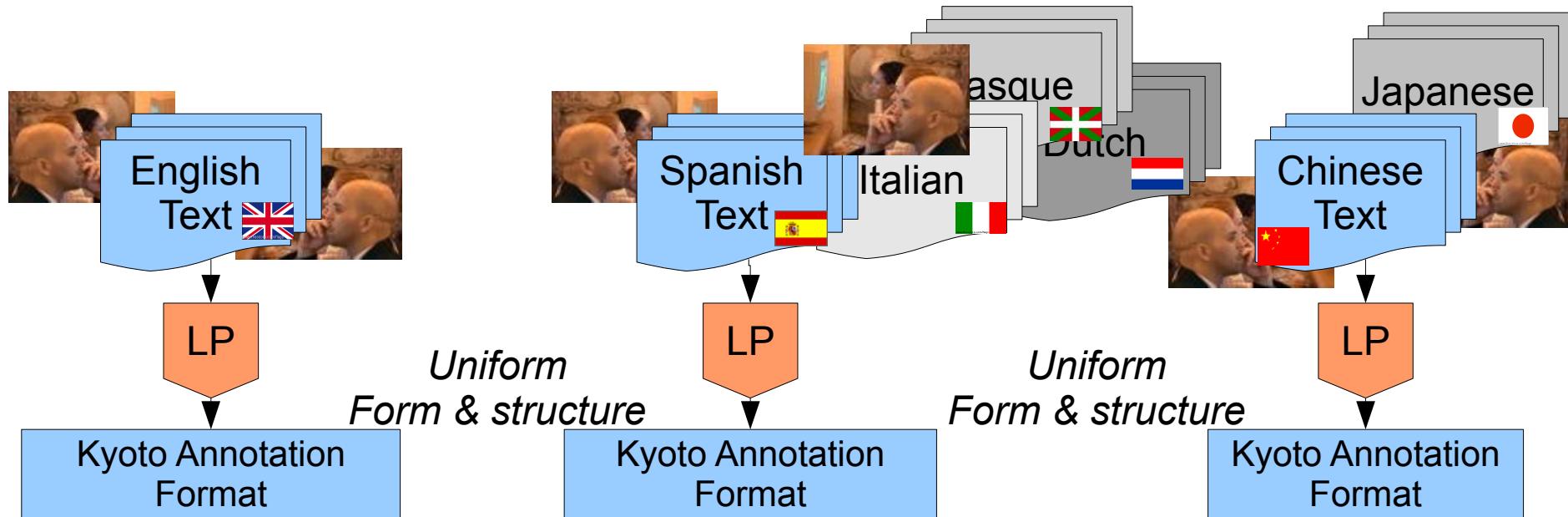


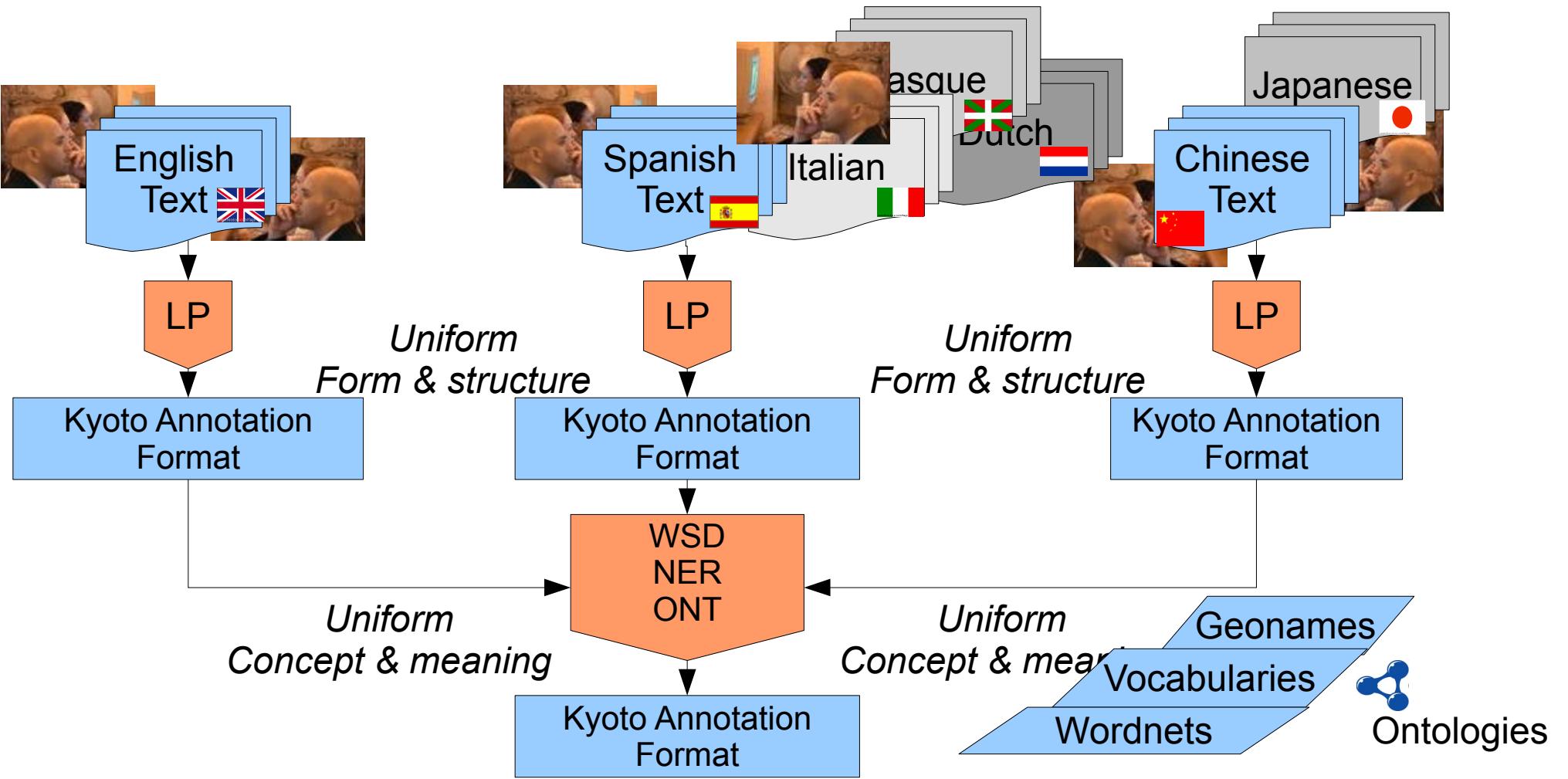
Source: Radar Networks & Nova Spivack, 2007 – www.radarnetworks.com

