



RSA-PSS in XMLDSig

Position Paper
W3C Workshop
Mountain View



Konrad Lanz

- Digital Signature Services OASIS-DSS
 - IAIK (Inst. f. angew. Informationsverarbeitung und Kommunikation)
 - SIC
 - Stiftung Secure Information and Communication Technology
 - TUG (Technische Universität Graz)
- OASIS-DSS TC Voting Member
- W3C
 - Zentrum für Sichere Informationstechnologie (A-SIT)
 - W3C XML CORE Working Group
 - Canonicalization (c14n)
 - XMSSMWG

Introduction

- Currently
RSASSA-PKCS1-v1_5
 - Bleichenbacher
implementation vulnerability
- RSA-PSS
 - randomized method
 - tighter security proof

```
<Signature ID?>  
<SignedInfo>  
  <CanonicalizationMethod/>  
  <SignatureMethod/>  
  (<Reference URI? >  
    (<Transforms/>)?  
    <DigestMethod/>  
    <DigestValue/>  
  </Reference>)+  
</SignedInfo>  
<SignatureValue>  
(<KeyInfo>)?  
(<Object ID?>)*  
</Signature>
```

RSA-DSS Recognition/Adoption

- Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS, [RFC 3852])
 - RSA-PSS signature method ([RFC 4056]).
- DSS Draft [FIPS 186-3 Draft]
 - section 5.5 references [PKCS#1 v2.1] and considers RSA-PSS as approved.



What do we need?

- Namespace and identifiers for RSA-PSS
- XML schema for the algorithm parameters

Namespace Algorithm Identifiers

- Namespace
 - <http://www.w3.org/2007/09/xmlnsig-pss>
- Algorithm Identifiers
 - SignatureMethod
 - <http://www.w3.org/2007/09/xmlnsig-pss/#rsa-pss>
 - Mask Generation Function
 - <http://www.w3.org/2007/09/xmlnsig-pss/#mgf1>
 - Hash Functions
 - specified in XML encryption [XMLEnc] (SHA-256, SHA-512), [RFC4051] SHA-224 and SHA-384
 - specified in [XMLDSig] SHA-1

RSA-PSS Parameters

- the digest method (dm)
- the mask generation function (MGF)
 - the digest method if used in the MGF (mgf-dm)
- the salt length (sl)
- the usually constant trailer field (tf)

Default (fixed values?)

- NIST Drafts - moving away from SHA-1 to longer output lengths of the SHA family.
 - [FIPS 180-3 Draft], [NIST SP 800-107 Draft] and [NIST SP 800-57 Draft]
- dm SHA-256 (SHA-1 [PKCS#1v2.1])
- MGF MGF1
 - mgf-dm = dm (SHA-1)
- sl length(dm)/8=32 bytes (20 bytes)
- tf 1 (corresponds to 0xbc)

SHA-1 tarnished

- SHA-1 [NIST SP 800-57 Draft]
 - less than 80 bits of security, currently assesses the security strength against collisions at 69 bits
- successful collision attacks on SHA-1
 - reduced SHA-1
 - 2005 - 53 steps [WaYiYu]
 - 2006 - 64 steps [CaMeRe]
 - 2007 - 70 steps [MeReRei]
 - theoretical attacks on full version (80 steps)
 - 2005 - 2^{69} op. [WaYiYu] announced 2^{63} [WaYaYa]
 - 2007 - 2^{60} op. announced [MeReRei]

RFC 4055

RSA-PSS parameters

- subjectPublicKeyInfo field of an X.509 certificate
- parameters to be added to the signature
 - unless default values are used
- ...
 - $dm = dm'$ as in the key/certificate
 - $MGF = MGF'$ as in the key/certificate
 - $dm\text{-}mgf = dm\text{-}mgf'$ as in the key/certificate
 - $sl \geq sl'$ as the one in the key/certificate
 - $tf = tf'$ as specified by the key/certificate (effective val)

Examples

- Example 1 defaults
 - SHA-256, MFG1 with SHA-256, default salt length $256/8=32$ bytes, trailer = 1 ('0xbc')
- Example 2
 - **SHA-512**, MFG1 with SHA-512, salt length of $512/8=64$ bytes, trailer = 1.
- Example 3
 - **SHA-1**, MFG1 with SHA-1, salt length of $256/8=32$ bytes, trailer = 1.
- Example 4
 - SHA-1, MFG1 with SHA-1, **salt length of 32 bytes**, trailer = 1.

```

<Signature ID?>
<SignedInfo>
  <CanonicalizationMethod/>
  <SignatureMethod/>
  (<Reference URI? >
    (<Transforms/>)?
    <DigestMethod/>
    <DigestValue/>
  </Reference>)+
</SignedInfo>
<SignatureValue>
(<KeyInfo>)?
(<Object ID?>)*
</Signature>

```

Conclusion

- RSA-PSS as a signature method
- plain SHA-1 should not be default any more
- SHA-256 as default hash algorithm
- specification and approaches encoding the RSA-PSS parameters with the key or certificate has been discussed



Thanks

- Thanks for your Attention !
- References in position paper.

JAVA

- XML-DSig (JSR 105)
 - <http://www.jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=105>
- XML-Enc (JSR 106)
 - <http://www.jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=106>



Thanks !

SIC – Xsect Toolkit

- IAIK XML Signature Library (IXSIL) Successor
- Java XML Digital Signatures APIs (JSR105)
- Java XML Digital Encryption APIs (JSR106)
- <http://www.sic.st>
- http://jce.iaik.tugraz.at/sic/products/xml_security
- Thanks for your Attention.