

# **W3C WebRTC WG Meeting**

February 25, 2016 1pm PST

Chairs: Harald Alvestrand

Stefan Hakansson

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The meeting is being recorded.

# W3C WG IPR Policy

- This group abides by the W3C patent policy <https://www.w3.org/Consortium/Patent-Policy-20040205>
- Only people and companies listed at <https://www.w3.org/2004/01/pp-impl/47318/status> are allowed to make substantive contributions to the WebRTC specs

# Welcome!

- Welcome to the interim meeting of the W3C WebRTC WG!
- During this meeting, we hope to make progress on some outstanding issues before transition to CR
- Editor's Draft update to follow meeting

# About this Virtual Meeting

## Information on the meeting:

- Hangouts Meeting
  - [Participatory Hangout Link](#)
- Link to Slides has been published on [WG wiki](#)
- Scribe? IRC <https://irc.w3.org/> Channel: [#webrtc](#)

# For Discussion Today

- **Pull Requests**

- None yet

- **Issues**

- [296](#): [Bernard] Debugging ICE problems needs more info
- [457](#): [Bernard] Non-normative ICE state transition diagram
- [332](#): [Adam] Timing of ICE gathering
- [483](#) : [Taylor & Justin] Signaling a=end-of-candidates
- [442](#): [Taylor & Justin] Impossible to know if ICE agent is "finished checking", for "failed" and "completed" states.
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# Issue 296: Debugging ICE problems needs more info (BA)

In WebRTC 1.0, we have:

1. interface **RTCIceCandidate** (with object properties)
2. State attributes for RTCIceTransport objects and state change events, as well as the selected pair:  
**RTCIceConnectionState** state; State of an individual ICE transport  
**RTCIceGatheringState** gatheringState; State of gathering of an individual ICE transport  
**RTCIceCandidatePair?** getSelectedCandidatePair (); Retrieval of the selected candidate pair  
  
attribute **EventHandler** onstatechange;  
attribute **EventHandler** ongatheringstatechange;
3. ICE agent state attributes and state change events:  
**RTCIceGatheringState** iceGatheringState; State of gathering within the ICE agent  
**RTCIceConnectionState** iceConnectionState; State of the ICE agent  
attribute **EventHandler** oniceconnectionstatechange;  
attribute **EventHandler** onicegatheringstatechange;
4. **icecandidateerror** event:  
attribute **EventHandler** onicecandidateerror;  
    dictionary **RTCPeerConnectionIceErrorEventInit** : *EventInit* {  
        DOMString hostCandidate;  
        DOMString url;  
        unsigned short errorCode; //Carries STUN error codes defined in: <http://www.iana.org/assignments/stun-parameters/stun-parameters>.  
        USVString statusText;  
    };  
xml

# Issue 296: What we have (cont'd)

In WebRTC statistics, we have:

```
dictionary RTCIceCandidateAttributes : RTCStats {  
    DOMString      ipAddress;  
    long           portNumber;  
    DOMString      transport;  
    RTCStatsIceCandidateType candidateType;  
    long           priority;  
    DOMString      addressSourceUrl;  
};
```

Whereas in WebRTC 1.0 we have:

```
interface RTCIceCandidate {  
    readonly attribute DOMString candidate;  
    readonly attribute DOMString? sdpMid;  
    readonly attribute unsigned short? sdpMLineIndex;  
    readonly attribute DOMString foundation;  
    readonly attribute unsigned long priority;  
    readonly attribute DOMString ip;  
    readonly attribute RTCIceProtocol protocol;  
    readonly attribute unsigned short port;  
    readonly attribute RTCIceCandidateType type;  
    readonly attribute RTCIceTcpCandidateType? tcpType;  
    readonly attribute DOMString? relatedAddress;  
    readonly attribute unsigned short? relatedPort;  
    serializer = {candidate, sdpMid, sdpMLineIndex};  
};
```

Note differences in attribute names and types.  
Should we clean this up?