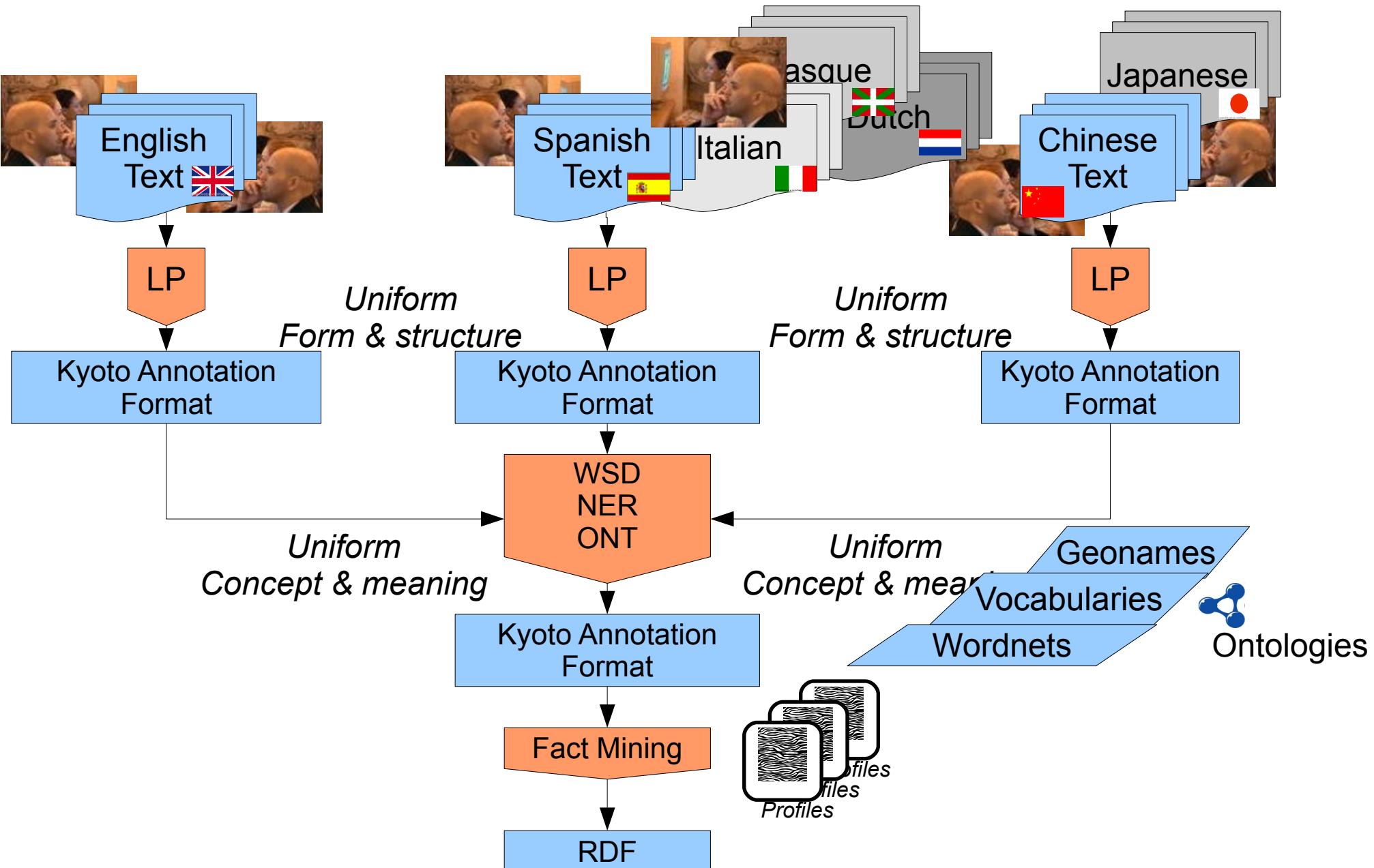
How to connect different versions of the web?

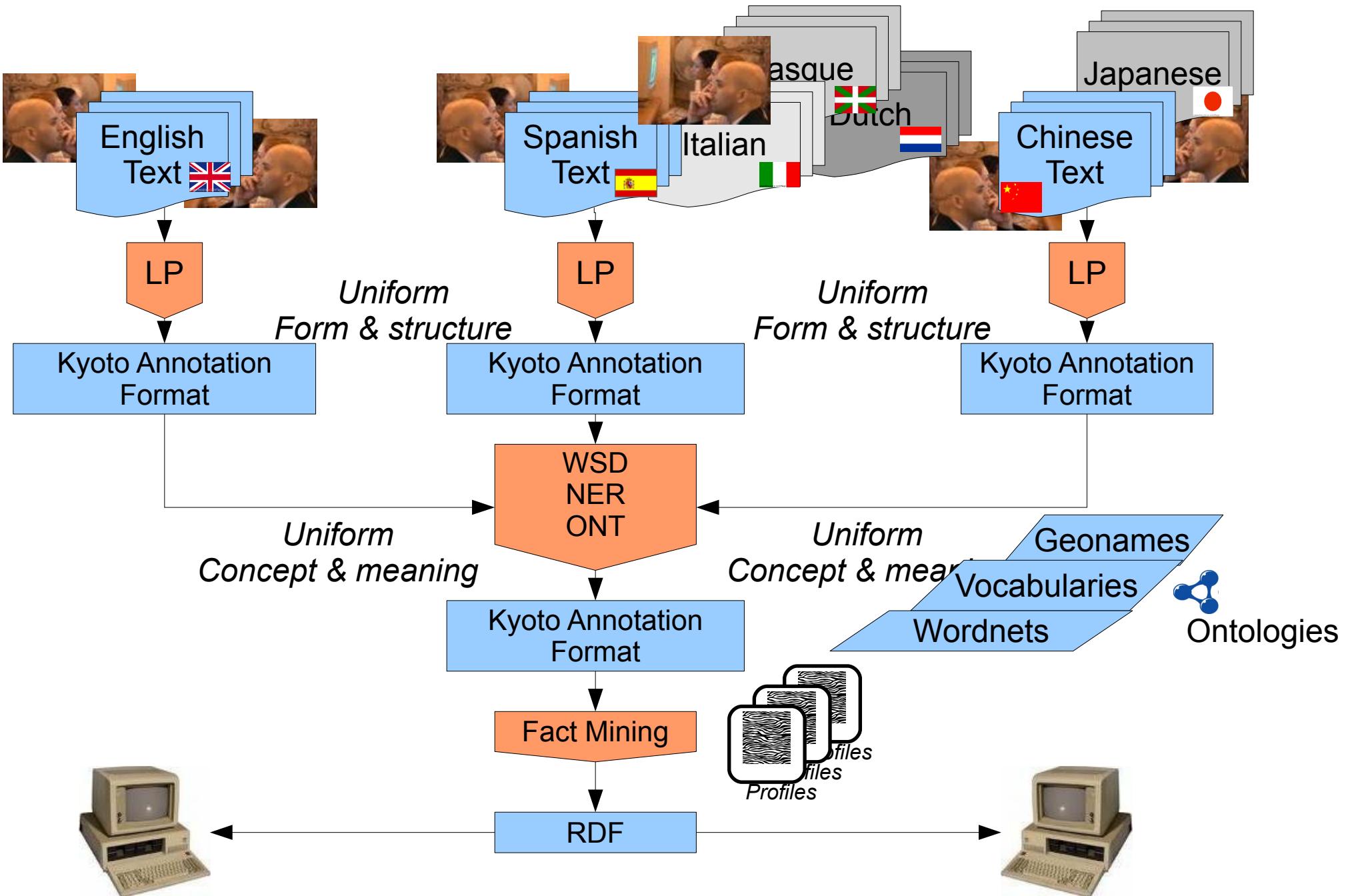
- Interoperable representation of the structure of language
- Interoperable representation of formal conceptual knowledge
- Methods to map natural language of Web1 and Web2 to the formal interoperable representations that can be used in Web3 and that allow agents to join Web2 in Web4

