

Multilinguism and Linked Open Data in the EU Open Data Portal and other projects of the Publications Office

Audience: W3C Workshop: The Multilingual Web – Linked Open Data and MultilingualWeb-LT Requirements
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Re-use policy of the European Commission

- Commission's decision on the reuse of Commission documents (2011/833/EU, OJ L 330, page 39):
 - Increase efficiency of Commission's reuse regime with the objective to achieve broader reuse of such documents for commercial and non-commercial purposes
 - Extension of reuse to data and commitment for the set-up of a data portal
 - Standard conditions for reuse:
 - Acknowledgement of the source
 - No distortion of the original meaning or message
 - Non-liability of the Commission for any consequence stemming from the reuse
 - Free of charge



Positioning of the Publications Office

Publications Office (PO) = publisher of the EU Institutions
Daily publication of the Official Journal of the EU in 23 languages

Main public online services





Positioning of the Publications Office

- Commission reuse policy includes documents published by the Publications Office (PO) on behalf of the Commission
- PO is in charge of technical implementation of the Commission Open Data Portal (ODP) = single point of access to the structured data available for reuse
- PO is also setting up a "common portal" as a single point of access to all content and metadata managed by PO, i.e. related to official publications of the EU
 - PO involved in metadata standardisation on the EU Institution level, including member states (government services)



Availability and re-use of language resources in the NLP domain

Possible contributions of PO:

- Multilingual thesaurus (EuroVoc), including a Thesaurus Alignment Environment Objective: extension of general domains/concepts through alignment with specialized thesauri
- Multilingual controlled vocabularies and taxonomies ("common authority tables")
- Linked multilingual XHTML content (Official Journal, Case law...)



Current and future content delivery infrastructure for Linked-Multilingual Web Data

PO contributions (implementation ongoing):

- Storage and dissemination of metadata (for content and datasets) as well as of controlled vocabularies in RDF
- Set-up of a public Sparql endpoint
- Provision of persistant URIs (URI prefix: http://publications.europa.eu/)
- Support and encouragement of data providers to represent data in RDF
 - Provision of visualisation tools based on RDF (open data portal)



Organisational and technical issues relating to collaboration and access control

For the Open Data Portal:

- On the portal level there will be the possibility to contribute: « ideas », « forum »
- Data providers will have access to the catalogue data related to their own data sets

For the general dissemination architecture of PO:

 Scalability and access control through replication, in particular of the triple store (readonly nodes)



Crowd-sourced content annotation and adaptation of LOD language resources

Annotation of official content is problematic!

Are there use cases, requirements?

Are there ideas/strategies to organise participative collaboration between online communities and public service organisations?

Support of crowd-sourced activities by public services?

How to define and to support quality notions?



Provenance tracking, history and storage of LOD resources

Linked open data and authenticity:

- Is there something like a responsible organisation for particular linked open data?
- How to implement this concept?
- How to approve it?

This also includes preservation of history and storage of these data.

Examples in PO context:

- Release management for LOD resources (EuroVoc, controlled vocabularies)
- Preservation of historical data and mapping to previous codes (for controlled vocabularies)



Future application domains for Linked-Multilingual Web Data, i.e. e-Gov, Health

Stable and authoritative source for URIs of quality data « Guaranteed » and authorised relationships

- Official translations or even legal equivalence of resources in different languages (for example: EU legislation)
- Federation of open data based on linked open data (catalogue data) (pan-European data portal)
- Standardisation and linking of relevant public sector information.

Example: European Legislation Identifier (ELI), which is supposed to identify in a unique way, legislation adopted at regional, national and European level

Directive 2008/98/EC

ELI URI:http://eurlex.europa.eu/eli/dir/2008/98dir: directive2008: year98: number



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Linked Open Data and it's role in MultilingualWeb-LT metadata

Integration of linked open data through MultilingualWeb-LT metadata - standardized "hooks".

Reference from Web content items to entries in multilingual thesauri or authority tables to information about the trustworthiness and authenticity to legal identifiers, provenance information

Enrichment of Web content with high quality information resources as basis for improving machine translation and other multilingual technologies as well as localization workflows.

(Contribution of F. Sasaki)



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Thank you for your attention!