# Issue 296: What we have (cont'd)

In WebRTC statistics, we have:

```
dictionary RTCIceCandidatePairStats : RTCStats {  
    DOMString      transportId;  
    DOMString      localCandidateId;  
    DOMString      remoteCandidateId;  
    RTCStatsIceCandidatePairState state;  
    unsigned long long priority;  
    boolean         nominated;  
    boolean         writable;  
    boolean         readable;  
    unsigned long long bytesSent;  
    unsigned long long bytesReceived;  
    double          roundTripTime;  
    double          availableOutgoingBitrate;  
    double          availableIncomingBitrate;  
};
```

Additional stats collected in Edge:

- roundtrip maximum
- Number of consent requests sent
- Number of consent requests received
- Number of consent responses sent
- Number of consent responses received

```
partial dictionary RTCIceCandidatePairStats : RTCStats {  
    double      roundTripTimeMax;  
    unsigned long long consentRequestsSent;  
    unsigned long long consentRequestsReceived;  
    unsigned long long consentResponsesSent;  
    unsigned long long consentResponsesReceived;  
};
```

RTCIceCandidatePairStats.state permits tracking of consent failures (e.g. “failed”)

Is it also useful to collect statistics on consent requests/responses?

What about errors during connectivity checks?



# Issue 296: Error stats

`icecandidateerror` `event.errorcode` includes the following errors:

Value	Name	Reference
-------	------	-----------

300	Try Alternate	[RFC5389]
-----	---------------	-----------

400	Bad Request	[RFC5389]
-----	-------------	-----------

401	Unauthorized	[RFC5389]
-----	--------------	-----------

403	Forbidden	[RFC5766]
-----	-----------	-----------

420	Unknown Attribute	[RFC5389]
-----	-------------------	-----------

437	Allocation Mismatch	[RFC5766]
-----	---------------------	-----------

438	Stale Nonce	[RFC5389]
-----	-------------	-----------

440	Address Family not Supported	[RFC6156]
-----	------------------------------	-----------

441	Wrong Credentials	[RFC5766]
-----	-------------------	-----------

442	Unsupported Transport Protocol	[RFC5766]
-----	--------------------------------	-----------

443	Peer Address Family Mismatch	[RFC6156]
-----	------------------------------	-----------

446	Connection Already Exists	[RFC6062]
-----	---------------------------	-----------

447	Connection Timeout or Failure	[RFC6062]
-----	-------------------------------	-----------

486	Allocation Quota Reached	[RFC5766]
-----	--------------------------	-----------

487	Role Conflict	[RFC5245]
-----	---------------	-----------

500	Server Error	[RFC5389]
-----	--------------	-----------

508	Insufficient Capacity	[RFC5766]
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1. These errors are only for gathering. Should we have connectivity check errors as well?
2. Is there value in having error counters in stats, or should we just let app developers handle it?

## **Issue 296: Checklist State**

1. Currently there is no info in either WebRTC 1.0 or statistics specs on the state of the check list.
2. In Trickle-ICE one cannot deduce the state of the check list from the state of each of the candidate pairs (since there could be candidates outstanding).
3. Should we introduce check list state?

# Issue 457: Non-normative ICE state transitions

## Introduction

In Section 4.4.4, WebRTC 1.0 defines **RTCIceConnectionState** for the state of the ICE agent and includes a non-normative state transition diagram for the ICE agent.

**RTCIceConnectionState** is reused for `RTCIceTransport.state` (even though it refers to the ICE agent), and there is no equivalent state transition diagram for the individual ICE transports.

## Issue 332: Adam B

### Timing of ICE gathering

- Issues
  - When does gathering start? Conflicting text in the spec
  - “When ICE events occur” seems ill-defined
  - Assumption of two candidates for pre-gathering
- Proposed solution
  - PR #510 (merged) collects text about the ICE Agent in a section that directly follows its definition
  - PR #510 says that when the ICE Agent is initialized, it should start gathering if candidate pool size is non-zero.
  - Minor fixes in PR #515 (not merged)

## Issue 442: Taylor

# Impossible to know if ICE agent is “finished” checking

### Background:

The “completed” and “failed” states only occur when the ICE agent is “finished checking”.

Parameter	Type	Nullable	Optional
candidate	( <b>RTCIceCandidateInit</b> or <b>RTCIceCandidate</b> )	<b>x</b>	<b>x</b>

However, *candidate* in `addIceCandidate()` is not nullable, so there is no way to “trickle” the fact that the remote peer is finished gathering candidates. A new remote candidate could therefore be added at any time, causing checking to resume.

# Issue 483: Is there inherent value to trickling end-of-candidates?

Trickle ICE says:

- “Sending the indication is necessary in order to avoid ambiguities and speed up ICE conclusion.”
- “Receiving an end-of-candidates notification allows an agent to update check list states and, in case valid pairs do not exist for every component in every media stream, determine that ICE processing has failed. It also allows agents to speed ICE conclusion in cases where a candidate pair has been validated but it involves the use of lower-preference transports such as TURN.”