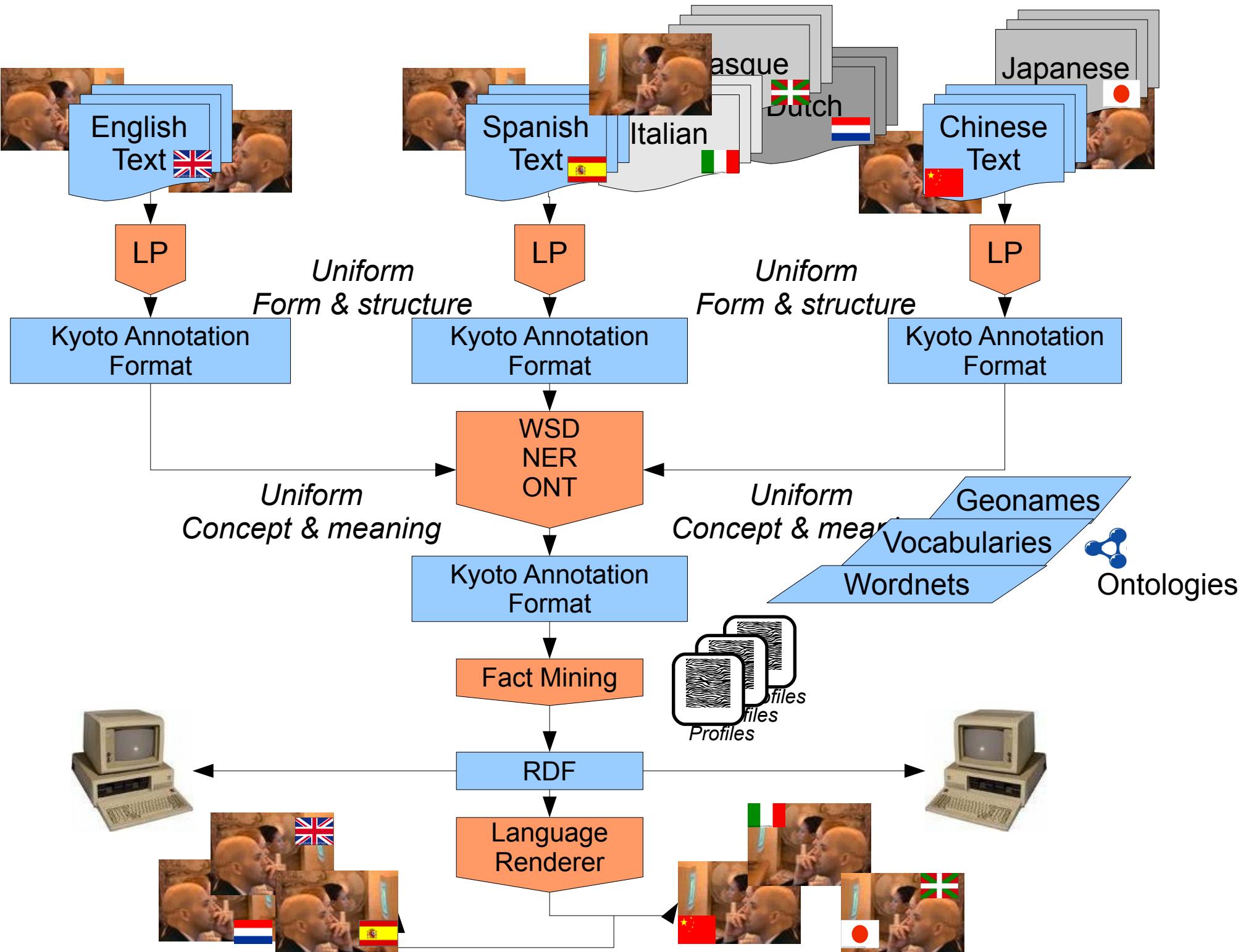






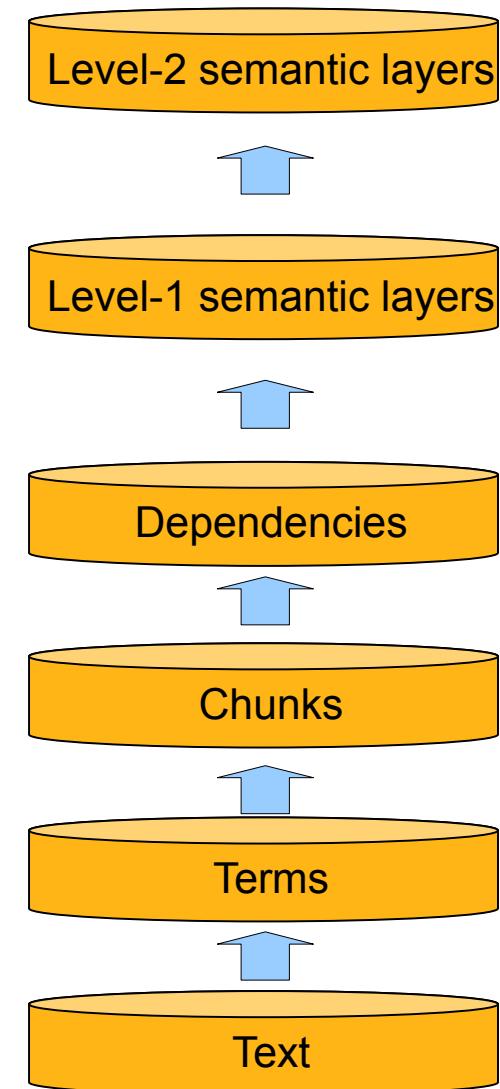






Kyoto Annotation Format (KAF)

- Stands off annotation based on Layered Annotation Format or LAF (Ide and Romary 2002)
 - **Text**: tokenization, sentences, paragraphs, with reference to the source
 - **Terms [Text]**: words and multi-words, includes parts-of-speech, declension information, etc.
 - **Chunks [Terms]**: constituents & phrases
 - **Dependencies [Terms]**: dependency relations between terms



Kyoto Annotation Format

Structural KAF

```
<kaf>
<text>
  <wf wid="w1" page="1" sent="1" para="1" f-offset="0,4">large</wf>
  <wf wid="w2" page="1" sent="1" para="1" f-offset="6,14">migratory</wf>
  <wf wid="w3" page="1" sent="1" para="1" f-offset="16,20">birds</wf>
</text>
<terms>
  <term tid="t1" type="open" lemma="large" pos="G">
    <span id="w1"/><!-- refers to "large" (w1) -->
  </term>
  <term tid="t2" type="open" lemma="migratory bird" pos="N">
    <span id="w2"/><span id="w3"/>
  </term>
</terms>
</kaf>
```

Structural KAF

```
<kaf>
  <text>...</text><!-- defines w1, w2, w3 -->
  <terms>...</terms><!-- defines t1, t2 -->

  <deps>
    <!-- dependency: "large" (t1) → "migratory birds" (t2) -->
    <dep from="t1" to="t2" rfunc="mod"/>
  </deps>

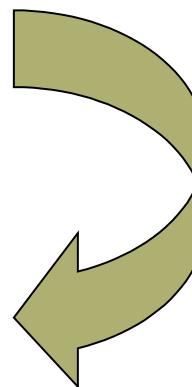
  <chunks>
    <!-- two per cent -->
    <chunk cid="c1" head="t2" phrase="NP">
      <span id="t1"/><!-- refers to term: "large" -->
      <span id="t2"/><!-- refers to term: "migratory bird" -->
    </chunk>
  </chunks>
</kaf>
```

Kyoto Annotation Format

Semantic layers

```
<term tid="t4" type="open" lemma="population" pos="N">  
  <span>    <target id="w4"/>  </span>
```

The word population is present in 13 synsets		
Lemmi	Category	Glossa
population n1	noun.group	the people who inhabit a territory or state
population n2	noun.group	a group of organisms of the same species inhabiting a given area
population n3	universe n2	(statistics) the entire aggregation of items from which samples can be drawn
population n4	noun.quantity	the number of inhabitants (either the total number or the number of a particular race or class) in a given place (country or city etc.)
population n5	noun.act	the act of populating (causing to live in a place)
population n6	noun.group	group of species that live in a habitat
population commission n5	noun.group	the commission of the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations that is concerned with population control



```
<term tid="t4" type="open" lemma="population" pos="N">  
  <span>    <target id="w4"/>  </span>  
  <externalReferences>  
    < externalRef resource="WN-1.7" reference="EN-17-00859568-n" confidence="0.80 " />  
    < externalRef resource="WN-1.7" reference="EN-17-00257849-n" confidence="0.13 />  
    < externalRef resource="WN-1.7" reference="EN-17-00962397-n" confidence="0.07 />  
    <externalRef resource="DOLCE" reference="Group" confidence="0.80"/>  
  </externalReferences>  
</term>
```

Ontotagged KAF

```
<term lemma="water pollution" pos="N" tid="t13444" type="open">

<externalReferences>

  <externalRef reference="eng-30-14516743-n" confidence="0.8" resource="wn30g"/> <!-- WSD output -->

  <externalRef reftype="sc_hasParticipant" reference="Kyoto#water">

  <externalRef reftype="sc_hasRole" reference="DOLCE-Lite.owl#patient">

  <externalRef reftype="sc_subClassOf" reference="DOLCE-Lite.owl#contamination_pollution">

    <externalRef reftype="SubClassOf" reference="Kyoto#change-eng-3.0-00191142-n" status="implied"/>

    <externalRef reftype="SubClassOf" reference="DOLCE-Lite.owl#accomplishment" status="implied"/>

    <externalRef reftype="SubClassOf" reference="DOLCE-Lite.owl#event" status="implied"/>

    <externalRef reftype="SubClassOf" reference="DOLCE-Lite.owl#perdurant" status="implied"/>

  <externalRef>

</externalReferences>

</term>
```

Kybot mining profile

```
<kprofile>
  <variables>
    <var name="x" type="term" pos="N" ref="DOLCE-Lite.owl#physical-object"/>
    <var name="y" type="term" ref="Kyoto#creation" lemma="! make"/>
    <var name="z" type="term" ref="DOLCE-Lite.owl#accomplishment"
        reftype="SubClassOf"/>
  </variables>
  <relations>
    <root span="y"/>
    <rel span="x" pivot="y" direction="preceding" immediate="true"/>
    <rel span="z" pivot="y" direction="following"/>
  </relations>
  <events>
    <event target="$y/@tid" lemma="$y/@lemma" pos="$y/@pos"/>
    <role target="$x/@tid" rtype="done-by" lemma="$x/@lemma"/>
    <role target="$z/@tid" rtype="result" lemma="$z/@lemma"/>$
  </events>
</kprofile>
```

Kybot mining output

```
<kybotOut>
<doc name="11767.mw.wsd.ne.onto.kaf">
<event eid="e1" lemma="generate" pos="V" target="t3504"
      synset="eng-30-01621555-v" score="0.16">

</event>
<role rid="r1" lemma="sceptic system" rtype="done-by" target="t3493" pos="N"
      event="e1" synset="dw-eng-30-113-n" score="1.0"/>
<role rid="r2" lemma="pollution" rtype="result" target="t3495" pos="N" event="e1"
      synset="eng-30-14516743-n" score="0.85"/>
</doc>
</kybotOut>
```