JSEP says:

- If candidate gathering for the section has completed, an "a=end-of-candidates" attribute **MUST** be added, as described in [[I-D.ietf-mmusic-trickle-ice](#)], Section 9.3.

Are these reasons *alone* enough to lead us to trickling end-of-candidates?

## Question 2: Can we remove “completed”?

We requested feedback from application developers (10 responded), and no one used “completed” for anything but analytics.

# Question 3: Can we remove “failed”?

Out of the 10 application developers that provided feedback:

- Some use “failed” to show a message to the user. Others rely on “disconnected” or other criteria.
  - Messages are often different (e.g. “disconnected” is transient, while “failed” is not).
  - User may be able to do something to respond to “failed” indication (e.g. bring up new interface)
- Some don’t like the idea of “failed” (if it exists) being recoverable.
  - Currently, “Failed” is not recoverable in Trickle-ICE (or RFC 5245).
- Most are optimistic about “continuous gathering”, and agree that “failed” doesn’t make sense in that context.
- Everyone said they’d rather have continuous gathering without the “failed” state than to have no continual gathering.
- Everyone expressed willingness to change their application to handle new state definitions, if there’s a clear migration path.



## Option A: Trickle end-of-candidates (if an answer to any of the previous questions was “yes”)

State definitions would change as follows. Note that this almost matches the ORTC definitions.

### Old definitions (paraphrased):

- checking: ICE agent is checking candidate pairs, and has never been connected.
- connected: ICE agent is connected, and checking other pairs.
- completed: ICE agent is connected, and not checking other pairs.
- disconnected: ICE agent is not currently connected, but was previously connected.
- failed: ICE agent is not checking, and has never been connected.

### New definitions:

- checking: ICE agent is checking candidate pairs, and has never been connected.
- connected: ICE agent is connected, and either checking other pairs, or waiting for local/remote gathering to finish.
- completed: ICE agent is connected, not checking other pairs, and local/remote gathering is done.
- disconnected: ICE agent is not currently connected, and either was previously connected, or is not checking and is waiting for local/remote gathering to finish.
- failed: ICE agent is not checking, has never been connected, and local/remote gathering is done.

## Option A - Another way of looking at it

Old state matrix:

	Never connected	Connected	Liveness check failed
Checking	Checking	Connected	Disconnected
Not checking	Failed	Completed	Disconnected

New state matrix:

	Never connected	Connected	Liveness check failed
Checking	Checking	Connected	Disconnected
Not checking	Disconnected	Connected	Disconnected
Not checking + gathering done	Failed	Completed	Disconnected

## Option A - How would the API look?

One possibility:

```
pc.addIceCandidate(null);
```

This mirrors how `onicecandidate` signals a null candidate when gathering is done, and means we don't need to add another API point.

However, we can discuss other options and work out the specifics out on the mailing list.

## Option B: Remove the “completed” and “failed” states.

State definitions would change as follows.

### Old definitions (paraphrased):

- checking: ICE agent is checking candidate pairs, and has never been connected.
- connected: ICE agent is connected, and checking other pairs.
- completed: ICE agent is connected, and not checking other pairs.
- disconnected: ICE agent is not currently connected, but was previously connected.
- failed: ICE agent is not checking, and has never been connected.

### New definitions:

- checking: ICE agent is checking candidate pairs, and has never been connected.
- connected: ICE agent is connected (may or may not be checking other pairs).
- ~~completed~~
- disconnected: ICE agent is not currently connected, and was either previously connected or is not checking.
- ~~failed~~

## Option B - Another way of looking at it

Old state matrix:

	Never connected	Connected	Liveness check failed
Checking	Checking	Connected	Disconnected
Not Checking	Failed	Completed	Disconnected

New state matrix:

	Never connected	Connected	Liveness check failed
Checking	Checking	Connected	Disconnected
Not Checking	Disconnected	Connected	Disconnected

## Option B - Migration path

Original code	New code
state == failed	!was_connected && state == disconnected
state == completed    state == connected	state == connected
state == disconnected	was_connected && (state == disconnected    state == checking)
state == checking	!was_connected && state == checking

# Thank you

Special thanks to:

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WG Participants, Editors & Chairs