Kybot mining output

```
<kybotOut>
<doc name="11767.mw.wsd.ne.onto.kaf">
<event eid="e1" lemma="generate" pos="V" target="t3504"
      synset="eng-30-01621555-v" score="0.16">
  <place countryCode="US" countryName="United States" fname="first-order admin
division" latitude="40.27" longitude="-76.90"
      name="Pennsylvania" population="12440621" timezone="America/New_York"/>
  <dateInfo dateISO="1950" lemma="1950"/>
</event>
<role rid="r1" lemma="sceptic system" rtype="done-by" target="t3493" pos="N"
      event="e1" synset="dw-eng-30-113-n" score="1.0"/>
<role rid="r2" lemma="pollution" rtype="result" target="t3495" pos="N" event="e1"
      synset="eng-30-14516743-n" score="0.85"/>
</doc>
</kybotOut>
```

Evaluation: triplet example

“.... in 2008 ([w12221](#)). Research continued on the disease ([w12239](#)) mycobacteriosis ([w12240](#)). Modeling results provided the first evidence of mycobacteriosis ([w12249](#)) mortality ([w12250](#)) in the striped ([w12253](#)) bass ([w12254](#)) population ([w12255](#)) in the Bay ([w12258](#)).”

(TIME, w12250 , w12221)	<!-- mortality, 2008 →
(DONE-BY, w12250 , w12239 ; w12240)	<!-- mortality, disease mycobacteriosis →
(PATIENT, w12250 , w12253 ; w12254 ; w12255)	<!-- mortality, striped bass population →
(LOCATION, w12250 , w12258 ,)	<!-- mortality, Bay →

First results for English

October-27th-2010

- Single document on Chesapeake Bay: 16,145 words
- Gold standard 348 event triplets
- System output: 968 event triplets
- Totally 9453 event triplets using 235 generic profiles
- Precision 31%, recall 71%

Search

cause

- 68 (missing this field)
- 8 done-by:estuary
- 4 done-by:river
- 4 done-by:water

Result

- 83 (missing this field)
- 3 patient:estuary
- 3 patient:river
- 2 patient:area

Location

- 63 (missing this field)
- 8 Humber
- 7 Chesapeake
- 4 Holderness
- 4 ...

Instrument

- 42 (missing this field)
- 9 participant:water

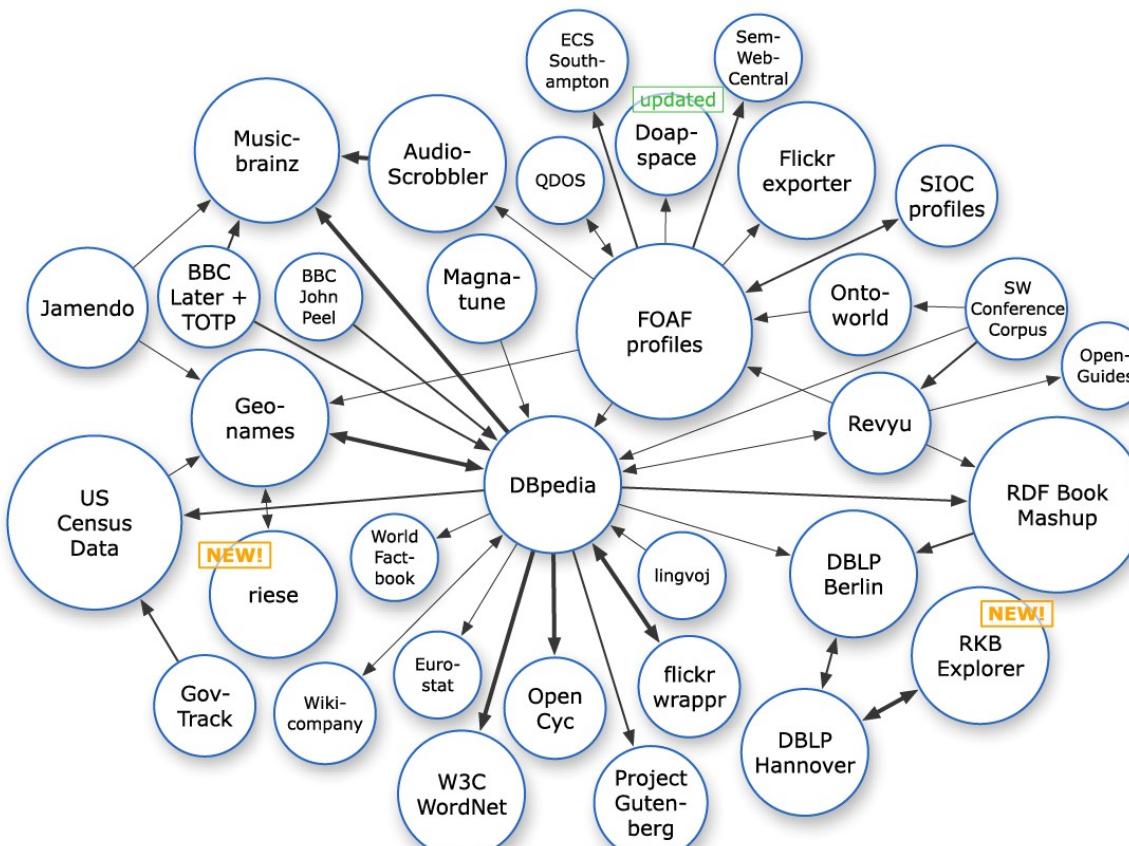
TABLE • TILES • LOCATIONS

100 Events

Prob.	Event	Cause	Result	Location	Date	Other	Page
1.13	erosion		patient:river and patient:coast	Holderness (peninsula)			3:6
1.13	erosion		patient:sea and patient:property	Holderness (peninsula)			3:3
1.06	erosion			Humber (populated place)		participant:pattern	3:5
1.06	erosion		patient:marsh				3:20
1.06	erosion					participant:work	2:29
1.06	erosion					participant:type	3:5
1.06	erosion		patient:area				3:12
1.06	erosion		patient:foreshore				3:20
0.35	passage effort			Chesapeake (populated place)		participant:fish	2:29
0.34	pollution	done-by:water, done-by:stream, done-by:creek, done-by:river, and done-by:bay					2:21
0.3	particle					part-of:dirt	2:19
0.29	coast	done-by:sand, done-by:wind, and					3:3

Linking Open Data dataset cloud

<http://richard.cyganiak.de/2007/10/lod/>



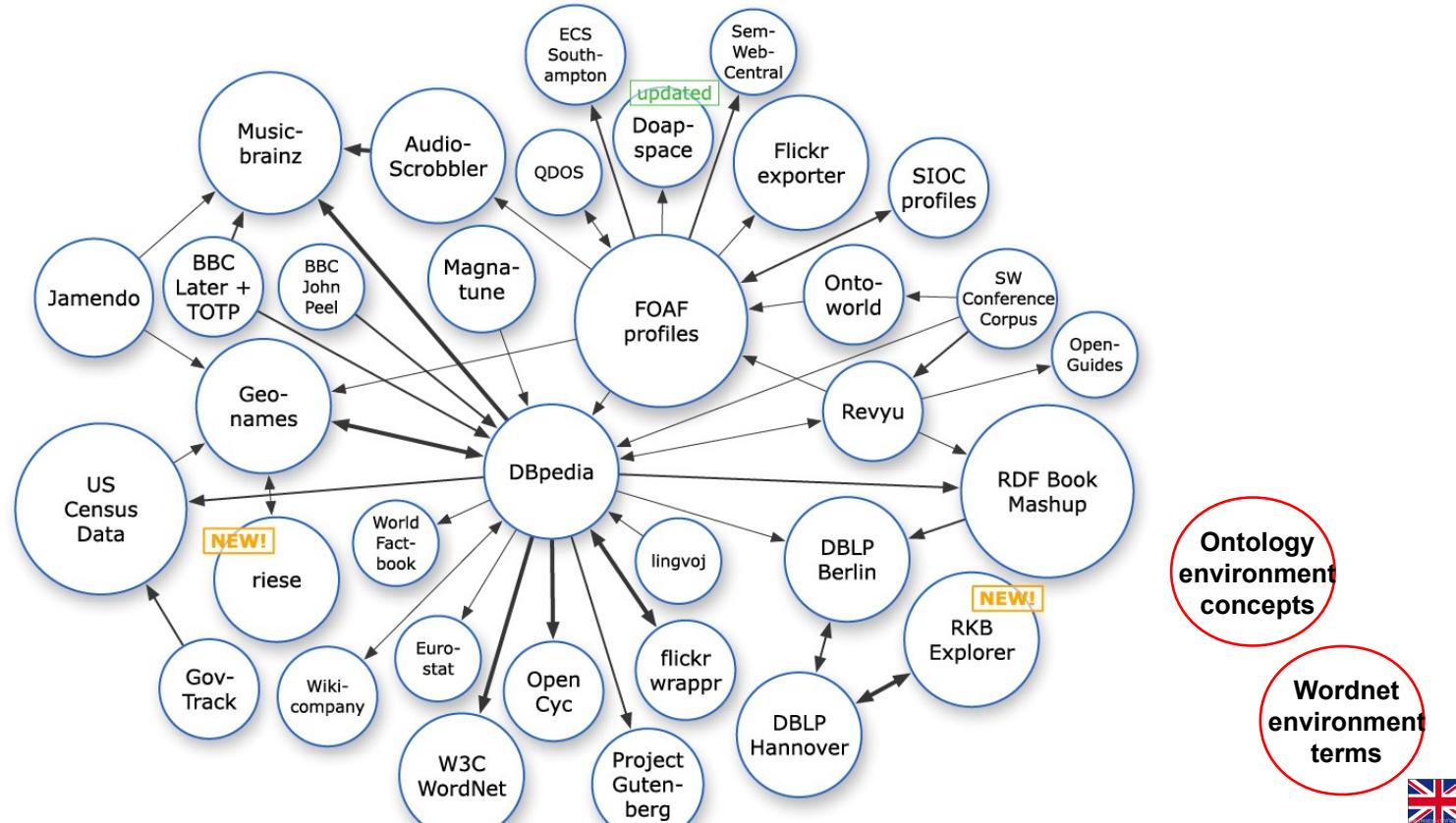
Unrecognized DOCTYPE declaration. Image might not display correctly.



100%

Linking Open Data dataset cloud

<http://richard.cyganiak.de/2007/10/lod/>



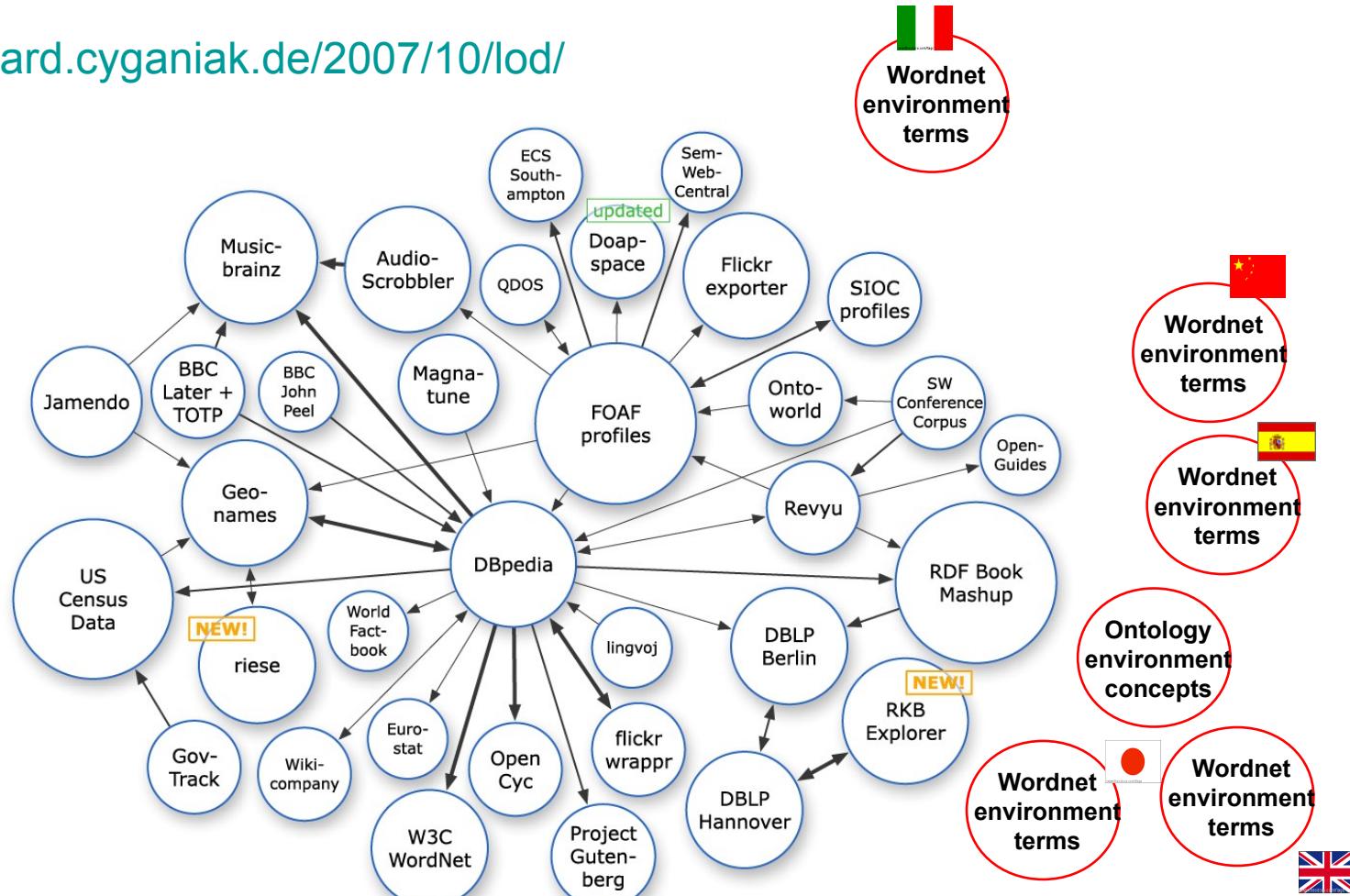
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Internet

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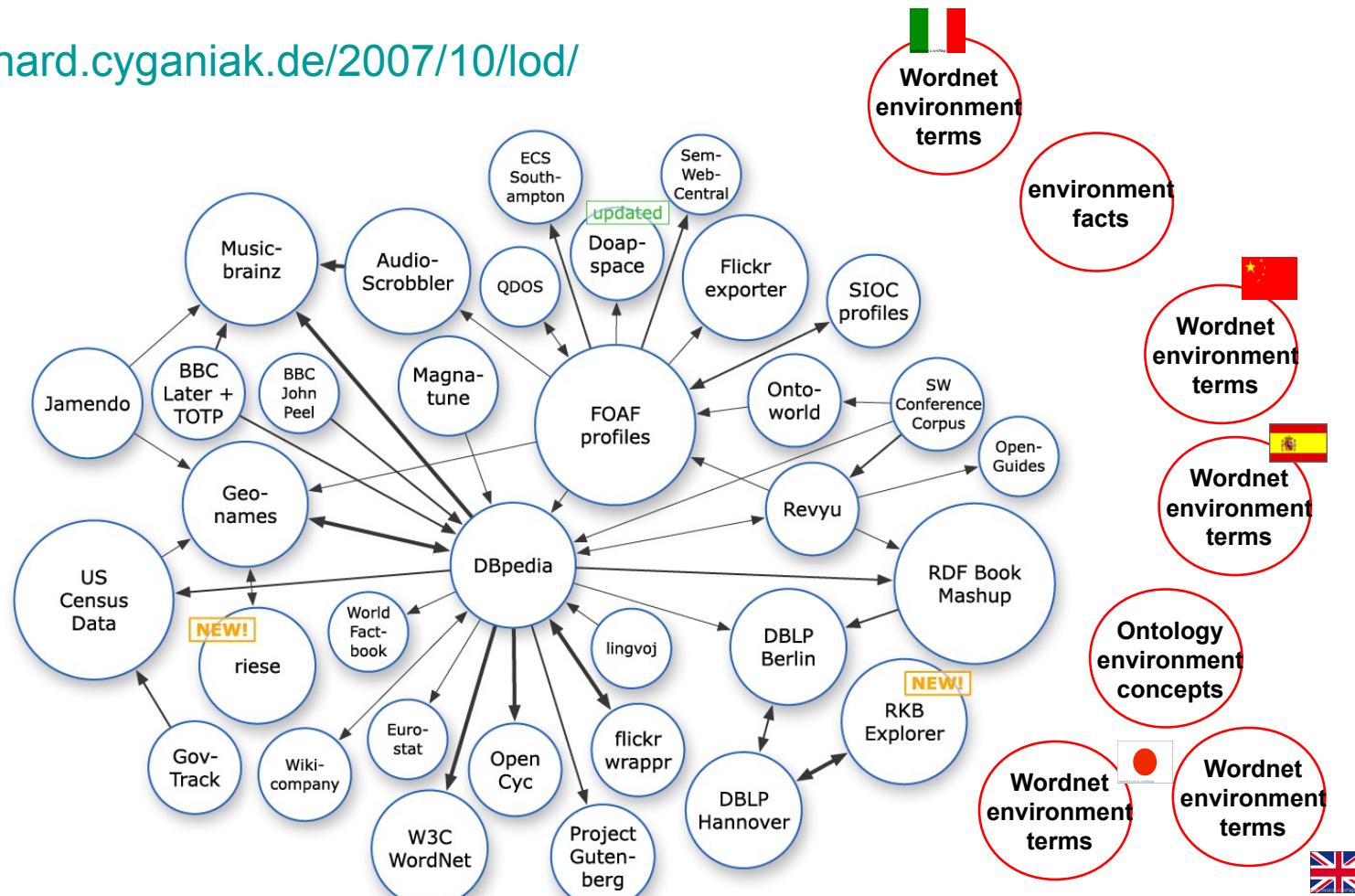
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Internet

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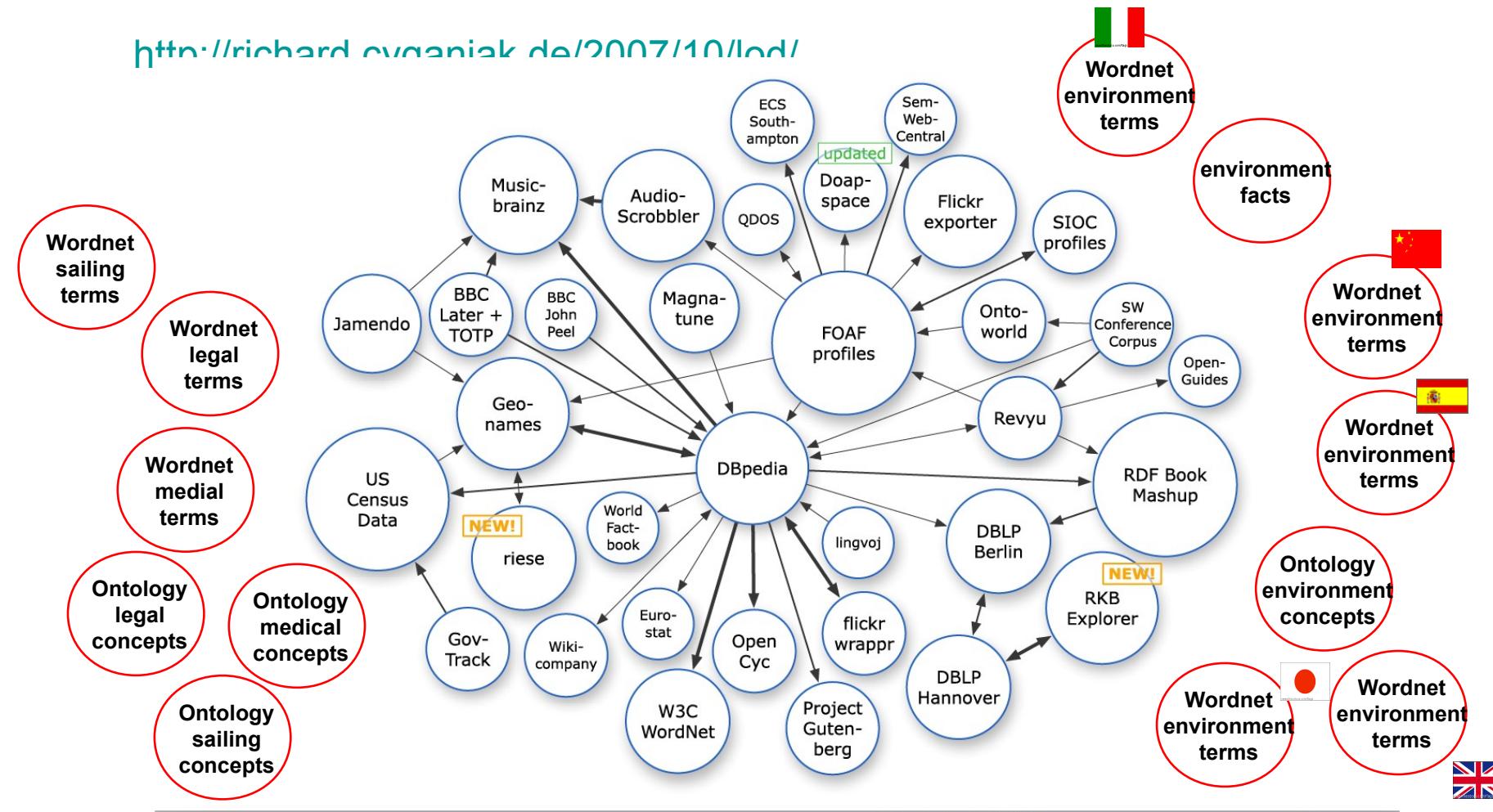
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Internet

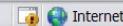
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<http://richard.cyganiak.de/2007/10/lod/>



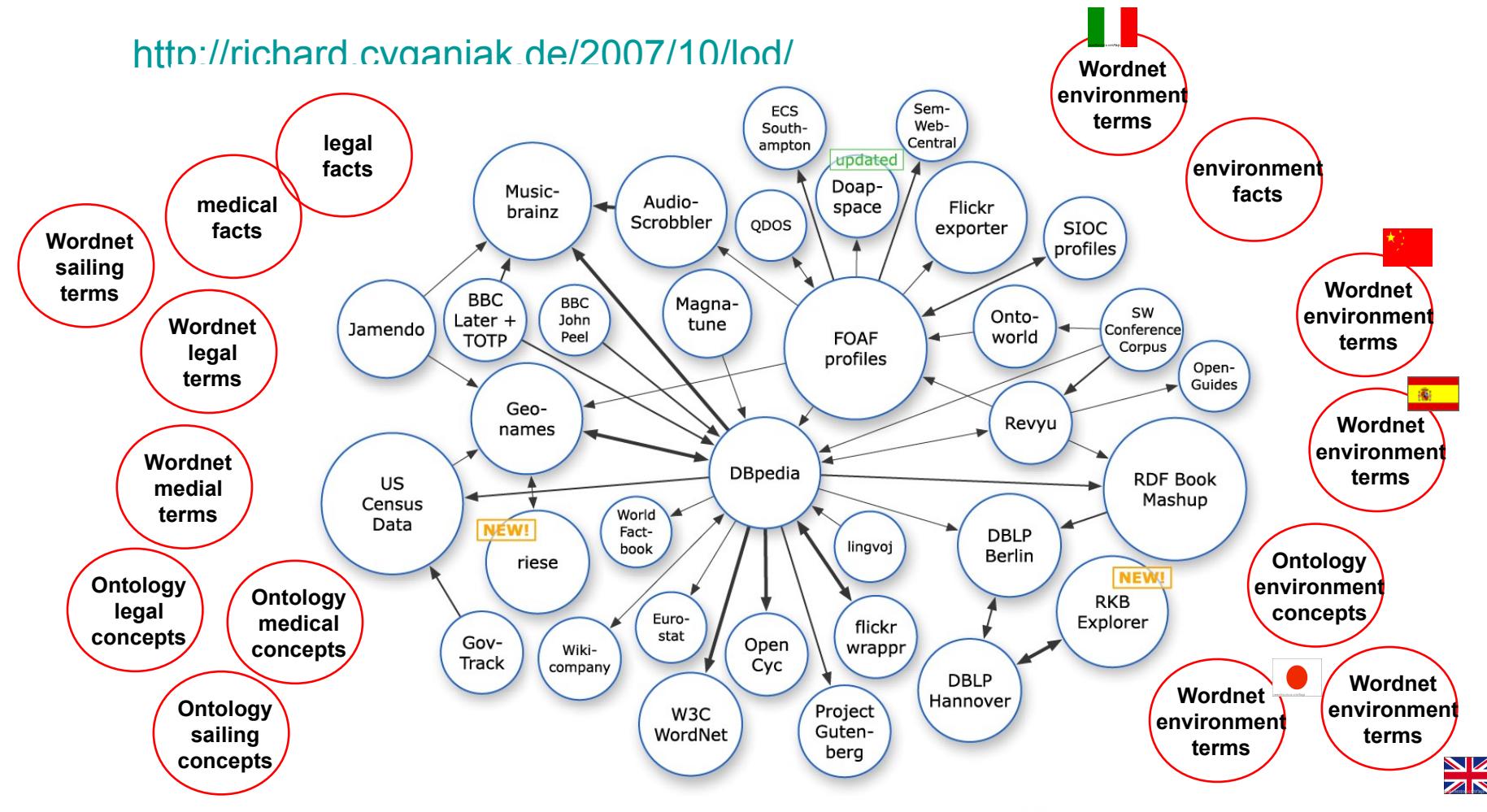
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Conclusions

- We should focus on mining textual data across language to convert web1 and web2 textual data to web3 RDF
- For this we need a uniform representation of text across different languages
- For this we need to anchor the vocabularies of all languages to a common conceptual backbone
- We need to focus on how to represent complex mined information in RDF
- We need to develop renderers of complex information in all languages